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The Andean Flamingo in Brazil.—Bege and Pauli (1990a, b) recorded the Andean Flamingo (*Phoenicoparrus andinus*) for the first time in Brazil, based on an emaciated juvenile found in May 19, 1989 in Erval Velho (27°13'S, 51°23'W), midwest of Santa Catarina State that had been banded in Chile. The specimen is now housed in the Museu Nacional, Rio de Janeiro (MN 36.548). Antas (1990) also recorded a subadult bird foraging at the Lagoa do Peixe (31°20'S, 51°05'W), southeastern Rio Grande do Sul, along with the Chilean Flamingo (*Phoenicopterus chilensis*).

The Museu do Seminário Coração de Jesus, in Corupá, Santa Catarina, houses a juvenile specimen (MSCJ 220) obtained in 1952 at Jaraguá do Sul (26°28'S, 49°06'W), northeastern Santa Catarina, which was wrongly identified by Sick et al. (1981) as an American Flamingo (*Phoenicopterus ruber*). This specimen is a well preserved, mounted skin. To Rio Grande do Sul we have an additional record based upon a color photograph of three adult birds in Lagoa do Peixe, taken in the fall of 1992 (A. Hoffmann, pers. comm.). It was published

without proper identification by Porto (1992). At the time, many flocks of Flamingos were recorded and photographed by Hoffmann.

Silva and Caye (1992) reported the Andean Flamingo as accidental in Rio Grande do Sul and Bornschein (1992) also considered as such the occurrence of this species in Brazil. However, it is quite likely that the Andean Flamingo migrates to Rio Grande do Sul with more frequency than previously supposed, given the current number of records (fide Hoyo et al. 1992, La Peña 1992). It is worth thus to stress the care in identifying Flamingos in southern Brazil, where *Phoenicopterus chilensis* is a regular species, mainly in the winter (Belton 1994).

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