APPENDIX
CONTINUED

Species ^a	Habitat preference										
	FC ^b	FU	FF	R	0	SG	OCF	P	G	Е	OA
Cacicus cela	X	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	X	_
C. haemorrhous	X	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	X	_
Icterus nigrogularis	_	_		X	_	X	_	_	_	_	_
Scaphidura oryzivora	X	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	\mathbf{X}	_

^a Birds near Saül showed percent habitat and niche preferences based on number of species per habitat type/172 × 100 as follows: undergrowth−26.9; canopy−23.4; mid-canopy−forest floor−7.8; canopy−edge−7.2; forest floor−5.4; open parkland−edge−4.8; undergrowth−forest floor−3.0; undergrowth−riparian−2.4; undergrowth−second−2.4; secondary−edge−2.4; grassland−edge−1.8; undergrowth−edge−1.2; riparian−1.2; open −1.2; secondary−1.2; forest floor−riparian−1.2; open aerial−1.2; open clearing forest−0.6; parkland−0.6; secondary canopy−0.6; forest floor−secondary−edge−0.6; forest floor−canopy−0.6.

COLOR PLATE

Inclusion of the colorplate frontispiece of Chestnut-bellied Gnatcatchers (*Conophaga au-rita*) has been made possible through an endowment established by George Miksch Sutton (1896–1982). Painting by John P. O'Neill.

CHANGE IN EDITOR

Dr. Keith A. Bildstein will be serving as the Editor of The Wilson Bulletin beginning with Volume 97. As of 15 May 1984, all manuscripts submitted for publication in the journal should be sent to him at the **Department of Biology, Winthrop College, Rock Hill, SC 29733.** All manuscripts received prior to 15 May 1984 will continue to be processed by Dr. Jon C. Barlow.

^b Acronyms for habitats are as follows: FC = forest canopy, FU = forest undergrowth, FF = forest floor, R = riparian, O = open airstrip, SG = secondary growth, OCF = open clearing in forest, P = parkland, G = grassland, E = edge, OA = (aerial) open airstrip.