GENERAL NOTES

An Eared Grebe specimen from coastal Virginia.—On 8 November 1966 an immature Eared Grebe (*Podiceps nigricollis*) was seen at the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Craney Island Disposal Area, Norfolk Co., Virginia. The writer returned the next day, found an adult in the same place, and collected it. On 12 November the immature was seen for the last time, but could not be collected.

The specimen of 9 November is the first taken in Virginia, the closest specimen locations being New Jersey and South Carolina. This is one of nine specimens of this species from the eastern Great Lakes and the Atlantic coast (Buckley, in press, Audubon Field Notes). It was a female (ovary, 17 mm × 5 mm), almost certainly adult from the dark flanks, head and neck, and measured as follows: wing (chord) 126.6 mm; exposed culmen 26.9 mm; bill from nostril 16.9 mm; tarsus 47 mm; tail 33 mm. It was quite fat, weighing 242.9 gms. Soft part colors were: orbital ring and irides bright redorange; bill: silver grey; legs and feet slate-grey anteriorly, blackish posteriorly; gape flesh. The specimen is now No. 786259 in the American Museum of Natural History collections and was determined by J. L. Bull and E. Eisenmann to be P. n. californicus on the qualitative basis of no white at the base of the innermost primaries. All other eastern North American specimens have also been californicus, as one would expect (see for example, Dawn, Auk, 76:521, 1959; Snyder, D., Auk, 71:313, 1954; Snyder, L. and Hope, Auk, 67:506, 1950; Woolfenden, Wilson Bull., 69:181-182, 1957; etc.).

Prior to the fall of 1966 there were three sight reports of the Eared Grebe from Virginia, all within a few miles of Craney Island (see Audubon Field Notes, 16:316; 19:365; 20:406). After this specimen was taken, third and fourth individuals were reported from the Cape Henry area in December 1966, and from January to mid-April 1967 a fifth (in complete nuptial plumage when last seen) was present at Craney Island (Audubon Field Notes, 21:15 & 401, 1967). Another was seen at Craney Island from 6 November 1967 to the date of this writing (7 December 1967; P. A. Buckley et al.).

The status of the Eared Grebe in eastern North America has apparently been changing since the 1940s, and is discussed elsewhere (Buckley, op. cit.). At present, the species must be considered regular in limited numbers on the eastern Great Lakes and along the Atlantic coast; it probably occurs annually in Virginia.

I thank R. L. Anderson for assistance in collecting this specimen.—P. A. Buckley, Department of Biology, Hofstra University, Hempstead, Long Island, New York 11550, 14 December 1967 (originally received 11 August 1967).

An Ohio record of the Magnificent Frigatebird (Fregata magnificens).—On 30 September 1967, while observing birds in the vicinity of Clear Fork Reservoir, Morrow County, Ohio, Nye saw a frigatebird as it soared or sat in a dead tree. The next day Dr. and Mrs. Edward S. Thomas saw it, and on 1 October Trautman and his wife collected the bird. It has been deposited in the state research collection as OSM No. 13510.

The bird, an adult female, was greatly emaciated, weighing only 1253.2 g without the contents of its alimentary tract, which weighed an additional 356.6 g. These contents consisted of two white crappies (*Pomoxis annularis*) total lengths 256 mm and 175 mm; two yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*) 140 mm and 125 mm; and the posterior portion of a largemouth blackbass (*Micropterus salmoides*) 140 mm in length. These fishes appeared to have been dead before being swallowed by the bird, because there were traces of