Blue-gray Gnatcatcher Polioptila carulea carulea.

Two nests found. Common in the woods.

Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina.

One nest found June 7, near river, in abandoned garden.

Southern Robin Planesticus migratorius achrusterus.

Only one seen, near a country school house.

Bluebird Sialia sialis sialis.

Several seen on different occasions.

BIRD BANDING AS AN OPPORTUNITY TO STUDY CHARACTER AND DISPOSITION

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Birds and animals have as much character and disposition as people, and bird banding offers an excellent chance to study individuality in birds when they are actually in your hands where you may make a close-up examination and note their actions.

The Waukegan, Ill., Bird Banding Station has studied the action of the birds handled for the last five years and have enjoyed watching some very interesting characters in the different birds handled.

The White-throated Sparrows arrived at our station about October 4th, 1921, and kept coming until October 25th, when the last new bird was banded, and from then on only a few repeating birds were trapped. These seemed to like our restaurant and became regular boarders. Early in November we noticed that a certain five were always together in some of the traps at night. We handled them so often that it was noticeable that each had a different disposition. There was The Fighter, a female that always fought as long as it was held in the hand and when released it invariably would turn back and take one last peck at the fingers before flying. The next was The Squealer and it squealed continually throughout the entire time it was held in the hand. Then there was The Quiet One; she was just as gentle and quiet and as good a little bird as could be. Sometimes she would take a little hold of your finger but never pinch. We were sure by her actions that she would be the kindest little bird-mother that ever lived and we could not resist stroking her little head before releasing her. The Kicker never stopped wiggling and kicking as long as we held him. The last, The Common Person, was just ordinary bird; he tried a little of all the actions of the other four.

The Fighter, The Squealer, The Quiet One, The Kicker, and The Common Person will long be remembered as the birds of distinct character that were always together and we were relieved when it turned cold on November 20th and they moved on to the Southland.

A Golden-crowned Kinglet was trapped and seemed so surprised that it just lay perfectly quiet and looked us over while we put the band on its leg, and when released it just stood up, straightened out its feathers, and then calmly looked us over for a full minute before flying to the nearest limb.

A female Downy Woodpecker trapped last year squealed all the time it was held and when trapped again this year it squealed louder and longer than before. Other Downys would fight but were quiet.

In explaining the work to people not versed in Bird Banding the general question asked is, "Are the birds frightened by being handled?" In order to answer this question in an intelligent manner we have kept a careful record of the First Flights of birds after being trapped and banded, and the observation is made by allowing the bird to become quiet in the hand, then releasing as quietly as possible and carefully judging the distance it would fly before alighting. This study brought out the fact that when the same bird was caught the second time it would fly about twice as far as the first time, but if caught the third time the flight would equal about the same as the first flight; and if caught the fourth time the flight would be less than the first, and if the bird still continued to be trapped the flight became less and less until some of the birds that were placed on the ground just hopped away while others were always just as wild as at first.

For the study of those interested in this subject we are giving the following table of First Flights recorded during the last few years.

\mathbf{Name}	Distance		Action	while Handled
Downy Woodpe	ecker200	feet	Fi	ght and squeal
White-crowned	Sparrow100	feet		Quiet
White-throated	Sparrow 50	feet		Majority fight
	100			

Lincoln Sparrow
Fox Sparrow 125 feet Generally quiet
Harris' Sparrow
Tree Sparrow Very quiet
Field Sparrow Quiet
Swamp Sparrow
Savannah Sparrow Quiet
House Sparrowreleased Fighters
Junco
Towhee
Myrtle Warbler Quiet
Catbird Quiet
Brown Thrasher
House Wren 50 feet Squirm
Nuthatch, White-breasted100 feet Half squeal
Brown Creeper
Chickadee 40 feet ALL FIGHT
Blue Jay Generally quiet
Kinglet, Golden-crowned 20 feet Very quiet
Wood, and Hermit Thrushes200 feet
Water-Thrush Quiet
Grackle, Bronzed
Flickers
Mourning DoveFlew out of sight Quiet
Robin