

2. Trumpeter Swan 1877 and White-fronted Goose, shot in the fall of 1868.

3. White-winged Scoter, shot in fall of 1881.

4. Peregrine Falcon, shot in fall of 1882, by Colonel E. A. Scoville.

5. A Hybrid, between *Anas obscura* and *Anas boschas*, killed in the fall of 1878, by Judge E. B. Sadler.

6. A pure Albino Redhead, killed in fall of 1880.

7. A partial Albino Coot, and

8. A partial Albino Wilson's Snipe, both killed in the fall of 1881, by C. J. Clark.

The Coot has many white feathers on the head and neck, also smaller white feathers on various parts of the body. The Wilson's Snipe has the upper part of both wings almost entirely white.

9. A Snowy Owl, shot in fall of 1881.

All of the Ohio Ducks were represented in this collection, among them the rare Gadwall in several specimens.

AN IMPROVIDENT KINGBIRD.

LYNDS JONES.

One of the Oberlin public school teachers has given me a Kingbird's nest which a pupil of hers found and preserved. The nest is normally made of strings, rags, weeds, hair, twigs and rootlets. It was built in an apple tree in no usual manner, except that the birds failed to notice that they had built into one side of the nest a fertile apple bud. In the natural course of growth the apple had to have room, and soon began to disarrange the side of the nest. When completely grown the apple was fully two inches in diameter, and since the inside diameter of the nest is only a half-inch larger, there was little left of the nest cavity. No doubt the young had left the nest before the apple had attained much size, but probably not before it began to encroach upon the space intended for the young birds. I have heard of growing apples in bottles and other fanciful receptacles, but never heard of the use of a bird's nest before.