

Purple Martin, Flicker, American Goldfinch, Phoebe, Towhee, Bewick's Wren, Carolina Wren, Mockingbird, Brown Thrasher, Vesper Sparrow, Carolina Chickadee, Golden-crowned Kinglet, Ruby-crowned Kinglet, Blue Jay, Song Sparrow, Savannah Sparrow.

April 27th 1901.—Bachman's Sparrow, Prairie Warbler, Pine Warbler, Myrtle Warbler, Blue-grey Gnatcatcher, Cardinal, Black and White Warbler, Rose-breasted Grosbeak.

April 29th, 1901.—Bewick's Wren (a nest of this species was found ready to receive eggs,) Red-eyed Vireo, Wood Thrush, Hermit Thrush, White-throated Sparrow, Oven-bird, Yellow-throated Warbler, House Wren, Spotted Sandpiper, Bank Swallow, Mockingbird (a completed nest of this species was found.)

April 30th, 1901.—Warbling Vireo, Red-eyed Vireo, Blackburnian Warbler, Magnolia Warbler, Cape May Warbler, Maryland Yellow-throat, Orchard Oriole, Nashville Warbler.

May 1st, 1901.—Yellow-breasted Chat, Crested Flycatcher, Belted Kingfisher, Solitary Viree, Great Blue Heron, Rough-winged Swallow, Parula Warbler, Kingbird. Bachman's Sparrow (saw two of these birds at close range, making the second time I have met with the species this season)

May 8th, 1901.—Wilson's Thrush, Ruby-throated Hummingbird, Baltimore Oriole, Blue Grosbeak, Chestnut-sided Warbler, Black-throated Green Warbler, Blackpoll Warbler, White-eyed Vireo.

JOHN W. DANIEL, JR., *Lynchburg, Va.*

CARDINAL, *CARDINALIS CARDINALIS*.

Perhaps to many people the Cardinal while not a rare bird by any means is not met with frequently in a walk, because of its retiring nature. When singing from some conspicuous branch above the thicket it will send its clear ringing whistle that can be heard for quite a distance.

Near Bristol are five different localities where the Cardinal can be met with at any time, while at two of the five can be seen both male and female.

A large swamp which begins at Bristol and extends for

about five miles back in the county in a North East direction, is a favorite locality for them and they can be found at different places along the swamp. None of the places are further than four miles in a straight line while one pair breeds in a swampy thicket on the outskirts of the town, a most unfavorable locality as it is bordered by a large Woolen Mill and the Railroad. The other four places are further in the country and are very secluded.

With a pair of Field Glasses the Cardinal can be seen at a great distance in winter, and recognized at once by his brilliant plumage and crest. If he thinks he is unobserved he will sing his melodious whistle with some notes not unlike the Carolina Wren and Crested Tit, a strange coincidence of three birds being so similar in range, voice and habits.

Although no nests have been found of the Cardinal around here, I am certain that it does breed.

In spring and summer when the birds are abundant, the Cardinal while noted on a walk is apt to be slighted for the other birds which are around in such profusion. Whereas in winter when the other birds are few and far between, the Cardinal has to be seen to be appreciated, when his brilliant color against the white background makes a picture not easily forgotten.

THOMAS D. KEIM, *Bristol, Penna.*

THREE DAYS WITH THE WARBLER.

Ever since I became acquainted with the nesting habits of our local Warblers, an almost irresistible impulse annually leads me to familiar woods, swamps and old pastures, if only for a few hours stolen from more important duties, to ascertain if our representatives of this interesting family have once more returned to their old breeding grounds. If by chance the ground has been burned over or cleared by means of the knife or ax, I am much cast down and again correspondingly elated if a hitherto vacant fence corner or bit of wooded hillside be tenanted. Late in the morning of the 27th of May, in a reconnoitering mood, I took a walk to the nearest wooded hill-