AN USUAL NEST OF PROTHONOTARY WARBLER.—On June 15, 1896, a farmer's boy reported to me a strange bird that had built a nest in the front gate-post on their farm. A few days later I chanced to visit the nest, which proved to be that of the Prothonotary Warbler (Protonotaria citrea) containing five half fledged young. The nest was fifty yards from the river, and the bank of the river at that place is twenty-one feet above the level of the water, there being no water nearer than the river. The post in which the nest was built stood within a few feet of an often travelled public road. The excavation was formerly that of a woodpecker.

AN ALBINO ENGLISH SPARROW.—While passing along the Mo. P. R. R. on Dec. 16, 1895, I was surprised to see an albino English Sparrow light within a few feet of me where I could examine it carefully. It was a female in the adult plumage. The secondaries, primaries and bastard wing were of a dull white color; the rest of the wing was normal The outer tail feathers were a dirty white, and the two middle tail feathers a dusky brown and ash color tipped one third the way with white. On January 10th, 1897, I noticed the same bird in almost the same spot that I saw it on December 19, 1896.

On Feb. 5th, '97, I noticed two female Bluebirds in town. Since that date they have been increasing in numbers until at the present date they are quite abundant in town and also the country.

W. S. Colvin, Osawatomie, Kans.

Notes from Oregon. Dwarf Hermit Thrush, Turdus aonalasch-kae, was first seen April 2, 1896, and not more than five or six were seen during the spring. It does not stop here to breed and seems very shy. On January 8, 1897, I secured a specimen, in a dark fir woods, which was in good plumage. I think that it is not uncommon for them to winter here.

Russet-backed Thrush was first seen May 11. This is the most common thrush in western Oregon. From the Cascades to the coast nearly every swamp and thicket is the summer home of a pair. I think the nest and eggs are too well known for me to try to describe them. I do not think Audubon could describe the song. The bird always seems to try to do his best, sometimes getting in a note like the Wood Thrush. But with all its sweetness I am not sure that the song does not give him pain. It only makes one wish that he could hear T. mustelinus. I have seen the bird here as late as the first of October.