

observed here repeatedly in the past. It was also noticed that the early small flocks tend to roost in the Veterinary College small chimney while the later large flocks use the large chimney on Roberts Hall. Still later in the season as the size of the flocks decreases, the birds again roost in the smaller chimneys of the Veterinary College and of Bailey Hall.

SUMMARY

A total of 4079 chimney swifts were banded on the campus of Cornell University at Ithaca, New York, in the spring of 1948. Of this number 41 were retaken one week from the day of banding and five were reported captured and released in the Ithaca area within three weeks of their banding. Then on August 17, 1948, one was found dead on a Game Club Preserve seven miles from Deux Rivers, Quebec, Canada. Sixteen of the birds that were trapped had been banded elsewhere previously. The list below gives the localities and the dates of their original capture:

Memphis, Tennessee	(1)	October	1947	by Ben B. Coffey, Jr.
Nashville, Tennessee	(1)	September	1939	by Mrs. F. C. Laskey
Knoxville, Tennessee	(1)	September	1941	by Mrs. F. C. Laskey
“ “	(1)	September	1944	by Dr. Henry Meyer
Macon, Georgia	(1)	September	1941	by R. J. Fleetwood
“ “	(4)	September	1946	by R. J. Fleetwood
Kingston, Ontario	(1)	May	1945	by R. J. Bowman
“ “	(6)	May	1947	by R. J. Bowman

Of these 16 swifts, all of the ones originally banded in the South were captured there in the fall of the year while all of the birds banded in Canada were taken originally in the spring.

Laboratory of Ornithology, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York.

RETURNS FROM BANDED BIRDS

BY MAY THACHER COOKE

In checking over returns before filing, many interesting recovery records have been brought to light, in fact they have grown to be so bewilderingly abundant that it becomes necessary to be more and more critical in selecting those that seem worthy of publication.

As in previous lists, an asterisk preceding the band number indicates that the bird was known to be a bird-of-the-year when banded.

BLACK-FOOTED ALBATROSS (*Diomedea nigripes*)

*38-724831, banded at Midway Island, Pacific Ocean, June 25, 1944, by R. C. Harlow, was caught and released on Cortez Bank near San Pedro, California, on July 5, 1945.

LAYSAN ALBATROSS (*Diomedea immutabilis*)

36-814971, banded at Midway Island, Pacific Ocean, July 1937, by Fred C. Hadden, was reported at the same place December 1944 as mated, egg laid but egg was spoiled, January 30, 1945; bird not seen after March.

LEACH'S PETREL (*Oceanodroma leucorhoa*)

34-144001, banded at Greater Duck Island, Maine, July 24, 1934, by H. P. Baily, was caught in nest burrow and released August 6, 1942, by Joseph M. Cadbury.

WHITE PELICAN (*Pelecanus erythrorhynchos*)

- *34-701926, banded at Jamestown, North Dakota, July 26, 1934, by G. L. Berner, was found crippled at Beaver Lake, Logan County, North Dakota, about May 5, 1945.

GREAT BLUE HERON (*Ardea herodias*)

- *36-715848, banded at Depue, Illinois, June 27, 1937, by Karl E. Bartel, was found, apparently not dead ("arrived a few days ago"), about March 27, 1945, at Coatepeque, Department of Quezaltenango, Guatemala.
*38-717999, banded at Wainwright, Alberta, July 6, 1938, by G. B. Saunders, was taken in beaver trap at Greenshields, 160 miles southeast of Edmonton, Alberta, on May 23, 1943.

AMERICAN EGRET (*Casmerodias egretta*)

- *37-719488, banded at Glen Allan, Mississippi, May 25, 1941, by Ben B. Coffey, Jr., was accidentally killed at Guines, Habana, Cuba, December 18, 1941.

LITTLE BLUE HERON (*Florida caerulea*)

- 35-525820, banded at Sullivan Island, South Carolina, May 29, 1937, by R. E. Ware, was shot at Jean-Robel, Haiti, about February 4, 1943.
*37-631355, banded at Glen Allan, Mississippi, June 6, 1937, by B. B. Coffey, Jr., was found dead 2 miles south of Dudley, Missouri, about March 10, 1944.
*38-530953, banded at Lemons Marsh, Robeson County, North Carolina, June 1, 1943, by James L. Stephens, Jr., was shot on Guadaloupe Island, French West Indies, about January 1, 1944.

BLACK-CROWNED NIGHT HERON (*Nycticorax nycticorax hoactli*)

- *36-617079, banded at Upper Souris National Wildlife Refuge, Foxholm, North Dakota, July 6, 1939, by F. S. Dart, was killed 5 miles west and 4 miles south of Coulee, North Dakota, June 7, 1945.
*36-714962, banded in Albany County, Wyoming, July 26, 1942, by R. B. Williams, was found in Fannin County, Texas, in February 1943.
*41-667144, banded at Plainfield, Illinois, June 5, 1943, by K. E. Bartel, was shot at Belize, British Honduras, in October 1943.

AMERICAN BITTERN (*Botaurus lentiginosus*)

- 39-677907, banded at Medicine Lake National Wildlife Refuge, Medicine Lake, Montana, August 28, 1939, by T. C. Horn, was killed at Carrollton, Georgia, October 25, 1941.
41-656590, banded at Woodbridge Island, Newburyport, Massachusetts, September 22, 1942, by J. E. Perkins, was killed at Goodwater, Alabama, April 4, 1944.

AMERICAN COOT (*Fulica americana*)

- *140-607926, banded at Libau, Manitoba, July 19, 1944, by A. F. Anderson, was shot at Nassau, Bahamas, December 16, 1944.
*41-661353, banded at Yorkton, Saskatchewan, September 14, 1943, by S. Houston, was shot at Pedro (Treasure Beach P. O.), Jamaica, about the third week in December 1943.
42-613537, banded at Orland Park, Illinois, October 2, 1943, by J. Jedlicka, was shot at Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies, November 28, 1943.
*42-633744 banded at Rousay Lakes, Yorkton, Saskatchewan, August 27, 1944, by S. Houston, was shot at Amarillas, Matanzas, Cuba, November 8, 1944.
42-641039, banded at Orland Park, Illinois, October 22, 1944, by J. Jedlicka, was shot at Laguna Uamada Cajiga, Habana, Cuba, about January 11, 1945.
42-641087, banded at Orland Park, Illinois, October 27, 1944, by J. Jedlicka, was shot at Cascales Lake, Pinar del Rio Province, Cuba, January 17, 1945.

PIPING PLOVER (*Charadrius melodus*)

- 36-206531, banded at Moriches Bay, Long Island, New York, May 21, 1937, by LeRoy Wilcox, was trapped on its nest at the same locality June 3, 1941.

- 36-206537, banded at Moriches Bay, Long Island, New York May 25, 1937, by LeRoy Wilcox, was trapped on its nest at the same locality May 24, 1941.
*39-262835, banded at Oak Beach, Long Island, New York, July 15, 1939, by T. A. Imhof, was found injured at Hunting Island Beach, Beaufort County, South Carolina, March 22, 1942.

GLAUCOUS-WINGED GULL (*Larus glaucescens*)

- *466484, banded at Miltenatch Island, Gulf of Georgia, British Columbia, August 1, 1929, by Theed Pearse, was found dead at Quathiaski Cove, Quadra Island, British Columbia, November 15, 1944.

HERRING GULL (*Larus argentatus*)

- *34-628082, banded at Sheep Island, Grand Manan, New Brunswick, July 30, 1934, by F. B. Whitman, Jr., was found hurt or sick at Hingham, Massachusetts, December 3, 1943.
*34-623182, banded at Little Duck Island, Maine, July 26, 1934, by H. P. Baily, was found dead at Winter Harbor, Maine, October 8, 1945.
*36-658662, banded at Spider Island, Door County, Wisconsin, June 20, 1936, by William I. Lyon, was found dead at mouth of Sable River, Michigan, July 14, 1945.
*37-660627, banded at Muscongus Bay, Maine, July 17, 1937, by A. D. Cruikshank, was found dead at Cape Porpoise Harbor, Maine, July 26, 1945.
*39-723523, banded at Chantry Island, Southampton, Ontario, June 17, 1940, by H. H. Krug, was found poisoned by strychnine at Ayton, Ontario, July 2, 1945. It was given phenobarbital by a physician; force fed until July 5, 1945, and released. Reported by J. J. Hergott, M.D.

CALIFORNIA GULL (*Larus californicus*)

- *39-646558, banded at Klamath Falls, Oregon, July 1, 1940, by Carl Richardson, was shot at San Pedro, Sonora, Mexico, February 22, 1941.
*41-650236, banded on Egg Island, Great Salt Lake, Utah, June 14, 1941, by A. M. Woodbury, was found dead on beach, at Mission Bay, San Diego, California, April 8, 1945.
*41-650437, banded on Egg Island, Great Salt Lake, Utah, June 14, 1941, by A. M. Woodbury, was found dead at Yuculta Rapids, between Sonora Island and Stuart Island in mouth of Bute Inlet, British Columbia, August 20, 1945.

LAUGHING GULL (*Larus atricilla*)

- 42-528516, banded at Cobb Island, Virginia, July 14, 1944, by J. H. Buckalew, was killed by Eastern Airlines plane between Miami, Florida, and New York City, September 1, 1944. Leg with band was found in engine when it was being overhauled.
*41-507725, banded at Cobb Island, Virginia, July 22, 1943, by J. H. Buckalew, was shot at Magnolia Beach, Texas, June 28, 1945.

COMMON TERN (*Sterna hirundo*)

- *A-347434, banded at Weepecket Island, Massachusetts, July 1, 1930, by E. M. and S. Crowell, was trapped at Ram Island, Mattapoisett, Massachusetts, July 5, 1944, by O. L. Austin. Band changed to 36-338257.
*C-305988, banded at Weepecket Island, Massachusetts, July 2, 1934, by E. M. and S. Crowell, was trapped at Tern Island, Chatham, Massachusetts, July 8, 1943, by O. L. Austin. Band changed to 42-316116.

ARCTIC TERN (*Sterna paradisaea*)

- *36-339172, banded at Churchill, Manitoba, July 10, 1937, by Albert L. Wilk, was found dead at the same locality, July 1944, by Prof. A. A. Allen.

CASPIAN TERN (*Hydroprogne caspia*)

- *325242, banded at Gravelly Island, Michigan, July 21, 1925, by W. I. Lyon, was found dead at Duck Creek, 4 miles west of Green Bay, Wisconsin, April 21, 1945, by Earl G. Wright.

*34-415387, banded at Shoe Island, Beaver Islands, Michigan, July 2, 1935, by F. E. Ludwig, was found dead after hurricane, probably at Montauk Point, New York, September 14, 1944. Several terns were found but only one was banded.

37-517221, banded at Gravelly Island, Delta County, Michigan, June 18, 1939, by H. E. McArthur, was found dead at Grand Isle, Louisiana, October 7, 1945.

BLACK SKIMMER (*Rynchops nigra*)

*36-408304, banded at Longport, New Jersey, July 23, 1944, by Dr. Wm. Pepper, was found dead, evidently hit by car, at St. Augustine, Florida, December 10, 1944.

BLACK VULTURE (*Coragyps atratus*)

A-730783, banded at Avery Island, Louisiana, May 23, 1934, by E. A. McIlhenny, was "found on a buzzary" at Point Chevreuil, St. Mary Parish, Louisiana, July 1, 1945.

39-801210, banded at Avery Island, Louisiana, November 1, 1938, by E. A. McIlhenny, was killed at Cottonport, Louisiana, August 20, 1945.

SHARP-SHINNED HAWK (*Accipiter striatus*)

*41-400617, banded on shore of Lake Michigan, near Milwaukee, Wisconsin, October 1, 1941, by O. J. Gromme, was shot at Fort Myers, Florida, January 1942.

COOPER'S HAWK (*Accipiter cooperii*)

*41-671411, banded at Marshfield Hills, Massachusetts, July 1, 1944, by J. A. Hagar, was shot at Appomattox, Virginia, December 20, 1944.

RED-TAILED HAWK (*Buteo jamaicensis*)

419201, banded at Kansas, Illinois, January 9, 1937, by W. B. Taber, Jr., was shot in Plato Township, Kane County, Illinois, February 2, 1945.

38-703411, banded at Whitefish Point, Michigan, April 28, 1939, by William S. Feeney, was shot at Winchester, Indiana, December 16, 1944.

*40-736607, banded at Ashland, Missouri, June 1, 1943, by R. Hecht, was shot 5 miles west of Bellville, Texas, December 19, 1943.

RED-SHOULDERED HAWK (*Buteo lineatus*)

*559800, banded at Amherst, Massachusetts, May 28, 1933, by H. E. Woods, was shot at the same locality, May 23, 1941.

BROAD-WINGED HAWK (*Buteo platypterus*)

*40-512017, banded at Nisswa, Minnesota, July 1, 1940, by M. L. Wass, was killed 8 miles southeast of Buffalo, Texas, about April 15, 1944.

AMERICAN ROUGH-LEGGED HAWK (*Buteo lagopus*)

36-704765, banded at Stockton, Kansas, January 15, 1936, by R. H. Imler, was shot near Great Bend, Kansas, March 1, 1942.

39-677808, banded at Medicine Lake National Wildlife Refuge, Medicine Lake, Montana, September 18, 1939, by T. C. Horn, was shot 14 miles northwest of Alice, Texas, June 24, 1945.

FERRUGINOUS ROUGH-LEG (*Buteo regalis*)

*36-713544, banded at Upper Souris National Wildlife Refuge, Foxholm, North Dakota, July 19, 1938, by J. C. Kreuser, was found dead at Chaseley, North Dakota, October 2, 1945.

GOLDEN EAGLE (*Aquila chrysaetos*)

*40-807363, banded at Casper, Wyoming, June 3, 1943, by C. R. Berrey, was caught in coyote trap north of Fort Collins, Colorado, about January 24, 1944.

BALD EAGLE (*Haliaeetus leucocephalus*)

41-812256, banded at Largo, Florida, February 1, 1944, by C. L. Broley, was shot at New Castle, Indiana, April 27, 1944, because it was "after chickens."

- *42-800627, banded at Punta Gorda, Florida, February 13, 1945, by C. L. Broley, was wounded (but may recover) at Meridian, Mississippi, July 21, 1945.
- *42-800635, banded at Boca Grande, Florida, February 15, 1945, by C. L. Broley, was shot at Homer, Illinois, May 16, 1945.
- *42-800657, banded at Crystal Beach, Florida, February 24, 1945, by C. L. Broley, was "taken" near Grass Lake, Michigan, about May 22, 1945.
- *42-800717, banded at Tampa, Florida, February 21, 1944, by C. L. Broley, was shot at East Jeddore, Nova Scotia, June 24, 1944.
- *42-800724, banded at Ruskin, Florida, February 25, 1944, by C. L. Broley, was found dead at Halifax, Nova Scotia, June 10, 1944.
- *42-800774, banded at St. Petersburg, Florida, January 24, 1945, by C. L. Broley, was found with neck broken, having flown into telephone wires, at Crystal Rock, Ohio, July 13, 1945.
- *42-800783, banded at Lutz, Florida, February 4, 1945, by C. L. Broley, was shot at Decatur, Arkansas, May 22, 1945.

MARSH HAWK (*Circus cyaneus hudsonius*)

- A-639503, banded at Imperial Beach, Saskatchewan, July 3, 1938, by F. G. Bard, was caught in steel trap at Scotland, Texas, about December 6, 1944.
- 39-526956, banded at Powell, Wyoming, June 17, 1940, by W. E. Murphy, was shot at Lancaster, California, October 29, 1940.

OSPREY (*Pandion haliaetus carolinensis*)

- *A-721018, banded at Cape May Court House, New Jersey, July 11, 1933, by C. B. Worth, was captured at Kinston, North Carolina, January 14, 1941.
- *A-721048, banded at Cape May Court House, New Jersey, July 27, 1933, by C. B. Worth, was captured at North Harlowe, North Carolina, summer of 1942.
- *34-708197, banded at Cartwright Island, Long Island, New York, July 4, 1941, by LeRoy Wilcox, was shot at Central Romana, Dominican Republic, January 1, 1944.
- *38-807953, banded at Cartwright Island, Long Island, New York, July 13, 1939, by LeRoy Wilcox, was captured 7 miles east of Ridgway, Illinois, August 29, 1939.

PRAIRIE FALCON (*Falco mexicanus*)

- 39-629911, banded at Casper, Wyoming, June 3, 1943, by C. R. Berrey, was shot at Three Sands, Noble County, Oklahoma, October 1943.
- 39-701709, banded at Salt Lake City, Utah, July 12, 1939, by Ralph B. Williams, was recovered at Okobojo, South Dakota, about September 14, 1940.
- *41-641138, banded at Rockport (Chalk Bluffs), Weld County, Colorado, June 23, 1943, by R. B. Williams, was recovered at Morristown, South Dakota, about September 7, 1943.

DUCK HAWK (*Falco peregrinus anatum*)

- 34-632357, banded at Assateague Island, Maryland, October 8, 1939, by R. L. Meredith, was shot on the Rio Pacahuaras, Departamento del Pando, extreme northern Bolivia, November 5, 1944. This is apparently the first record for the species in Bolivia.
- *41-622481, banded at the Sun Life Building, Montreal, Quebec, June 16, 1943, by C. E. Hall, was shot 3 miles from Swainsboro, Georgia, October 7, 1943.

CALIFORNIA QUAIL (*Lophortyx californica*)

- A-444872, banded at Berkeley, California, November 11, 1940, by E. L. Sumner, was found dead at Berkeley, California, March 3, 1945.

MOURNING DOVE (*Zenaidura carolinensis*)

- *36-405432, banded at Bloomingdale, Indiana, August 31, 1939, by Mrs. L. G. Hobson, was shot at Long Bridge, Avoyelles Parish, Louisiana, October 20, 1939.
- *38-353796, banded at Harris Township, Ottawa County, Ohio, July 9, 1944, by L. W. Campbell, was shot at Convent, Louisiana, October 22, 1944.

- *38-353836, banded at Clay Township, Ottawa County, Ohio, August 11, 1944, by L. W. Campbell, was shot at Leesburg, Florida, January 10, 1945.
 39-423283, banded at Alvin, California, July 1, 1940, by J. A. Neff, was "captured" at Valladolid, Departamento de Lempira, Honduras, in April 1942.
 *41-307314, banded at Tower City, North Dakota, July 16, 1941, by E. S. Preston, was shot at Uvalde, Texas, October 21, 1942.
 41-338056, banded at East Hampton, New York, July 10, 1941, by S. R. Lester, was (probably) shot in Ben Hill County, Georgia, January 5, 1942.

WHITE-WINGED DOVE (*Melopelia asiatica*)

- *40-419114, banded at 3½ miles southeast of Mission, Hidalgo County, Texas, July 31, 1940, by G. B. Saunders, was shot 6 miles east of Sebastien, Texas, September 16, 1945.

SNOWY OWL (*Nyctea scandiaca*)

- A-718520, banded at Fairdale, North Dakota, December 18, 1938, by Frank J. Vejtasa, was caught in trap and shot at Brochet, North Dakota, March 2, 1942.

BARRED OWL (*Strix varia*)

- *39-721090, banded at Strongsville Township, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, May 1, 1942, by Vincent Schultz, was "found" near Bethesda, Maryland, October 20, 1942.
 *41-721338, banded at Charlestown, Rhode Island, May 16, 1942, by D. L. Kraus, was shot at North Stonington, Connecticut, about March 26, 1945.

CHIMNEY SWIFT (*Chaetura pelagica*)

- 34-118192, banded at Gaspereau, Nova Scotia, August 1, 1934, by Cyril K. Coldwell, was trapped and released at Memphis, Tennessee, September 26, 1942, by Ben B. Coffey, Jr.
 36-4137, banded at Memphis, Tennessee, October 5, 1935, by B. B. Coffey, Jr., was trapped and released at Delaware, Ohio, May 11, 1945, by H. H. Hipple.
 36-73839, banded at Kingston, Ontario, May 16, 1937, by Miss Ida Merriman, was found dead at Gananogue, Ontario, June 30, 1945.
 37-28939, banded at Atlanta, Georgia, October 11, 1936, by H. S. Peters, was trapped and released at Atlanta, Georgia, October 6, 1945, by R. J. Fleetwood.
 37-29466, banded at Atlanta, Georgia, October 11, 1936, by H. S. Peters, was trapped and released at Atlanta, Georgia, October 6, 1945, by R. J. Fleetwood.
 38-145468, banded at Blind River, Ontario, July 23, 1938, by Irvin Sturgis, was trapped and released at the same locality, July 23, 1945, by the bander.
 39-78900, banded at Clarksville, Tennessee, September 24, 1938, by Mrs. J. Y. Hutchison, was killed by a cat at Barre, Vermont, May 12, 1945.
 139-40503, banded at Lexington, Missouri, May 16, 1939, by Irvin Sturgis, was caught in building and released at Buckner, Missouri, about July 1, 1945; again entered building; killed by cat, July 18, 1945.
 139-67266, banded at Clarksville, Tennessee, September 3, 1939, by Mrs. J. Y. Hutchison, was found nesting at Wampum, Pennsylvania, May 23, 1945.
 40-34802, banded at Nashville, Tennessee, September 23, 1939, by Mrs. F. C. Laskey, was trapped and released at Blind River, Ontario, July 23, 1945, by Irvin Sturgis.
 40-35582, banded at Nashville, Tennessee, October 1, 1939, by Mrs. F. C. Laskey, was trapped and released at Blind River, Ontario, July 23, 1945, by Irvin Sturgis.
 40-36624, banded at Charlottesville, Virginia, September 23, 1939, by J. M. Vardaman, was reported as "died" at Spruce Hill, Pennsylvania, about May 31, 1945.

DOWNY WOODPECKER (*Dryobates pubescens*)

- 36-151998, banded at Wayland, Michigan, April 17, 1939, by Mrs. Mack Short, was trapped and released at the same locality about January 26, 1945, by the bander.
 37-122085, banded at Palos Park, Illinois, January 10, 1937, by A. H. Reuss, Jr., was trapped and released at same station on December 5, 1937, December 17,

- 1939, December 9, 1943, January 7, 1945, and February 10, 1946. On January 7, 1945, it was rebanded with 43-143516, by F. C. Labahn, Jr.
38-185309, banded at Sandwich, Massachusetts, March 23, 1939, by Mrs. George E. Burbank, was retrapped at the same locality, November 7, 1944, by the bander.
39-183040, banded at Palos Park, Illinois, October 29, 1939, by A. H. Reuss, Jr., was trapped and released at same locality, on October 23, 1941, October 31, 1943, December 3, 1944, and December 9, 1945, by F. C. Labahn, Jr.

PHOEBE (*Sayornis phoebe*)

- 42-78678, banded at Penn Yan, New York, June 27, 1943, by M. J. Lerch, was killed at Wrightsville, Georgia, October 13, 1945.

BANK SWALLOW (*Riparia riparia*)

- *139-27559, banded at Palos Park, Illinois, July 16, 1939, by George Kent, was found (probably dead) at La Tempestad, Iquitos, Peru, January 6, 1940.

BARN SWALLOW (*Hirundo rustica*)

- *36-49115, banded at Groton, Massachusetts, June 15, 1936, by William P. Wharton, was trapped and released at same locality, June 19, 1943, by bander.

CLIFF SWALLOW (*Petrochelidon pyrrhonota*)

- 41-97901, banded at Livingston Manor, New York, July 11, 1941, by Richard B. Fischer, was trapped in the same barn, July 3, 1945, by bander.
*41-98027, banded at Livingston Manor, New York, August 8, 1941, by Richard B. Fischer, was retrapped in same barn, July 15, 1943, and July 3, 1945.

BLUE JAY (*Cyanocitta cristata*)

- 34-367685, banded at Blue Island, Illinois, August 2, 1936, by A. H. Reuss, Jr., was found dead; had evidently flown into side of house; at Morgan Park, Chicago, Illinois, May 24, 1945.
35-312136, banded at Waukesha, Wisconsin, March 11, 1937, by Vernon Rossman, was caught in trap set for rats and released unharmed at the same place, July 24, 1945.
35-333028, banded at Bridgeton, New Jersey, July 26, 1937, by B. K. Matlack, was found sick at same locality, July 28, 1945.
35-338636, banded at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 24, 1936, by Dr. William Pepper, was retrapped on February 21, 1937, May 25, 1938, and May 11, 1945, at the same locality by the bander, and band changed to 42-347832.
*38-302109, banded at Lakewood, Ohio, October 14, 1937, by Paul H. Oppmann, was retrapped on May 15, 1938, October 20, 1938, October 10, 1939, June 6, 1942, May 25, 1943, and October 7, 1944.
38-339091, banded at Lansing, Michigan, October 29, 1938, by C. C. Ludwig, was retrapped at the same station on April 14, 1939, October 11, 1939, October 18, 1940, April 29, 1943, October 4, 1943, and May 24, 1945.

STELLER'S JAY (*Cyanocitta stelleri*)

- 34-359299, banded at Yosemite Valley, California, June 29, 1938, by M. E. Beatty, was found dead near the place of banding in June 1944.

FISH CROW (*Corvus ossifragus*)

- 38-634512, banded at Avery Island, Louisiana, April 30, 1938, by E. A. McIlhenny, was killed at 15 miles north of Little Rock, Arkansas, about August 23, 1945.

CHICKADEE (*Parus atricapillus*)

- 37-20848, banded at Treesbank, Manitoba, March 29, 1937, by Stuart Criddle, was found dead on road, probably killed by car, at same locality, in November 1944.

CAROLINA CHICKADEE (*Parus carolinensis*)

- 140-5083, banded at Greeneville, Tennessee, March 26, 1940, by Mrs. Willie Reed Nevius, was retrapped on January 20, 1946.

1400 Fairmont Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

Correction.—In the account of birds banded in the Pacific (1945 *Bird-Banding*, 16: 105) the Frigate Bird was erroneously listed as *Fregata magnificens*. It should have been *Fregata minor palmerstoni*. I am indebted to Dr. Robert C. Murphy for calling my attention to this error.—May Thacher Cooke.

GENERAL NOTES

A Mallard Thirteen Years Old.—Information has been received from the Fish and Wildlife Service that a Mallard, *Anas platyrhynchos platyrhynchos* Linnaeus, banded by me on December 4, 1935, in Fulton County, Illinois, was shot November 29, 1948, at Grand Lake, Louisiana, by Robert Myres.—Christian J. Goetz, 3503 Middleton Avenue, Cincinnati 20, Ohio.

A Common Tern Twenty Years Old.—A Common Tern which has carried in succession bands A327223, 37-331637 and 48-318113 was banded while a chick at Tern Island, Cape Cod, Massachusetts 4 July 1929. It has been retaken as follows: Billingsgate Island 18 June 1938, Tern Island 18 June 1941, 18 June 1944 and 22 June 1949.—O. L. Austin, Austin Ornithological Research Station, North Eastham, Cape Cod, Massachusetts.

Restesting by the Common Tern.—When Common Terns lose their eggs or chicks they usually renest the same season. How quickly they may renest is shown by Common Tern 42-317919 whose eggs were broken accidentally when it was trapped incubating at Tern Island 26 June 1944, and which was retrapped incubating on a new nest at Bird Island 31 miles distant only three days later, on 29 June 1944. Although our files contain numerous cases of such second nestings, the first evidence of a third renesting was procured this past season. Common Tern 48-316644 was trapped 13 June 1949 on a nest at Plymouth. On 16 June 1949 it was retrapped on a nest at Tern Island, 30 miles away. Finally on 28 June 1949 it was again retrapped on another nest at Plymouth.—O. L. Austin, Austin Ornithological Research Station, North Eastham, Cape Cod, Mass.

King Rail Carries its Young.—In June 1941 an adult King Rail *Rallus elegans* attending a family of small young was discovered near a drainage ditch in a low-land meadow of Washington township, Monroe County, Indiana. One of the young was captured and kept in captivity for study during the afternoon and evening. The next morning this young bird was returned to the vicinity where it had been captured. I intended to release it among the other young of the brood when they were located. They had not moved far since the previous afternoon and as I approached the adult responded to the cries of the captive. When it left the other young and came to meet me showing evidence of distress I decided to release the captive at a point about twenty-five yards from the rest of the brood. The adult seemed very excited and ran back and forth between the brood and the released captive. In its excitement the adult sometimes picked at the vegetation while calling. Finally, as if in desperation, it picked up the former captive and carried it about fifteen feet. Although this act seemed to have some value in bringing the brood together again the young one was dropped as unceremoniously as it was picked up and at a point no more than half way to the other young. I observed no further attempt to carry the young. While this was a very interesting behaviorism, I believe in this case, it was caused by excitement and cannot be said to be a purposeful act.

Pettingill (Auk, 1938; 411), observed adults of the Clapper Rail repeatedly moving both eggs and young birds under circumstances and in a manner which led him to believe that the acts were intelligent. He states (p. 415), "These rails learned by experience. . . and their behavior was, to my mind, intelligent."—R. A. Johnson, 98 East Street, Oneonta, New York.

1946—Snowy Owl Migration in Canadian Labrador.—In view of the interest in the 1945-'46 fall and winter migration of the Snowy Owl, *Nyctea scandiaca* (Linnaeus), into New England and the eastern states it seems wise to