

36856	Mallard	Shot fall of 1919, at Washington, Iowa.
36858	Mallard	Killed fall of 1920, at Ferguson Flats, Alberta.
22298	Green-winged Teal	Shot Dec. 7, 1919, at Manville, Wyo.
35786	Pintail	Killed Sept., 1918, Hudson Bay Co. Post, Eastmain River, James Bay, Canada.
35787	Pintail	Killed Oct., 1918, Albany, Ontario.
35793	Pintail	Killed Sept. 24, 1920, at Camrose, Alberta.
36845	Mallard	Killed Nov. 19, 1921, at Lockport, La.
36853	Mallard	Shot Dec. 1, 1924, at Lake Thompson, So. Dak.
22286	Green-winged Teal	Killed Nov. 7, 1924, at Caddo Lake, Texas.

The purpose of this shipment was to determine, if possible, whether ducks have a strong homing instinct, and if, when sent out of their regular migration route, they will return to this route. You will note that all but one of the returns came from the Mississippi Valley. They prove very conclusively that this lot of birds, at least, returned to their original migration-route.

This note is preliminary to the information which will be gathered next fall and winter and in the years to come, from my express shipments of ducks outside of the Mississippi Valley route.—A. E. McILHENNY, Avery Island, Louisiana, July 31, 1930.

**A Pine Warbler Return.**—Of the twenty Pine Warblers (*Dendroica v. vigorsii*) banded at my station in Wareham, Massachusetts, one, No. 59882, banded April 16, 1926, was again trapped March 29, 1929.—WALTER B. SAVARY, Wareham, Massachusetts.

**Yellow Warbler and Redstart Returns in Wolfville, Nova Scotia.**—Ronald W. Smith, of Wolfville, Nova Scotia, reports that one of four Yellow Warblers, a ♀, No. C7368, (*Dendroica a. aestiva*) banded by him in 1929, was captured at his station on July 1, 1930. The bird nested about a quarter of a mile from her nesting-place in 1929.

A ♂ Redstart (*Setophaga ruticilla*) banded in 1929 as a nesting bird was a return this season, nesting within one hundred and fifty feet of the site of the 1929 nest.—C. L. W.

**Examine Birds Killed by Automobiles.**—Mr. Geoffrey Gill points out that, inasmuch as the recoveries of small land birds are so few compared with those of water birds, banders and others when they find dead or wounded birds on the highway should take pains to stop and examine them to see if any are banded.—C. L. W.

**More data on "How Long do Purple Finches Live?"**—This year, 1930, to May 21st, I have had 104 returns of Purple Finches as follows: