esting to have this subject of White-throats returning brought up at the A. O. U. meeting in New York, and to find that my experiences tallied with some of the other co-operators.

		BANDED	RETURNED	REPEATED
Wood Thrush	(Hylocichla mustelina)	11	3	4
Catbird	(Dumetella carolinensis)	60	3	8
Robin	(Planesticus m. migratorius)	36	3	5
Song Sparrow	(Melospiza m. melodia)	36	1	11
Junco	(Junco h. hyemalis)	63	<b>2</b>	12
White-throated	Šparrow (Zonotrichia albicoll	is)104	1	47
Tree Sparrow	(Spizella m. monticola)	17	<b>2</b>	6
Chickadee	(Penthestes a. atricapillus)	36	<b>2</b>	27

-Mary E. F. Hubbard, 81 Barnett Street, New Haven, Conn.

Tree Sparrow Returns.—On December 14 and 21, 1924, my husband and I banded seven Tree Sparrows (Spizella m. monticola), the group remaining at the station till March 8 to 10, 1925. Of these seven birds, three (42.85%) returned in 1925 and were taken on November 28th and 29th. These records appear to indicate the existence of a group enduring for two years, the number of returns naturally falling short of the maximum possible.—Katherine C. Harding, Cohasset, Mass., December 26, 1925.

A Pair of Red-Breasted Nuthatches.—On arriving at our Banding Station at Cohasset, Mass., on November 27th, I found two Red-breasted Nuthatches (Sitta canadensis) making frequent trips into our "Pagoda trap" and carrying off sunflower seeds.

I banded the male, No. 34068A, at 11 A.M., and the female, No. 34069A, at 12.45 A.M. The male scolded and fought during the process, while the

female made no fuss about it.

The two birds have remained at our Banding Station ever since and seem like a mated pair. It is their custom to visit the feeding-tray at the same time, one alighting on the wire ready to enter when the first one leaves. Occasionally they both enter at once. If one bird is trapped, the other one shows concern for its companion's plight and alights on the wire sides of the cage.

In spite of their diminutive size, they are quite pugnacious. If a Chickadee is in the way when one of the Nuthatches enters the Pagoda, it is

chased away unceremoniously and has to wait its turn.

This note is to call attention to the fact that the birds appear as though mated, as is so frequently observed at this season of the year in the case of the White-breasted Nuthatch (Sitta c. carolinensis), a pair of which has, indeed, been known to remain together throughout the winter.\*—Katherine C. Harding, December 26, 1925.

"Sight Return" of Junco Number A6196.—Upon looking out of the window at my banding station on December 19, 1925, I saw four or five newly-arrived banded Juncos (Junco h. hyemalis) in front of the ground trap some ten feet distant. All these five birds were probably returns, and

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Notes from a Peterboro, N. H., Banding Station," by Helen Granger Whittle, Bulletin of the Northeastern Bird-Banding Association, Vol. 1, p. 65.