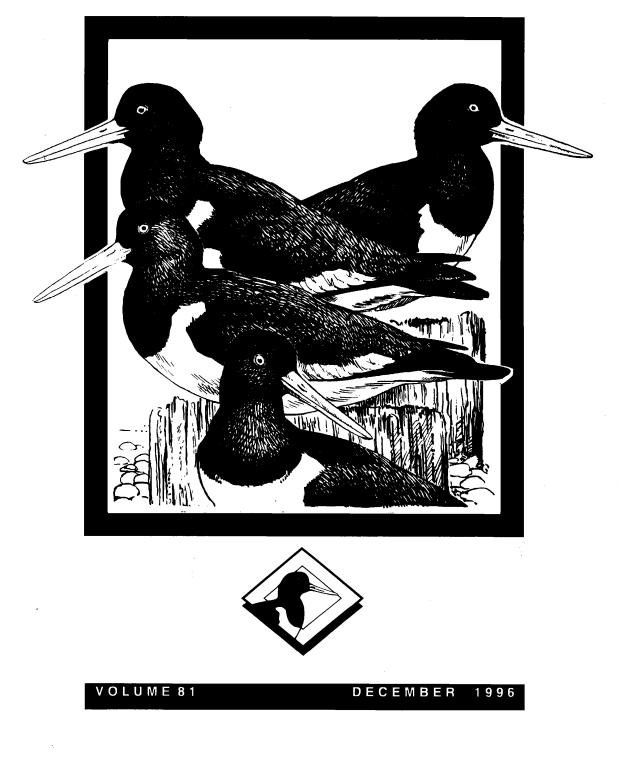
WADER STUDY GROUP BULLETIN



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Except for that concerning *Wader Study Group Bulletin*, all correspondence, including matters and proposals concerning colour-marking schemes, should be sent to the Group's official address; *Wader Study Group, The National Centre for Ornithology, The Nunnery, Thetford, Norfolk IP24 2PU, U.K.* All general enquiries should be sent to the General Secretary.

Membership

All applications for membership, initial subscriptions and renewals, changes of address, matters relating to the circulation of the *Bulletin* etc. should be sent to the Membership Secretary.

Projects

Matters and proposals concerning co-operative research projects and objectives should be sent to the Co-ordinator.

Colour-marking Register

Matters and proposals concerning colour-marking schemes should be sent to the Colour-marking Register at the official address given above.

Bulletin

Correspondence concerning the *Wader Study Group Bulletin* should be sent to the Editor: D A Stroud, *Wader Study Group Bulletin*, c/o UK Joint Nature Conservation Committee, Monkstone House, City Road, Peterborough PE1 1JY, U.K.

Deadlines for notices and short term items

1 January for the April issue

1 May for the August issue

1 September for the December issue

If correspondence between editor and author(s) is likely to be needed, material must be received well before these dates if material is to be included in the next issue.



Peview

Continued from page 24

From the text it is evident that many basic and important aspects of the biology of these two species have yet to be studied in detail, a point which is recognised by the authors themselves. Thus, few or no data are available on, breeding success and the factors which influence this, survival rates of adult birds, and population status and trends (in both breeding and wintering areas).

Overall the material in this text is presented in a logical format and written in an easy-to-follow style. However, I think that the presentation would have benefited from some plates to illustrate differences in species plumage and appearance, whilst a map to show the known

global distributions would have been a useful addition to the distribution map for North America.

Clearly the material provided in this book is of value to those involved in studies of waders, and particularly to anyone with a special interest in plovers.

Murray Grant

Dodman, T. & Taylor, V. 1996. African Waterfowl Census 1995. Wetlands International, Slimbridge. Price £10. Available through the Natural History Book Service.

This A5 book reports on the fifth African Waterfowl Census in which 21 African countries (including Madagascar) participated. Countries are grouped under three main sub-Saharan regions: West Africa, East Africa and Southern Africa. Results from North African censuses are not included. An individual account is given for each country summarising count timing and coverage, rainfall and noteworthy counts.

Overall results of counts in July 1994 and January/February 1995 for each region (1995 only for West Africa) are then discussed noting trends, important sites and coverage. Tables show total numbers of each species counted by country, and sites in each country which meet the 1% criterion for international importance.

Final brief sections consist of overviews of the Ramsar Convention in Africa, the AEWA, a list main contact points, and checklist of sub-Saharan waterfowl. All information in the report is presented in both English and French, with national accounts beginning with whichever is the more frequently used language in that country.

The aim of the African Waterfowl Census is not only to increase the utility of basic census data, but also to increase understanding of wetland ecology and waterbirds. It is in these areas that Wetlands International's excellent context-setting reports such as this one will have major impacts.

John Holmes

Also received

(these volumes may be reviewed in a future Bulletin)

- Kent, D.M. ed. 1994. Applied wetlands science and technology. CRC Press, New York. 436 pp.
- Sindermann, C.J. 1996. Ocean pollution. Effects on living resources and humans. CRC Press, New York. 276 pp.

