

First Record of the White-eyed Vireo in Panamá.—A specimen identified by Alexander Wetmore as *Vireo griseus noveboracensis* was taken in a mist net by the author on 16 October 1964 at Almirante, province of Bocas del Toro, on the Caribbean slope of extreme northwestern Panamá. It was the only White-eyed Vireo seen during 40 days of mist-netting in this area from 22 September through 31 October 1964. Sex was not determined. The skin was prepared by Rodolfo Hinds of the Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, and is now deposited in the United States National Museum.

This northern race of the White-eyed Vireo has been recorded as wintering from the southern United States to Guatemala, northern Honduras, Swan Island, and western Cuba, according to the A.O.U. Check-list of North American Birds (1957). This specimen was taken more than 400 miles south of the southern limits of the known winter range. Whether it represents a casual wanderer or a true winter range extension remains to be determined by further collecting.

The generous support of Eugene Odum (NIH HE 08294-02 MET) and Horace Loftin (PHS AI 06072), and encouragement and criticism from Eugene Eisenmann are gratefully acknowledged. —DAVID L. HICKS, *Department of Zoology, University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia, 22 April 1966.*

NEWS AND NOTES

Louis Agassiz Fuertes Research Grant.—Applications for this grant can be accepted until 1 March 1967. Details concerning it were announced in the November-December issue of *The Condor* in 1966. Application forms can be obtained from Dr. Harrison B. Tordoff, Museum of Zoology, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48103.

Featured speakers at recent meetings of the Northern Division of the Cooper Ornithological Society at Berkeley were Dr. Robert T. Orr (3 November 1966, "Sidelights on the 14th International Ornithological Congress") and Dr. Ned K. Johnson (1 December 1966, "Sights, sounds and evolution of birds on Costa Rican volcanoes").

It is with deep regret that the Editors report the recent death in San Francisco of Miss Cornelia C. Pringle, a member of the Cooper Ornithological Society for 51 years.

The Thirty-eighth Annual Meeting of the Cooper Ornithological Society will convene at the Santa Barbara Museum of Natural History on 6 through 9 April 1967. Mr. Waldo G. Abbott is Chairman of the Local Committee on Arrangements. Members of the Society will receive detailed information by mail at a later time.

It has come to the attention of the Editors that a few defective copies of the November-

December (1966) issue of *The Condor* were sent to members and subscribers. These copies contained some duplicate pages and omitted other pages as a consequence of faulty collation of signatures. Members and librarians are urged to inspect their copies of the November-December issue and to advise the Editors if defective copies were received. Replacements will be sent.

Notice of Plenary Powers.—Required six-month's notice is hereby given on the possible use of plenary powers by the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature in connection with the following name, given with Case Number (See *Bull. Zool. Nomencl.*, 23, pt. 6, 30 December 1966): 1773, neotype for *Opopsitta marshalli* Iredale, 1946 (Aves).

Comments should be sent in duplicate, citing Case Number, to the Secretary, International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature, c/o British Museum (Natural History), Cromwell Road, London S.W. 7, England.—*W. E. China, Assistant Secretary.*

The Council of the South African Ornithological Society announces the organization of the *Third Pan African Ornithological Congress*, tentatively scheduled for March 1969, at Pretorius Kop, in Kruger National Park. Persons interested in attending should notify the Hon. Secretary, S.A.O.S., c/o Percy FitzPatrick Institute, University of Cape Town, Rondebosch, C. P., South Africa.