by two supplements published respectively in 1957 and 1964. This comprehensive work not only stimulated interest in the study of birds in Chile, but attracted attention abroad and brought Dr. Philippi and his coauthors recognition in international circles and their election as Corresponding Fellows of the American Ornithologists' Union and the Asociacion Ornithologica del Plata. Dr. Philippi was also a member of the Deutsche Ornithologische Gesellschaft and of the Sociedad Chilena de Historia Natural and served a term as president of the latter society. During the International Ornithological Congress at Ithaca in 1962 he was elected a member of the International Committee for the period 1962–1966 and head of the Chilean section of the I.C.B.P.

Looking back over the 34 years during which the writer was privileged to enjoy Dr. Philippi's friendship and close association with his ornithological interests, we feel that his leading characteristics were his generous outgoing temperament, his broadmindedness, and his absolute fidelity to the scientific approach. In our opinion he should be regarded as the finest ornithologist that Chile has produced since the turn of the century.—Alfred W. Johnson.

NOTES AND NEWS

In June 1970, the Siam Society issued a memorial number of its Natural History Bulletin in bonor of the late **Herbert G. Deignan**, an authority on the birds of Southeast Asia, especially Thailand. He was Secretary of the A.O.U. from 1959 to 1961. The 200-page issue includes papers by friends and colleagues of Deignan's, covering subjects in which he was interested. Copies may be obtained for \$2.50 plus 50 cents Seamail postage from the Siam Society, 131 Lane 21, (Asoke) Sukhumvit Road, P. O. Box 65, Central, Bangkok, Thailand.

Add kudos: Two Fellows of the A.O.U., A. Starker Leopold and Eugene P. Odum, were recently elected to membership in the National Academy of Sciences. Another, Roger Tory Peterson, was awarded an honorary D.Sc. by Wesleyan University with the following citation: "In a threatened world suddenly aware of its own mortality, you have long been a prophet of the interrelatedness of all living things."

Shorebird recapture operation.—To study the migration of North American shorebirds, a field staff is marking southbound migrating waders on the Magdalen Islands and Sable Island. Between 10 July and 15 October 1970 shorebirds will be mist-netted and banded. Each bird will have its underparts color-dyed, Yellow in the Magdalens, Green in Sable Island. The same program will be repeated in 1971 and 1972.

We will appreciate reports of any sight records of these color-dyed birds. If the bird can be caught or collected, please report the band number, locality, date, dye color, species, and if possible the bird's weight. Send reports to: Dr. Raymond McNell, Department of Biological Sciences, University of Montreal, C.P. 6128, Montreal 101, Quebec, Canada.

Correction.—A note by Eisenmann on page 633 of the July, 1970, number of the "Auk" calls attention to a ruling of the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature that validates Sterna caspia Pallas, 1770, and Oenanthe pleschanka Lepechin, 1770. But unfortunately, the name of the latter was inadvertently misspelled pleshanka, omitting the letter "c" from the correct orthography. As the note announces validation of a name, it seems important to make this correction.—C. V. AND E. E.