- 1. Argya Lesson, 1831, is now united with Turdoides Cretzschmar, 1827. Under these circumstances, Crateropus plebejus anomalus Hartert (Nov. Zool; 28: 116, 1921: Farniso, near Kano) [= Turdoides plebeja anomala (Hartert)] must be used in place of Crateropus plebejus gularis Reichenow (Orn. Monatsb., 18: 7, 1910: Lamurole, Mba, S. Adamawa) [= Turdoides plebeja gularis (Reichenow)], not Chatarrhaea gularis Blyth, 1855 [= Turdoides gularis (Blyth)].
- 2. Trochalopteron Blyth, 1843, and Grammatoptila Reichenbach, 1850, are now united with Garrulax Lesson, 1831. Under these circumstances, Grammatoptila austeni Oates (Fauna of British India, Birds, 1: 104, 1889: Dafla and Eastern Naga Hills) becomes preoccupied by Trochalopteron austeni Godwin-Austen (Journ. Asiat. Soc. Bengal, 39: 105: 1870: Khasi Hills) [= Garrulax austeni austeni (Godwin-Austen)]. For Grammatoptila austeni Oates, 1889 (now considered a race of Garrulax striatus), I propose

Garrulax striatus brahmaputra, new name.

3. Ianthocincla Gould, 1835, and Trochalopteron Blyth, 1843, are now united with Garrulax Lesson, 1831. Accordingly, Ianthocincla ocellata similis Rothschild (Nov. Zool., 28: 34, 1921: Shweli-Salwin Divide, Yunnan) becomes preoccupied by Trochalopteron simile Hume (Ibis, (3) 1: 408, 1871: Gilgit) [= Garrulax variegatus similis (Hume)]. For Ianthocincla ocellata similis Rothschild, 1921 (now considered a race of Garrulax ocellatus), I propose

Garrulax ocellatus maculipectus, new name.

- 4. Fulvetta David and Oustalet, 1877 (of which Proparus Blyth, 1844 [not Proparus Hodgson, 1841], is a synonym) is now united with Alcippe Blyth, 1844. Under these circumstances, Fulvetta insperata Riley (Proc. Biol. Soc. Washington, 43: 123, 1930: Ndamucho, south of Lutien, Yunnan) [= Alcippe cinereiceps insperata (Riley)] must be used in place of Proparus striaticollis yunnanensis Rothschild (Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, 43: 11, 1922: Mekong-Salwin Divide, Yunnan) [= Alcippe cinereiceps yunnanensis (Rothschild); see Greenway, Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool., 74: 136, 1933], not Alcippe fratercula yunnanensis Harington, 1913.
- 5. Yuhina diademata delacouri Yen (Sci. Journ. [College of Science, Sun Yat-sen Univ., Canton], 6: 358, 362, 1934) was proposed as a substitute name for Yuhina diademata obscura Delacour and Jabouille (L'Oiseau et la Revue Française d'Ornithologie, 11: 403, 1930: Fansipan, Chapa, Tongking), believed preoccupied by Yuhina occipitalis "obscura" Rothschild, 1921. Yen's name has been adopted by recent workers in Indo-Chinese ornithology, but since Rothschild's name was, in fact, Yuhina occipitalis obscurior, it does not invalidate Yuhina diademata obscura Delacour and Jabouille, which must be restored to use.—Masauji Hachisuka, Atami, Shizuoka-ken, Japan.

Longevity of Cuban Red-wing (Agelaius assimilis) in Captivity.—In August, 1936, I collected live specimens in Cuba for The National Zoological Park, Washington, D. C. There were several Cuban Red-wings among my many crates of birds. In March, 1951, the last Red-wing died in captivity in its cage in the bird house.

This bird spent its entire life in the zoo in a cage by itself. Although it was not banded, there is no question that the life span of this individual was approximately 15 years.—Malcolm Davis, National Zoological Park, Washington, D. C.