Hylophilus ochraceiceps ferrugineifrons (Sclater).

o, October 18, 1938. Paruima Mission, Kamarang River, British Guiana.

The known range of this race formerly extended eastward only to the Río Yuruani, Venezuela.—Emmet R. Blake, Chicago Natural History Museum, Chicago, Illinois.

Ferruginous Rough-leg in Cook County, Illinois.—I secured a specimen of Ferruginous Rough-leg (*Buteo regalis*) shot in Northfield Township, Cook County, Illinois, on April 21, 1939, from a neighbor of mine. The bird had been wounded in the neck by a twenty-two caliber bullet and was killed at my suggestion. It was a female and now bears the number 736 in my collection.

W. W. Cooke reports the taking of a specimen of this hawk by a Mr. Bolmer at Paris, Illinois, January 19, 1886 (Bird Migration in the Mississippi Valley, 1888). I have been unable to find the record of any other specimen of the Ferruginous Rough-leg taken in Illinois, although there are a few credible sight records.—STEPHEN S. GREGORY, JR., Box N, Winnetka, Illinois.

Breeding of the Ring-billed Gull in New York in 1936.—Mr. H. L. Kutz, in The Auk (65: 591, October, 1946) records what he believes to be the first "authentic" instance of the breeding of the Ring-billed Gull (*Larus delawarensis*) in New York state on June 7, 1945. The location he gives is Little Galloo Island, about ten miles from Henderson Harbor, Jefferson County. I found this species breeding in this region in the summer of 1936. The facts are published in Roosevelt Wildlife Bulletin, 7 (no. 2): 134-135, October, 1939, and photograph on page 169: "... on July 10, 1936, five or six nests containing broken eggs or dead young and one living downy young [Ring-billed Gulls] were found amongst the weeds on Gull Island, in Sackett's Harbor...

"Three or four nests, with two eggs each, were found on the little gravelly island, also known as Gull Island, just off the east shore of Galloo Island [a few miles northwest of Little Galloo]. One of the eggs was in process of hatching . . . Adults with young appeared to have bred in a few localities in the St. Lawrence, near Clayton."

Herring Gulls (Larus argentatus) were also in the vicinity most of the time so that comparisons between the species were easily made. The finding of two downy young Herring Gulls is mentioned in the same publication.—A. Sidney Hyde, 702 Parkman Street, Los Angeles, California.