

female was taken with one downy young of about three to four days old. Those two specimens are now nos. 118 and 119 in the Quebec Zoological Garden's bird-skin collection.

On July 23, at least three broods of Ring-necked Ducks were seen on the lake, making a total of about thirty young.

Actually there are two other breeding records from Quebec known to the writer. One is from Rush Lake, Frontenac County (*The Auk*, 60: 600, 1943) and another from Messines, Gatineau County, known to the writer through personal correspondence with Dr. Ira N. Gabrielson. In a letter, Doctor Gabrielson states: "On July 4, 1941, I saw a female ring-necked duck with eight newly hatched young near Messines, Quebec."

Special acknowledgement is due to Dr. Harrison F. Lewis and to Mr. Howard L. Mendall for information concerning the status of the Ring-necked Duck in Quebec. The record of Lake St. Edmond constitutes as far as known the third authentic breeding record of the species in the Province of Quebec.—RAYMOND CAYOUILLE, *Quebec Zoological Garden, Charlesbourg, Quebec.*

Red-eyed Vireo's incubation.—To the recent instance by Petrides (*Auk*, 61: 298, 1944) of a Red-eyed Vireo (*Vireo olivaceus*) beginning to incubate before the clutch was complete, I can add another. A nest found in Baltimore on July 9, 1943, held four eggs; single inspections daily then yielded this hatching record:

July 11—noon —4 eggs.

July 12—evening—1 young, 3 eggs.

July 13—evening—2 young, 2 eggs.

July 14—evening—3 young, 1 egg which proved to be infertile.

Incubation of this clutch must have begun with the laying of either the first or the second egg.—HERVEY BRACKBILL, 3201 Carlisle Avenue, Baltimore 16, Maryland.

Leach's Petrel in Florida.—On May 12, 1944, the first recorded Florida specimen of Leach's Petrel (*Oceanodroma leucorhoa leucorhoa*) was found in the edge of the surf at Daytona Beach, Florida. The bird died a few hours after its capture, by an old wound—the right foot was missing. Bailey, in his 'Birds of Florida,' p. 13, states that Leach's Petrels "can be seen off our coast in the Gulf Stream during April and September." Howell, in his 'Florida Bird Life,' did not accept this statement as sufficient evidence to include the bird in his Florida list, but he does mention Bailey's statement in the Hypothetical List at the end of his volume. With the collection of this specimen at Daytona Beach, Leach's Petrel is now properly an addition to the avifauna of Florida.—R. J. LONGSTREET, *Daytona Beach, Florida.*

A Raven's nest near Lexington, Virginia.—Egg dates for the Northern Raven (*Corvus corax principalis*) from the southern mountains are so few that it seems advisable to put on record a set of six eggs from Virginia. I shall not give a definite location for the nest except to say that it was in a cliff at the top of a mountain in Rockbridge County, near Lexington, Virginia. On February 28, 1944, Col. Robert P. Carroll, Mr. Jacob Hostetter and I visited the nest. Placed in a recess about forty feet up a sheer cliff and under an overhang, the nest was inaccessible, but we were fortunate enough to discover a place which could be reached from the top of the cliff and from which we could look into the nest. It was almost completed but empty. Seventeen days later, on March 16, Mr.