Some Notes from Arkansas.—*Gavia immer immer.* COMMON LOON.—I collected one in Lee County, on the St. Francis River, Sept. 9, 1932. It was swimming within a hundred yards of my house-boat and allowed me to approach within shooting distance in a skiff. The bird was alone.

Gavia stellata. RED-THROATED LOON.—Seen by Pindar in Poinsett County in 1888-89. I saw a fisherman shoot one in Phillips County near the mouth of the St. Francis River, November 5, 1933. It was in the water near some Cormorants. The skin was preserved.

Sterna hirundo hirundo. COMMON TERN.—Apparently not reported from Arkansas. A single specimen was seen and collected in Lee County on the St. Francis River, October 3, 1933.

Hydroprogne caspia imperator. CASPIAN TERN.—Apparently not reported from this state. While standing on the deck of the house-boat on the St. Francis River in Lee County, two Caspian Terns were seen nearing and were being chased by Swallows (Rough-winged ?). One of the Terns seized a Swallow in its beak and flew with it for some distance. I bagged both the Terns, a male and a female.

Pisobia melanotos. PECTORAL SANDPIPER.—Reported from Poinsett County in 1888–89 and from Arkansas City, May 15, 1910. I killed a female on Lake Hamilton in Garland County, May 12, 1935. It was in a mixed flock containing Whiterumped and Least Sandpipers.

Pisobia fuscicollis. WHITE-RUMPED SANDPIPER.—No previous report from this state known to me. I took a male on Lake Hamilton in Garland County, May 12, 1935. This specimen and a Semipalmated were killed by a single discharge.

Ereunetes pusillus. SEMIPALMATED SANDPIPER.—Reported from Texarkana, December, 1924. I collected a specimen on a sand-bar in the St. Francis River in Lee County, September 15, 1932. When I recorded them as "numerous." I killed a male on Lake Hamilton in Garland County, May 12, 1935, and a third, a female, the following day only a short distance away. On the 12th, these birds were mixed in a flock of Least Sandpipers, and on the 13th were feeding with Least and other Sandpipers unidentified.

Vireo philadelphicus. PHILADELPHIA VIREO.—One specimen, a spring migrant, was reported from Winslow. I collected one on Larkin's Lake in Lee County, September 23, 1932.

Sitta canadensis. RED-BREASTED NUTHATCH.—Reported from Poinsett County, 1888–89 and from Helena in 1895. I saw one hopping over the trunk of a large oak in my back yard in Hot Springs, March 31, 1934. I am not over-confident in my sight records, especially of rarities, but the tree was so close to my window that with 8x binoculars it was as though it were a bird in the hand.

Dendroica fusca. BLACKBURNIAN WARBLER.—Reported from Chicot, October 4, 1920. I shot a male specimen on Bull Bayou, Garland County, May 7, 1935.

Dendroica striata. BLACK-POLL WARBLER.—Reported from Helena, Turrell, Rich Mountain and Fayetteville. I collected a female in Garland County, May 11, 1935.— WM. H. DEADERICK, 36 Circle Drive, Hot Springs, Ark.

New Bird Records from Texas.—The following field notes relate to two birds that are new to the state of Texas, and to the finding of the first Texas nest of a third species. They are apparently of sufficient interest at the present time to be worthy of publication:

Micropallas whitneyi whitneyi. ELF OWL.—A female of this species was captured alive at her nest in the Lower Juniper Canyon of the Chisos Mountains, Texas, May 21, 1934. On the same day she laid an egg in the cage in which she was confined.