

Summer Records from the Virginia Piedmont.—On two occasions this summer the Lesser Scaup Duck (*Nyroca affinis*) has been found at Timber Lake, a body of water of about seventy acres extent, located ten miles west of Lynchburg. On June 11, 1933, I saw a female, and on June 24, 1933, two males.

On June 12, 1933, we saw a Black-billed Cuckoo (*Coccyzus erythrophthalmus*) with one young bird, almost fully grown, on the campus of Lynchburg College, at an altitude of about 800 feet. This is only my third positive record for this bird for Lynchburg, the other two being of dead birds which had flown against windows apparently, one found in the fall of 1928, and the other this past spring.

A male Scarlet Tanager (*Piranga erythromelas*) has been singing daily and has been seen frequently in the campus woods of Lynchburg College at least up to the first week of July, 1933. The altitude here is only about 875 feet and the avifauna is decidedly Carolinian. A singing male was also found at Timber Lake, ten miles west, at the same altitude, on two dates, June 15 and 26, 1930. Except for these records the Scarlet Tanager has been found in this area only in the Blue Ridge about forty miles west, at altitudes from 1200 feet upwards, where it is fairly abundant as a summer resident.

The Eastern Vesper Sparrow (*Poocetes gramineus gramineus*) is abundant as a migrant in this area, and is a fairly common summer resident in the Valley of Virginia, but I have not found it in the summer until this year, when we found a singing male on June 24.—RUSKIN S. FREER, Lynchburg, Va.

Some Breeding Records for Ohio.—On June 16, 1933, Floyd B. Chapman and the writer added a new breeding bird to the list for northeastern Ohio. A nest with three nearly fresh eggs of the Piping Plover (*Charadrius melodus*) was found on a broad sandy beach at Ashtabula, just west of the mouth of the Ashtabula River. As this locality is more than 100 miles east of the nearest known nesting place in Ohio, Cedar Point in Erie County, the set was collected for the Ohio State Museum. As all of the beaches in the county have been visited repeatedly during the nesting season since 1927, it is believed that the Piping Plover is a most recent addition to the breeding avifauna of the county.

Neither Wheaton, Jones, nor Dawson record the White-throated Sparrow (*Zonotrichia albicollis*) as a breeding species for Ohio. Kirtland mentioned that the species sometimes remains in northern Ohio throughout the month of June but no breeding records have been published.

In two localities of Ashtabula County the writer found White-throated Sparrows present during the summers of 1928, 1929, 1930 and 1932. Adults were seen feeding young a few days out of the nest in a swamp forest tract of southern Wayne township on July 6, 1928, July 16, 1929, and July 14, 1930, but diligent searching at earlier dates failed to disclose any nests. On June 14, 1932, however, a nest with three small young was