

Corvus ossifragus. FISH CROW.—One eating shellfish on the flats was swooped at and driven away by terns. Mr. Brockway said there used to be a nesting colony of Fish Crows to the east of here, but not in recent years.—S. A. ELIOT, JR., *Smith College, Northampton, Mass.*

Notes from the Connecticut Valley in Massachusetts.—*Colymbus grisegena holboellii*. HOLBOELL'S GREBE.—One in beautiful nuptial plumage was seen on the river at Smiths Ferry on the remarkably late date, May 24, 1933.

Nyroca americana. REDHEAD.—A pair spent April 13 on the Oxbow at Northampton, making our first twentieth-century record.

Charitonetta albeola. BUFFLEHEAD.—A male was on the Oxbow April 15.

Mergus serrator. RED-BREADED MERGANSER.—Two males were on the Oxbow, April 7–10. A female in poor-looking plumage was on the river-side "Sandy Beach" of Hadley, May 24.

Melanerpes erythrocephalus. RED-HEADED WOODPECKER.—One was noted in the western part of Northampton on May 13.

Thryothorus l. ludovicianus. CAROLINA WREN.—One, first noted by us on April 24 and for three weeks thereafter, but said by people living near it to have stayed from late March to late May, sang constantly in a certain thicket at Northampton.

Lanius ludovicianus migrans. MIGRANT SHRIKE.—One spent April 15 in a certain Northampton orchard.

Guiraca c. caerulea. BLUE GROSBK.—A female was observed with two male and one female Rose-breasted Grosbeaks at Northampton May 14, the day of a great spring "wave." On May 18, a male was seen at South Hadley.

Carduelis carduelis. EUROPEAN GOLDFINCH.—One was seen at Northampton on April 10. At the very place, there, where two spent April 26–May 4, 1932, a pair appeared again on April 30, 1933, and again one of them was banded. They did not stay.—AARON C. BAGG, *Holyoke, Mass.*, and S. A. ELIOT, JR., *Northampton, Mass.*

Notes from Jones Beach, N. Y.—The following data from the south shore of Long Island seem worthy of recording. Unless otherwise stated, the birds were observed by the writer at the Jones Beach State Bird Sanctuary.

Casmerodius a. egretta. AMERICAN EGRET.—Two birds of this species were first observed May 17, 1933, by Mrs. Carl Tucker and Drs. Elliot and Janvrin of New York City and Mr. James Terry, of Freeport, N. Y. One Egret was present, almost daily, until May 27.

Nettion crecca. EUROPEAN TEAL.—On April 9, 1933, the writer, in company with J. and R. Kuerzi, of New York, noted an apparently unusual amount of white in the wing of a flying Teal, in a flock of Green-wings. After the birds dropped onto the water, careful scrutiny resulted in identification of a male of this species. Several times the greater amount of