

Another Record of Brewster's Warbler in Lancaster County, Pa.—On May 8, 1932, at the Hammercreek Dam in Lancaster County, Penna., Messrs. C. L. Fasnacht, B. L. Sharp and the writer saw three Brewster's Warblers (*Vermivora leucobronchialis*), one male and two females, in company with a small wave of Golden- and Blue-winged (*V. chrysoptera* and *V. pinus*). This is the second record of Brewster's Warbler in Lancaster County, the first being the writer's record of May 8, 1931.—W. STUART CRAMER, 201 E. King St., Lancaster, Penna.

Cerulean Warbler in Boston, Mass.—In view of the paucity of published records of the occurrence of the Cerulean Warbler in the eastern part, and, indeed, in any part of Massachusetts, I wish to report an adult, singing male of the species in the Boston Public Garden on May 2 and 3, 1932. Forbush, in his 'Birds of Massachusetts and Other New England States,' 1929, Vol. III, p. 247, mentions six records for the State, and I know of only one other, besides the Garden bird—that of a male banded on May 17, 1931 at the Austin Ornithological Research Station on Cape Cod. Furthermore, only one of Forbush's records was made in the eastern part of the Commonwealth and that nearly sixty years ago. I first noted the bird shortly after 8 A. M. on May 2, and immediately communicated with several friends who, during the course of the day, were able to see and hear it and to point it out to others. During its two day sojourn, nearly all the bird-lovers of the community had the opportunity of seeing this beautiful warbler, which, incidentally, brings the total number of species for the Garden to one hundred and sixty-eight.—JOHN H. CONKEY, Boston, Massachusetts.

Wilson's Warbler in Connecticut in January.—On January 16, 1932 I was standing in the Birdcraft Sanctuary in Fairfield, in conversation with Mr. Frank Novak, the warden, when a small bird flew across a path on the opposite side of the sanctuary fence. It was immediately recognized as one of the yellow-colored warblers, and a moment later a view through my glass identified it as Wilson's Warbler. Mr. Novak and I followed it through the grounds for some time, getting a number of satisfactory views of it. It was evidently an adult male, and appeared to be as brilliant in plumage as birds seen in the spring migration.

The bird did not go to the suet or other foods that were being visited by other species at the time, but fed among the shrubbery and on the ground, apparently gleaning minute insects or insect eggs from the twigs of the bushes. When we last saw the bird it was on the ground in an entirely open spot within ten feet of us, and no glass was necessary to make out all the details of its plumage.

This occurred a little before noon, and Mr. Novak reported that the bird appeared again at about the same time the following day, January 17. It has not been observed since that date.—ARETAS A. SAUNDERS, Fairfield, Conn.