time. At my request Mrs. S. J. Sweett, New Smyrna, Mrs. Wilson's daughter, has made recent inquiry as to the status of these birds in the Mosquito Lagoon region. She reports upon the authority of Wallace Cook, who knows that district, having been warden for the Canaveral Club twenty-five years ago, that at that time there was a flock of about a hundred and fifty of these birds there. For the past fifteen years he estimates their number to have been about the same as this year (1929), some sixty to seventy birds. He has never known them to nest there but thinks they go to the "Big Cypress" to nest. Several other persons from the vicinity of the Haulover Canal verified the above statement as to these birds being found in that vicinity but they differed as to the number of birds seen.—Amos W. Butler, 52 Downey Avenue, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Wilson's Phalarope (Steganopus tricolor) in Camden County, N. J.

—On September 2, a bird of this species in winter plumage was found feeding on a tidal mud flat along Newton Creek, West Collingswood, N. J. The Phalarope with its thin neck, small head and light coloration stood out in marked contrast to a group of Yellow-legs with which it was associated. The bird was very active—swimming about in a small pool, darting its slender black bill from side to side and sometimes turning its body half way around as it fed. Once it came out on the bare mud to plume and arrange its feathers—showing its pale yellow legs, white rump and plain wings.

During the half hour that the bird was under observation, it confined its activities to a space of a few square yards.

On September 15, a bird of the same species, probably one of the same flock was found in almost the same spot and was observed by Messrs. Gillespie, Livingston, Weyl and Yoder of the Delaware Valley Ornithological Club.

On September 18, the bird was again present. Each of these times as before, it was feeding with the Yellow-legs.—Julian K. Potter, $Collings-wood,\ N.\ J.$

Northern Phalarope in Jackson Co., Mich.—On September 6, 1929, J. and R. Barley, of Toledo, Ohio, and the writer observed a Northern Phalarope (Lobipes lobatus) at a natural musk-rat farm near Napoleon, Mich. We first saw the bird in flight at some distance. Its note and white wing stripe reminded us of a Sanderling until it alighted for a moment among a flock of Teal on the water when we knew at once that it must be a Phalarope. Later we saw it at closer range in company with Yellow-legs and were enabled to establish its identity beyond doubt.—Roger Tory Peterson, 545 W. 164th St., New York City, N. Y.

Nest and Eggs of Pisobia ruficollis (Pall.).—On June 11, 1913, while collecting about Emma Harbor at the head of Providence Bay, east Siberia, I had the good fortune to find two nests of the Rufous-necked Sandpiper (*Pisobia ruficollis* (Pall.)). I believe they are, as yet, un-