Some Biloxi, Mississippi, Bird Notes.—In 'The Auk' for October, 1922, pages 530-556, Mr. Julian D. Corrington published a list of 'The Winter Birds of the Biloxi, Miss. Region' with an excellent detailed account of the varied characteristics of this locality. In 'The Auk' for January, 1923, page 146, the writer recorded several species not observed by Mr. Corrington but which were observed by himself at Biloxi during February, 1918. The writer spent the latter half of February, 1928, at Biloxi where the following observations were made from the sea wall along the Mississippi Sound. These records add several additional species to the Biloxi list of winter birds.

Larus atricilla. Laughing Gull.—This species was included in the Corrington list but was not observed by Mr. Corrington personally. During my 1918 visit I observed two Laughing Gulls and this species was observed on several occasions during my 1928 visit.

Ereunetes pusillus. Semipalmated Sandpiper.—Not included in the Corrington list. On February 19, 1928, fifteen of these lively little Sandpipers were observed running about the beach with the Sanderlings.

Crocethia alba. Sanderling.—Not included in the Corrington list. A flock of forty observed on February 16, 1928, and ten were seen in the same locality on the 19th.

Catoptrophorus semipalmatus. (subsp.?). WILLET.—Not included in the Corrington list. Ten of these large Waders were observed on February 16, 1928. They were still in the same locality on the 19th.

Progne subis subis. Purple Martin.—Purple Martins were first noted on February 18, and a few were observed each day following. Mr. Corrington also reports the Purple Martin as arriving on February 18th.

Seiurus noveboracensis (subsp.?). Water-Thrush.—Not included in the Corrington list but seen by the writer during his 1918 visit. On February 19,1928 I was surprised to find a Water-Thrush walking about on the sand at the foot of the sea wall. Less than a hundred feet away a flock of Sanderlings and Semipalmated Sandpipers were running about feeding. This Water-Thrush appeared to be in excellent condition and was observed again on the 20th and 21st at almost the identical spot. The bird seemed out of place on this salt water beach although it acted very much at home. When pressed too closely it would make a short flight along the base of the sea wall and again alight upon the sand uttering its single sharp note. I noted that at intervals along the base of the seawall were the openings from the city drains which were undoubtedly what attracted the Water-Thrush.—Chreswell J. Hunt, 810 South Eighteenth Ave., Maywood, Ill.

Notes from Berrien County, Michigan.—The following observations made between August 26 and 28, 1928, in Berrien County, Michigan, seem worthy of record.

Lophodytes cucullatus. Hooded Merganser.—Two were flushed from the Galien River in Warren's Woods near Three Oaks on August 28. It is not included in Mr. Norman A. Wood's list of birds seen in the county (Univ. Mich., Occas. Papers Mus. Zool., no. 119).

Pisobia minutilla. Least Sandpiper.—A single individual seen on the beach at Tower Hill, August 27. Not included in Mr. Wood's list.

Bartramia longicauda. UPLAND PLOVER.—Three were seen August 26 in a field northeast of Three Oaks, where they breed every year. They were exceedingly wary. Mr. Wood gives it as rare.

Cathartes aura septentrionalis. Turkey Vulture.—One seen August 26 near Three Oaks.

Empidonax virescens. Green-crested Flycatcher.—A specimen secured on August 28 (Warren's Woods) was the only one seen.

Vireosylva olivacea. Red-eyed Vireo.—Omitted from Mr. Wood's list, probably through a printer's error. It is, of course, common.

Protonotaria citrea. Prothonotary Warbler.—A fine male was secured in Warren's Woods August 28. It was a bird of the year.

Dendroica caerulea. Cerulean Warbler.—About six singing males werefound in Warren's Woods on August 28. They were much too shy for me to get a shot.

Sitta c. carolinensis. WHITE-BREASTED NUTHATCH.—Common, and specimens were taken. Apparently its status has changed since Mr. Wood worked this region, as he gives it as very rare.

Baeolophus bicolor. Tufted Titmouse.—Very common in Warren's Woods August 28, when several were taken.—Pierce Brodkorb, Evanston, Illinois.

Summer Notes from Southern Illinois.—Messrs. James Stevenson, Leland Quindry, and I spent June 15 to 24, 1928, in southern Illinois, and some of the more interesting records follow.

Nyroca collaris. RING-NECKED DUCK.—A full-plumaged male was seen on June 22 near Marion, Williamson Co., where it remained for about a week.

Nyctanassa violacea. Yellow-crowned Night Heron.—One seen on June 18 near Shawneetown, Gallatin Co., was too wary to permit a shot. Catharista urubu urubu. Black Vulture.—Seen June 19 at Alto

Falco peregrinus anatum. Duck Hawk.—One was seen at Marion on June 16.

Pass, and June 22 near Marion.

Antrostomus carolinensis. Chuck-will's-widow.—Several were seen and heard June 22 near Marion.

Sturnus vulgaris vulgaris. STARLING.—Five were seen within the city limits of Olney on June 16, and Mr. Ridgway informed us that he shot several there in January, 1928.

Peucaea aestivalis bachmani. Bachman's Sparrow.—We found this bird breeding quite commonly at several points near Marion, where a male was taken on June 17.