Ceryle alcyon alcyon. Belted Kingfisher.—A pair was seen near an open creek on January 17, 1926, at Wooster.

Sturnella magna. Meadowlark.—On January 17, 1926, five were flushed from a field here.

Spizella p. pusilla. Field Sparrow.—While walking over a snow-covered field on January 8, 1926, I encountered a bird of this species in winter plumage. It was tame and permitted close observation. The line through the crown, pink bill and feet, unspotted breast, small size and other characteristics of this species were noted, I was unable to collect it.

Protonotaria citrea. Prothonotary Warbler.—This bird is considered a rare migrant near Cleveland, fifty miles north of Wooster, and I am not aware of any breeding records for north-central Ohio. However at Myers Swamp near Wooster several were seen on May 8, 1926 and the species was common throughout the spring. One nest, containing six naked young, was found June 6 and they left the nest on June 17 wearing Biological Survey bands.—James Stevenson, Wooster, Ohio.

A Correction of "Some Notes from Southwestern Michigan."—In "Notes from Southwestern Michigan" in the April number of 'The Auk,' 1926, pp. 249–250, Mr. Pierce Brodkorb records the breeding of the Cardinal near Three Oaks, Michigan, and states that he "believes there are only about five previous records of its breeding in the State." There are records for Michigan (1837), reported by Dr. Sager of the State Natural History Survey, and Gibbs (1879) records a few taken in the southern part of the state. Since 1895 the species has become quite common in southern Michigan, and breeds in many places. Barrows, 'Birds of Michigan' (1912), records it nesting at Lansing. It was seen at Charlevoix in 1922, and has been reported from Marquette, in the upper peninsula. The species is a resident and breeds wherever it locates

Mr. Brodkorb also reports the breeding of the Tennessee Warbler in Muskegon County as "the first breeding record for Michigan." Barrows (l.c., p. 539) gives a record from Beulah, Benzie County, for August 4, 1906, and a probable record for Oscoda County in June, 1906.

On page 250, Mr. Brodkorb records the Carolina Wren from Duck Lake, Muskegon, which he "believes the most northern record for the state." Barrows (l.c., p. 669) records five taken by the writer on August 13 and 26, 1908, at Sand Point, Huron County.—Norman A. Wood, Ann Arbor, Mich.

A New Species for Michigan.—Recently, while looking over the collection of birds in the Kent Scientific Museum, Grand Rapids, Michigan, the writer found a mounted Western Grebe (Aechmophorus occidentalis). It was taken at Fox Creek Station, Cascade Township, Kent County, Michigan, on February 17, 1917, and donated by Fred Esbaugh, Grand Rapids, Michigan. Barrows (1912) knew of no Michigan specimens, and although the species had been several times reported, he doubted the indentification.—Norman A. Wood, Ann Arbor, Mich.