

but, at the same time not to the extent of throwing back the migration of a species to such an extent as the above.

It might also be of interest to state that on the day these birds were first seen, the writer spent the day in the field in company with Mr. Lester L. Walsh, of Ridgewood, N. J. and a total of one hundred and twelve species was the result of our observations, from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. This is the highest number of birds ever seen in one day in South Carolina, and it would be interesting to know how this record compares with other sections of the country. Mr. Walsh tells me that he once saw one hundred and four species in one day, in the vicinity of Barnegat Bay, N. J., this being his highest mark.—ALEXANDER SPRUNT, JR., *Charleston, S. C.*

**First Record of the Lark Bunting for Ontario.**—The wandering propensity of the Lark Bunting (*Calamospiza melanocorys*) is well known but up to the present time the name of the species has not been included in any list of Ontario birds. While collecting during the summer of 1925 at Lake Abitibi (Ontario-Quebec boundary) the writer secured a female specimen (R.O.M.Z. No. 25, 10, 16, 159) in the clearing at Lowbush on June 5. Three days later, what was thought to be another female was observed but not being familiar with the species in the field this observation is not considered certain. During the subsequent two months no others were seen.—L. L. SNYDER, *Royal Ontario Museum of Zoology, Toronto, Ontario.*

**Migration of the Purple Martin at Vicksburg, Michigan.**—For thirty years I have kept record of the arrival and departure of the Purple Martin (*Progne subis subis*) at Vicksburg, Mich.

In the following table are given the data of arrival and number of individuals seen for each year from 1896 to 1926 with the exception of 1899; and the date of departure for all but three years.

The average arrival date is April 8 and that of departure August 25.

1896	April 11	6	Aug. 24
1897	March 29	2	Aug. 27
1898	April 13	2	Sept. 1
1899	—	—	—
1900	April 1	2	Aug. 23
1901	April 10	1	Aug. 28
1902	April 9	1	Aug. 20
1903	May 8	3	Sept. 3
1904	April 6	25	Aug. 20
1905	April 14	2	—
1906	March 6	4	Aug. 23
1907	April 4	3	Sept. 2
1908	April 15	2	Aug. 15
1909	April 14	3	Sept. 3
1910	April 9	1	Sept. 1

1911	April	13	3	Aug. 24
1912	April	5	2	Aug. 30
1913	April	12	5	Sept. 1
1914	April	13	2	Aug. 27
1915	April	14	3	Aug. 18
1916	April	10	2	Aug. 20
1917	April	14	1	—
1918	April	2	1	Aug. 23
1919	March	24	1	Aug. 19
1920	March	25	1	Aug. 29
1921	April	4	2	Aug. 27
1922	March	27	1	Aug. 24
1923	April	7	3	Aug. 20
1924	April	4	3	Aug. 20
1925	April	7	6	Aug. 27
1926	April	10	3	

F. W. RAPP, *Vicksburg, Michigan.*

**Prothonotary Warbler at Washington, D. C.**—On May 9, 1926, I saw a male Prothonotary Warbler on the lower guard rail timbers of the railroad bridge over Neabsco Creek. I watched it from the top of the bridge for fully five minutes. At no time during this period of observation was it at a greater distance from me than twenty-five or thirty feet, and aided by an 8X Zeiss glass its rich orange head, ashy-gray rump and partly white outer tail feathers were readily discernible. To have watched it longer would have been dangerous, as a train was rapidly approaching the bridge. However, it was with some hesitancy that I relinquished my stand, well realizing the improbability of my ever seeing the bird again.—BRENT M. MORGAN, *Washington, D. C.*

**Spotted Egg of Swainson's Warbler.**—In a set of three eggs of the Swainson's Warbler (*Limnothlypis swainsoni*), found June 6, 1924 near Mt. Pleasant, South Carolina, one egg is faintly though distinctly speckled around the larger end with reddish brown; the other two eggs are entirely unmarked; all three have a distinct greenish tinge. They measure, respectively, 75 × 55 (spotted one); 75 × 60; 74 × 60. When found, they contained very small embryos.

The nest is extremely bulky but compactly and beautifully made of twigs, leaves, grape vine and pine needles: it is thickly lined with the latter article. It was three feet from the ground, supported by vines and briars and located in a dense, though dry, swamp.—EDWARD VON S. DINGLE, *Mount Pleasant, S. C.*

**Warblers at Sea.**—On my way from South America in 1921, our steamship, the Prins Frederik Hendrik of the Royal Dutch West India Mail, touched at Porto Rico, Hayti, October 26, and left the same night for New York. We were in the wake of a bad storm, and it was still very