is based upon a fourth collection made by George Forrest and including 179 species, many of which were not contained in his previous collections from the same country. All of the specimens of each species are listed with frequent brief annotations, and two forms are described as new, Streptopelia chinensis forresti (p. 293) and Pnoepyga squamata magnirostris (p. 297).

—W. S.

Hartert on the Types in the Tring Museum.—In his sixth installment of the Catalogue of Types of birds in the general collection of the Tring Museum, Dr. Hartert covers the Owls, Hawks, Herons, Anseres and Steganopodes. Incidentally it is pointed out that in the type of *Phaethon lepturus dorothaea* Mathews, the only "Yellow-billed" Tropic Bird with a red bill, as figured in the 'Birds of Australia,' has in reality a yellow bill which has been painted red.—W. S.

Bangs and Penard on the Henry Bryant Types of Birds.—Dr. Henry Bryant, an active ornithologist in the sixties and a member of the Boston Society of Natural History who described and collected many West Indian birds and died while on an expedition to Porto Rico in 1867, named in all six genera and 28 new species and subspecies, and most of his type specimens, with the rest of his collection came eventually to the Museum of Comparative Zoology. Messrs. Bangs and Penard have in this paper² given a list of the Bryant types and their present location, some few having been given to other institutions by the collector's widow. There is also a bibliography of Dr. Bryant's ornithological writings and a list of all of the new forms described by him.—W. S.

Recent Papers by Peters.—Mr. James L. Peters describes³ two new species of birds from a collection made in Argentina by J. Morgensen and presented to the Museum of Comparative Zoology by Dr. Thomas Barbour. These are *Ceophloeus erythrops fulcitus* (p. 195) Chaco, and *Piaya cayana morgenseni* (195) Tucuman.

In another paper he described *Holoquiscalus lugubris contrusus* (p. 175) from St. Vincent, 1700 ft. elevation in the mountains. It seems that there are two forms of Grackle in this island, the second belonging to the other West Indian species—i. e., *Q. fortirostris dispar* Clark. Incidentally, Mr. Peters examined the types of Cassin's *Q. mexicanus* and *Q. rectirostris* in the Philadelphia Academy collection, which have always been perplexing to students of the West Indian *Quiscali*. The former which, as is obvious

¹ Types of Birds in the Tring Museum. By Ernst Hartert, Ph.D. B. Types in the General Collection. VI. Novitates. Zool. XXXII, pp. 259-276. December, 1925

² The Henry Bryant Types of Birds. By Outram Bangs and Thomas E. Penard. Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool., LXVII, No. 3, pp. 197-207. June, 1925.

³ Two New Birds from Argentina. By James L. Peters. Occas. Papers Boston Soc. Nat. Hist., Vol. 5, pp. 195–196. January 30, 1926.

⁴A New Grackle from St. Vincent, Lesser Antilles. By James L. Peters. Ibid., Vol. 5, pp. 175–176. December 18, 1925.