

materially. The plates in this part represent captive "Ruby-throats"—Thrushes not Hummingbirds, a nest in situ of *Terpsiphone incei* and photographs of the Shanhaiknan River.—W. S.

**Lynes on the Ornithology of Sous Territory, South Morocco.** This important paper<sup>1</sup> describes a trip during May and June to the Sous Territory of Morocco, south of the Great Atlas, a region of which nothing was known zoologically, owing to the former hostility of the Berber natives. After an account of his itinerary and the physical characteristics of the country, the author groups the birds and plants ecologically in ten "type habitats," following which is a well annotated catalogue of the birds with the description of one new form, *Turdoides (Crateropus) fulvus maroccanus* (p. 49) Taroudant. Admiral Lynes concludes from his studies of the fauna and flora that the region is closely allied zoogeographically, to South Morocco, north of the Great Atlas, and probably quite different from the country lying south of the Little Atlas, which had yet to be explored. He adds two species to the fauna of Morocco *Oenanthe moesta* and *Pterocles senegallus* and thinks that the local races of *Hirundo rustica* and *Motacilla flava* will eventually prove separable.

A colored map accompanies the report and a number of reproductions of photographs illustrating the character of the country.—W. S.

**Levauden et al. on the Ornithology of Tunisia.**—This short paper<sup>2</sup> is a supplement to J. I. S. Whitaker's 'Birds of Tunisia,' 1905, and consists of numerous comments and additions to that work. These are run together in paragraphs under family headings so that the matter is not so conveniently accessible as if each species stood out alone.

There is a half-tone plate of the Vulture, *Torgos tracheliotus nubicus*.—W. S.

**'Aves' for 1924.**<sup>3</sup>—We have so frequently had occasion to praise Mr. W. L. Sclater's painstaking labors in preparing the 'Aves' for the 'Zoological Record,' the usefulness of this work, and the unselfishness of the Zoological Society of London in maintaining its publication, that there is little left to say on the matter except to announce the appearance of the volume for 1924 with the 'Aves' section as full and satisfactory as ever, comprising no less than 988 titles.

Inasmuch as it is humanly impossible to avoid making some errors in a compilation of this magnitude we would correct a small one, not in a spirit of criticism but for the sake of accuracy, i.e., the listing of one author, Bradshaw H. Swales, as "H. S. Bradshaw."

<sup>1</sup> Ornithology of the Sous Territory of Southern Morocco. By Rear-Admiral Hubert Lynes. Mémoires de la Société des Sciences Naturelles du Maroc. No. XIII, Part 1, October 30, 1925. Pp. 1-82.

<sup>2</sup> Contributions à l'Ornithologie Tunisiennne pour servir de complément et de supplément aux Birds of Tunisia, de J. I. S. Whitaker (1905) par L. Levauden, A. Blanchet et P. Bédé. Bull. de la Direction Générale de l'Agriculture, du Commerce et de la Colonisation, Tunis, 1924, pp. 1-26.

<sup>3</sup> Aves. Zool. Record LXI, 1924. By W. L. Sclater, pp. 1-75. Price 7/6. November, 1925. (Zool. Soc. London, Regent's Park, London, N. W. 8.)