Ornithological Articles in Other Journals.¹

Smith, Harlan I. Eagle Snaring among the Bellacoola Indians. (Canadian Field-Naturalist, November, 1924.)

Lewis, Harrison F. The National Aspect of Game Conservation. (Canadian Field-Naturalist, November, 1924.)

Munro, J. A. A Preliminary Report on the Destruction of Birds at Lighthouses on the Coast of British Columbia. (Canadian Field-Naturalist, November, 1924.) (concluded.)

Munro, J. A. Miscellaneous Bird Notes from Southern Vancouver Island. (Canadian Field Naturalist, November, 1924.) (concluded.)

Munro, J. A. Notes on the Measurements and Soft Parts of Three Trumpeter Swans *Cygnus buccinator*. (Canadian Field Naturalist, November, 1924.)—Two in the Brewster-Sanford Collection, American Museum of Natural History and one in Mr. Munro's collection. The former taken in British Columbia on April 2, 1918, and the last on January 7, 1924.

McKeough, Geo. T. Notes on Some Game Birds in the County of Kent, Ontario, Season of 1924. (Canadian Field Naturalist, December, 1924.)

Delury, R. E. The Experimental Farm as a Bird Sanctuary. (Canadian Field Naturalist, January, 1925.)

Lloyd, Hoyes. The Birds of Ottawa—Addenda to October 2, 1924 (Canadian Field-Naturalist, January, 1925.) A number of Canadian. Christmas bird censuses are published in this number many of which are additional to those in 'Bird Lore.'

Rowan, William. The Canadian Counterpart of the Black-headed Gull. (Country Life (London) January 3, 1925.)—With beautiful illustrations from photographs of immense breeding colonies of the Franklin's Gull in Alberta.

Sutton, George M. The Winter Bird-Citizens of Pennsylvania. (Motor Mention, January, 1925.)

Shufeldt, R. W. The Flicker—A favorite Woodpecker. (Normal Instructor and Primary Plans., February, 1925.)

Shufeldt, R. W. Birds of Central America. (Bulletin of the Pan American Union, February, 1925.)

Shufeldt, R. W. The Dusky Grouse. (Outdoor Recreation, February, 1925.)

Gladstone, Hugh S. The Great Bustard in Scotland. (Scottish Naturalist, November-December, 1924.)

Phillips, John C. A Pink-footed Goose taken in Essex County, Mass. (Bull. Boston Soc. Nat. Hist., No. 34, January, 1925.)

¹Some of these Journals are received in exchange, others are examined in the library of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia. The Editor is under obligations to Mr. J. A. G. Rehn for a list of ornithological articles contained in the accessions to the library from week to week. **Stoner, Dayton.** The Toll of the Automobile. (Science, January 16, 1925,)—A list of the species of birds, mammals and reptiles found dead along automobile roads in Iowa. On roads where the surface was good and speeding was possible the mortality was greatest, and on such a road 105 dead animals were counted in traversing 211 miles, 39 of them being Red-headed Woodpeckers, 53 of which were found dead on two successive automobile trips.

Corsan, George. How Birds Saved My Trees. (American Forests and Forest Life, February, 1925.)

Oliver, Douglas. A Missionary to Bird Land. (American Forests and Forest Life, January, 1925.)—An Account of Jack Miner and his Geese.

Pearson, T. Gilbert. Conservative Conservation. (National Asso. of Audubon Societies. Circular 9.)

Pearson, T. Gilbert. Is American Game Protection a Success? (National Asso. of Audubon Societies, Circular 8.)

Norton, Arthur H. The Semipalmated Sandpiper in Aroostook Co. (Maine Naturalist, IV, No. 4.)

Norton, Arthur H. Notes on the Birds of the Knox County Region (continued). (Maine Naturalist, IV, No. 4, pp. 95-110.)

Lermond, N. W. Black Skimmer taken in Knox Co. (Maine Naturalist, IV, No. 4.)

Berlioz, J. Study of a Collection of Hummingbirds obtained by Capt. d'Espinay in the vicinity of Quito, Ecuador. (Bull. Mus. Nat. Hist. Nat. 1924, No. 3.) [In French.]

CORRESPONDENCE.

"Danger in Bird Traps."

Editor of 'The Auk':

My attention has been directed to the letter from Prof. Wm. Rowan, of the University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, and which appeared in 'The Auk' for January, 1925. The communication deals with bird fatalities due to imperfectly constructed traps and suggests the appointment of "a committee for the purpose of considering all aspects of bird banding activities," etc.

The basis of Prof. Rowan's contentions are his own experiences with the so-called Government Sparrow Trap as described in U. S. Department of Agriculture Circular No. 170, and the data contained in U. S. Department of Agriculture Bulletin No. 1268, entitled "Returns from Banded Birds, 1920 to 1923."