Notes from Luce County, Mich.—ARCTIC THREE-TOED WOODPECKER (Picoides arcticus).—The observation of an individual of this species on June 24, 1924, about two miles south of McMillan, Michigan, would indicate that it had a nest in the vicinity. Since that date I have seen a single bird of this species on September 11, 15 and 20 and October 19. With the exception of the last observation the bird was always seen in the top of a dead evergreen on the east side of McCormick Lake.

Harris's Sparrow (Zonotrichia querula).—On May 21, 1924, I heard an unfamiliar bird song and upon investigation found it to be the song of the Harris's Sparrow. The birds were rather common for about a week, in the yard where the chickens were fed, and also about a box in which I put food for the birds.

TREE SWALLOW (Iridoprocne bicolor).—Tree Swallows have nested in my bird houses since the summer of 1919 and I have been interested in noticing the difference in the time of their arrival since they have established a home here. From 1917 to 1919 my first arrival date was May 17, 31 and 15 respectively, while from 1920 to 1924, after they had taken possession of my boxes, the dates ran April 18, 19, 18, 20 and 19.—Dates of departure that I have recorded are July 31, 1922, and August 28, 1924.—O. M. Bryans, McMillan, Michigan.

Further Notes on North Dakota Birds.—Cooper's Hawk (Accipiter cooperi).—This species was noted but once by the writer in his North Dakota work. We now have three in the museum collection, taken by H. V. Williams at Grafton. Two adult males were taken April 20 and 24, and an adult female, April 27, 1924.

SHARP-SHINNED HAWK (Accipiter velox).—This species is also quite rare in North Dakota. We have received three skins, an adult female taken at Grafton, April 17, 1924, and an adult male and female taken April 20, all by H. V. Williams of Grafton.

PIGEON HAWK (Falco c. columbarius).—An adult female was sent to the museum from Grafton, taken October 7, 1923, by H. V. Williams.

RICHARDSON'S PIGEON HAWK (Falco columbarius richardsonii).—This species was not found in any of the North Dakota collections by the writer in 1920–21. I can now record the taking of one at Bottineau, at the edge of the Turtle Mountains, on June 24, 1924, by Mr. Eastgate. The specimen is now in the collection of H. V. Williams.

Harlan's Hawk (Buteo borealis harlani).—Only one specimen was seen by the writer in North Dakota, but H. V. Williams has since secured and sent to the museum five specimens; two adult males and one immature male collected in October, 1923, one adult female collected October 14, 1923, and another collected April 7, 1924. A fine adult female, now in the collection of Walter Koelz of Ann Arbor, was taken at Grafton, October 18, 1923, by Mr. Williams. In comparing these six specimens with a large series of the Western Red Tail, I find the diagnostic characters of this subspecies constant and well marked; and, from recent field notes of col-

lectors in Nebraska and the Dakotas, it would seem to be quite common, at least not very rare.

Krider's Hawk (*Buteo borealis krideri*).—Two males and one female have been received from Mr. Williams. These specimens were taken September 10, October 14, and October 16, 1923.

SWALLOW-TAILED KITE (Elanoides forficatus).—In my Preliminary List of Birds of North Dakota I could give no State records for this species, and, as the following records are not available to many, I quote the ones given in the 'Nuttall Bulletin' for 1882, p. 59, by D. H. Talbot of Sioux City, Iowa. "On November 14, 1881, when a short distance west of Jamestown, Dakota Territory, I saw several Swallow-tailed Kites flying around apparently in search of food. On November 17, farther to the west, about midway between Jamestown and Bismark, I saw fifty more of these beautiful birds in a flock."

Magpie (Pica pica hudsonia).—Coues, 1878, p. 607 says: "No Magpies seen in the Red River region." The ornithologists of North Dakota told me that the species was working east, but I could give only two records for the Red River Valley. Mr. Williams has sent to the museum the skin of an adult female taken in Grafton, October 24, 1923. He also took a female there on February 20, 1922.

OREGON JUNCO (Junco hyemalis oreganus).—One taken at Grafton, Walsh County, April 5, 1923, by H. V. Williams and now in the collection of the University of Michigan, constitutes an additional species for the state list.

BUFF-BREASTED SANDPIPER (Tryngites subruficollis).—In the museum collection there is a beautiful specimen, taken August 14, 1923, and another, August 26, 1924, at Grafton, North Dakota, by Henry V. Williams.

STILT SANDPIPER (*Micropalama himantopus*).—In my North Dakota list I was not able to give records of this species from eastern North Dakota, but I can now record a good series (20) from Grafton, sent to the museum by H. V. Williams, who collected them there in August, 1923.

Knot (Canutus canutus).—Only two records were known by the writer when the North Dakota list was published. The museum is now in possession of the skins of two males and one female, taken August 18, 25, and 28, 1923, at Grafton, and sent by Mr. Williams.

VIRGINIA RAIL (Rallus virginianus).—One mounted bird only was seen by the writer in North Dakota. Mr. Williams has since sent to the museum skins of a male and female, taken at Grafton in May, 1923.—Norman A. Wood, Museum of Zoology, Univ. of Mich., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Notes from Manitoba.—On May 28, 1924, I took a curiously marked male Stilt Sandpiper (*Micropalama himantopus*) at Whitewater Lake Man. This bird was one of a flock of about 150 individuals of the same species. The body was encircled by a broad white band of which the exterior edge formed a ring round the neck. The posterior edge was a line