

they would be aware of any breeding colony of Flamingoes in their territory. Therefore it seems likely that Dutcher's birds were visitants from the Bahamas.

As the latest published record at my command of the Flamingo in Florida (Mrs. Lucas Brodhead, 'Bird-Lore,' Vol. XII, p. 189, 1910) relates to the shooting of one of only three birds seen on a bank near Upper Matecumbe Key, March 7, 1906, it seems that this magnificent species has finally been forced to withdraw before the ruthless advance of the hordes of tourists and fishermen that in increasing numbers swarm over southern Florida. Flamingoes seen on our shores nowadays are certainly the merest wanderers.—ERNEST G. HOLT, 312 Bell Building, Montgomery, Ala.

Flamingoes in Cuba.—May 2-6 inclusive, 1924, I visited various islands off the north coast of the Province of Camaguey, Cuba, for the purpose of gathering information on the distribution of Flamingoes (*Phoenicopterus ruber*) reported to be in that section of the country. Visits were made especially to the islands of Turiguano, Cayo Coco, and the little group known as the California Islands.

Flamingoes were found in the shallow lagoons of all these islands. The largest assemblage was seen the morning of May 3 on Isla Turiguano where about 700 birds were observed feeding in one flock. All others discovered were in small groups. Old breeding places on all of these islands were visited but the nesting place for 1924 appeared not yet to have been decided upon. All reports indicate that there has been much slaughter of the birds of recent years. Natives take them, especially the young, for food. Something over 1800 Flamingoes were counted on the entire trip.

Among other interesting birds observed in this region were two Great White Herons (*Ardea occidentalis*) and three Limpkins (*Aramus vociferus*) on Isla Turiguano. On this island, as well as in Cayo Coco, Reddish Egrets (*Dichromanassa rufescens*) in the dark, white and pied phases of plumage were seen. Near the latter island breeding colonies of Man-o'-War Birds (*Fregata aquila*), Snowy Egrets (*Egretta candidissima candidissima*), White Ibises (*Guara alba*) and Cormorants were inspected.—T. GILBERT PEARSON, New York City, N. Y.

Hudsonian Curlew in Lake County, Ohio.—There is a certain stretch of beach lying along the south shore of Lake Erie between the Painesville pumping station and Fairport Harbor, about a mile and a quarter in length which has afforded me a great deal of pleasure during the past eleven years. On July 14, 1922, I visited this place and as I approached I saw two large birds in the air which from their long down-curved bills I had no difficulty in identifying as Hudsonian Curlew (*Numenius hudsonicus*). They were flying slowly and easily up the lake and uttered a soft mellow whistle. They soon alighted on the beach and I studied them for some time with my binoculars. They seemed to be uneasy and spent