As a result he recognizes eight species as follows, with the number of subspecies into which each is divided: *sulphurescens*, with six subspecies; *cinereiceps*, with two; *peruvianus*, with two; *marginatus*, two; *megacephalus*, one; *poliocephalus*, three; *grisescens*, one; and *flaviventris*, three. There is a full synonymy and discussions of relationship, with reprints of a number of the original descriptions.—W. S.

**Recent Papers by Bangs and Penard.**—These authors have recently considered the proper name for the Common Jungle Fowl<sup>1</sup> and decide that it should be *Gallus gallus gallus (Linn.)*, the fact that this name was based upon a domestic variety in no way invalidating it. They select Bengal as the type locality. The other two races will therefore become *G. g. bankiva* Temminck, from Sumatra, and *G. g. ferrugineus* (Gmel.), from China.

Mr. Penard calls attention<sup>2</sup> to some untenable names. One, *Planchesia* fusca (Bodd.), is preoccupied and, as there is no other available, he proposes *P. pullata* (p. 21). *Muscicapa sibirica fuliginosa* (Hodgson) being also preoccupied, *M. c. cacabata* (p. 22) is proposed. For the same reason *M. ferruginea* (Hodgson) becomes *M. cinereiceps* (Sharpe) and *Eophona* melanura melanura (Gmel.) becomes *E. migratoria pulla* (p. 22), nom. nov. In another paper,<sup>3</sup> Mr. Penard describes as new from Mt. Roraima, British Guiana: *Chloronerpes rubiginosus roraimae* (p. 29) and *Tanagra violacea* rodwayi (p. 30).

Mr. Bangs has also proposed<sup>4</sup> as a new form, *Buteo lineatus extimus* (p. 35) from the Florida Keys.—W. S.

**Van Oort's 'Birds of Holland.**<sup>15</sup>—Part 5 and the plates of Part 6 of Dr. Van Oort's notable work are now before us, the text to the latter to appear with Part 7. The ten plates of Part 5 illustrate the geese and brant, while those of the next part comprise the Shelldrakes (*Casarca* and *Tadorna*), the Mallard, Gadwall and three species of Teal. The various plumages are fully illustrated, including the summer or "eclipse" plumage of the males, in such species as exhibit this interesting phase. The high standard of both text and plates as described in reviewing the earlier parts is fully maintained.—W. S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Name of the Common Jungle Fowl. By Outram Bangs and Thomas Edward Penard. Proc. N. E. Zool. Club, Vol. VII, pp. 23–25. October 31, 1919.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Some Untenable Names in Ornithology. By Thomas Edward Penard. *Ibid.* pp. 21–22, October 31, 1919.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Two New Birds from Roraima. By Thomas Edward Penard. *Ibid.* pp. 29-31, December 23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>A New Red-shouldered Hawk from the Florida Keys. By Outram Bangs. *Ibid.* pp. 35. January 16, 1920.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Ornithologia Neerlandica. De Vog 18 van Nederland door Dr. E. D. Van Oort. Leiden, Martinus Nijhoff. Part 5 text and plates; part 6, plates only.