wonderful marine aviary — second to none of the natural features of California." In 1884 it is said 300,000 eggs were gathered and the market was glutted, while the present year only 91,740 have been taken. Comparatively few birds are allowed to breed and such merciless persecution can but result in extinction. The commercial value of these rookeries will doubtless prevent their protection from purely sentimental grounds, but if it can be shown that the present course will end in the destruction of the egg industry, it might be possible to secure the enactment of a law which would protect the birds for at least the latter half of the nesting season.— F. M. C.

Ridgway on New Species and Subspecies of Birds¹.—In the three papers here cited, none of which bears date of publication, Mr. Ridgway describes Geothlypis flaveolatus from near Tampico on the Gulf coast of Mexico, a form which, strangely enough, is most closely related to G. beldingi of Lower California; Geospiza pachyryhnca, G. fatigata, Camarhynchus bindloei, C. compressirostris, and C. incertus from the apparently exhaustless Galapagos, and Peucedramus olivaceus aurantiacus from Guatemala.—F. M. C.

Oberholser on Two New Subspecies of Dryobates.²—Comparison of a series of 200 Downy Woodpeckers has impressed Mr. Oberholser with the differences in size and color existing between specimens from the South Atlantic and Gulf States and those from Alaska and northern British America, and he therefore separates these extremes under the names Dryobates pubescens meridionalis (Swainson) and Dryobates pubescens nelsoni (Oberholser) respectively, leaving Dryobates pubescens as a transition form occupying the intervening region.— F. M. C.

Richmond on Mexican Birds.³—This is a nominal list of 58 species, with the number of specimens of each, received by the National Museum

¹I. Description of a New Species of Ground Warbler from Eastern Mexico. By Robert Ridgway, Curator of the Department of Birds. Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., XVIII, p. 119.

^{2.} Preliminary Description of some New Birds from the Galapagos Archipelago. *Ibid.*, p. 293.

^{3.} Description of a New Subspecies of the Genus *Peucedramus*, Coues. *Ibid.*, p. 441.

² Description of Two New Subspecies of the Downy Woodpecker, *Dryobates pubescens* (Linnæus). By Harry C. Oberholser. Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., XVIII, 1895, p. 547.

³ Partial list of Birds collected at Alta Mira, Mexico, by Mr. Frank B. Armstrong. By Charles W. Richmond, Assistant Curator of the Department of Birds. Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., XVIII, 1896, pp. 627-632.