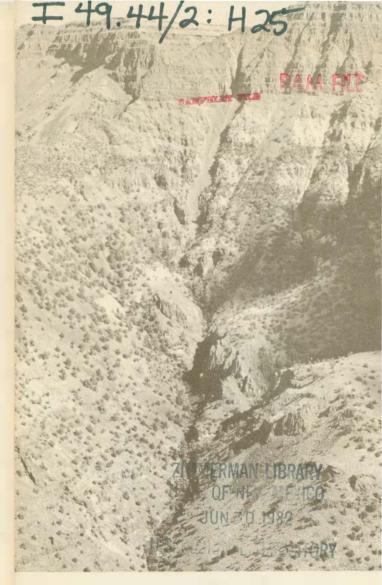




## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

As the nation's principal conservation agency, the Department of the Interior has responsibility for most of our nationally owned public lands and natural resources. This includes fostering the wisest use of our land and water resources, protecting our fish and wildlife, preserving the environmental and cultural values of our national parks and historical places, and providing for the enjoyment of life through enjoyment of life through outdoor recreation. The Department assesses our energy and mineral resources and works to assure that their development is in the best interests of all our people. The Department also has a major responsibility for American Indian reservation communities and for people who live in island territories under U.S. administration.





# HART MOUNTAIN

NATIONAL ANTELOPE REFUGE

RF 14622-1

May 1982



#### THE REFUGE

The 275,000 - acre Hart Mountain National Antelope Refuge was established in 1936 to provide spring, summer and fall range for remnant antelope herds which usually winter in Catlow Valley, to the east, and on the Charles Sheldon Antelope Range about 35 miles southeast in Nevada.

Since then, the purpose of the Refuge has been expanded to include management of all wildlife species characteristic of this high-desert habitat, and to preserve natural, native ecosystems for the enjoyment, education, and appreciation of the public.

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Hart Mountain is a massive fault block ridge rising high above the surrounding rangelands to an elevation of 8,065 feet above sea level. The west side is precipitous, ascending abruptly some 3,600 feet from the floor of Warner Valley in a series of rugged cliffs, steep slopes and knifelike ridges. The face of the mountain is cut by several deep gorges. Hart, Potter and DeGarmo Canyons, the most rugged, extend from the valley floor to the top of the main ridge.

The east side of the mountain is less precipitous, descending in a series of hills and low ridges to the sagebursh-grass ranges typical of southeastern Oregon.

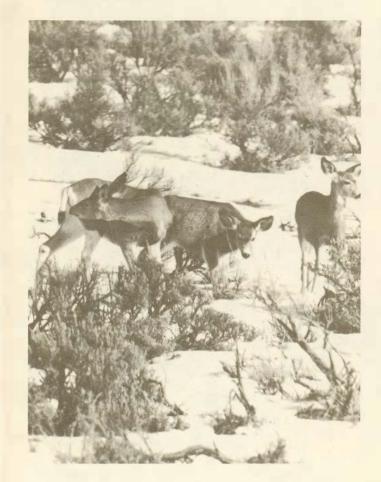
Hart Mountain has been called an oasis in the desert. It is well watered by many fine springs. Rising near the middle of the mountain, Rock Creek traverses a deep canyon in a northeasterly direction, emerging on the open range just above refuge headquarters. Guano, Stockage, and Goat Creeks, rising on the south end of the mountain, flow south and east into Guano Valley. Deer Creek, rising from the intermediatehills, flows east, gradually disappearing into the semi-arid rangeland soils.

#### WILDLIFE

The higher elevations of Hart Mountain are typified by several steep canyons, rocky bluffs and cliffs with snowbrush, wild gooseberry, chokecherry, and aspen thickets. Here we find mule deer, bighorn sheep, golden eagles, prairie falcons and numerous smaller bird species.

In contrast, the lower country to the east with the shallow intermittent lakes, is the preferred area of the antelope, kangaroo rats, burrowing owls, and sage sparrows, and such reptile as rattlesnake, bull snakes, yellow bellied racers and lizards.

Between these extremes, among the big and short sage, mountain mahogany and numerous kinds of bunch grasses are the animals for which the mountain is so well known. Bands of antelope roam the gently-sloping east face. California bighorn sheep have been re-established along the steep and rugged west wall and nearby Poker Jim Ridge. Also living in this vast area are mule deer, coyotes, bobcats, jackrabbits, cottontails, marmots, ground squirrels, nighthawks, red-shafted flickers and many other species of mammals and birds.





### RECREATION

For those interested in wildlife and nature oriented recreation, Hart Mountain offers a variety of opportunities.

#### WILDLIFE OBSERVATION AND PHOTOGRAPHY

are the most popular recreational activities on the Refuge. Early morning and evening are the best times to observe wildlife. Many big game animals can be seen from the improved roads around the Headquarters and south to the Blue Sky area during the summer and fall months.

**FISHING** is available in Rock and Guano Creeks in accordance with State Regulations. An Oregon fishing license is required. Please be aware of current regulations in effect as these may change slightly each year.

CAMPING is allowed year-around at the Hot Springs Camp, three miles south of Refuge Headquarters. Winter snows, or spring thawing may close this road periodically and visitors should check on the condition of this road during those times before planning a camping trip. The area is accessible by cross-country skiing during the winter. Other camps are open during special Refuge hunting seasons. Conditions at all camps are primitive, with not improvement or facilities. Campfires may be prohibited during periods of high fire danger.

**ROCKHOUNDING** is popular on Hart Mountain as it is in most of Southeastern Oregon. Collection of rock specimens is limited to seven pounds per person. Blasting and digging are prohibited. All items of antiquity (including arrowheads) are protected.

**HIKING AND BACKPACKING** in the more remote areas of the Refuge is gaining in popularity as this generally affords the Refuge visitors more unique opportunities to observe and photograph the area and the wildlife.

Overnight backpack camping is permitted by a free special permit obtained at Refuge Headquarters. Some areas of the Mountain may be excluded from hiking during critical times of year, such as when the bighorn sheep are lambing, to prevent undue disturbance.

**HUNTING.** Special hunting seasons are held with emphasis placed on quality hunting experiences. The need to preserve some of the finer traditions of the sport and the fostering of man's appreciation of wildlands and its wildlife species is stressed in hunter orientation programs.

**INFORMATION.** Hart Mountain is located 65 miles northeast of Lakeview, Oregon. It can be reached by county roads from US-395 and Oregon Highway 140. The Refuge is remote. Gasoline and groceries are available at Plush, 25 miles distance, and Adel, 45 miles distance. All tourist facilities are available in Lakeview. Mid-May through October is the best season to visit the Refuge. Even then, road conditions may limit access to parts of the area.

Special regulations regarding public access and use are in effect. Please contact Refuge Headquarters for applicable regulations and current road conditions. Write to or call:

Refuge Manager Hart Mountain National Antelope Refuge P.O. Box 111 Lakeview, Oregon 97630 (503) 947-3315

UNCLE JACOB'S HOMESTEAD

