Another important part of the fall program was the Operation Seawatch with dawn to dusk watching for much of the period 10 September to 7 November, (257 hours). Highlights were 103,960 Scoters of 3 species, 1,648 Loons of 2 species, several thousand other ducks and geese including 235 Brant at Manomet Point on 18 October, and finally 874 Gannets during the autumn.

Other fall studies included a continuation and expansion of the A.E.C. program with more sensitive instruments for detection of lowlevel radiation products, a behaviour study of Dunlin using colorbanded birds caught with the rocket net, the start of an intensive vegetation survey at the Observatory, a further study of local polulations of the House Finch, and additional work on automatic data processing of banding records. Further details of these and other M.B.O. projects can be found in the observatory publications.

--Trevor L. Lloyd-Evans, Staff Biologist

Nantucket Island, Mass. - Edith Andrews

This year the Nantucket station was in operation on 32 days from August 18 through October 27, and banded 911 birds of 60 species with a Birds/100 net hour ratio of 214. Mrs. Andrews writes: "By and large the fall banding on Nantucket was a fiasco. The lack of birds was so acute as to be almost frightening; it was like a stage set - everything ready and waiting for the players to appear and then they didn't come. In spite of this most of the species that we have come to expect did appear, such as Winter Wren (1), Lincoln's Sparrow (2), and Blackburnian Warbler (1). Others, such as Yellowbreasted Chat, Philadelphia Vireo and Chestnut-sided Warbler were observed in the area but not banded. Some days the birds were there but it was just too windy for the nets to work effectively. But even when there were birds they were not concentrated in large numbers as has been the case in the past." The only good flights were after a NNE wind on the night of the 30th of September and after NW or WNW winds on October 6-8, 15-18, 21, 27. Most numerous birds were Yellowrumped Warbler (314), Golden-crowned Kinglet (99) and Brown Creeper (63). Another 21 Golden-crowned Kinglets were released unbanded on a single day. Notable were the scarcity of Red-breasted Nuthatches (6 vs. 52 last year), Cape May Warblers (19:66) and Redstarts (52: 76), but increased were Hermit Thrushes (23:11) and Swainson's Thrushes (18:5)

East Chop, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. - Grace C. Meleney and Mabel Gillespie

It is a personal pleasure to find both of these fine ladies in operation again, the more so since the former is recovering from a broken arm and the latter from a stroke. Despite these handicaps, a respectable 248 birds were banded from August through October. Especially noteworthy were 17 Field Sparrows banded by Miss Meleney and a Yellow Rail by Mrs. Gillespie, the latter having been caught after it landed on a boat on George's Bank east of Nantucket in August. Very few migrants were banded this year, contributing to an area wide view that offshore locations received fewer wind-driven transients than usual.

Kingston, Rhode Island - Douglas L. Kraus

The Kingston station was in operation on 50 days from August 1 - October 28, and 653 birds of 59 species were banded. Dr. Kraus writes: "As you can see. I don't have much exciting to report. With my nets (4) in the same positions as last year I caught the same number of birds but with a 7% increase in net hours. Due to intermittent use of the nets in September. few trends were evident. In early August the ratio of immatures to adults banded was approximately 7:1, indicating a successful nesting season this year in contrast to last year." Most numerous species banded were Catbird (93), Yellowthroat (5) Yellow-rumped Warbler (53), D.E. Junco (52) and Blue-winged Warbler (36). (Note: The numbers of the latter caught at this station often are very surprising to many who consider this species to be rather uncommon but the Blue-wing seems to be very common as a summer resident in the area of the station. A high of 49 was banded in 1967. Most of these birds are caught in a single net which is placed along the edge of a pure stand of Red Maple (Acer rubrum) on one side and an open, sunny, overgrown stone wall on the other.) Increased over last year were Dark-eyed Junco (52:31) and Catbird (93:69) but decreased were White-throated Sparrow (24:77) and Red-eyed Vireo (3:13). Of note was a Sharp-shinned Hawk banded on October 13th.

Block Island, Rhode Island - Elise Lapham

The Block Island station was in operation August 14-17, September 20-30, and October 1-13, 15-19 using 2-8 nets. In all, 1591 birds of 74 species banded on 35 days compared to 1607 banded last year on 33 days. Birds/100 net hours was 105. In general the fall weather produced very few notable flights, but small influxes of birds were noted after northwesterly winds on September 29, October 6, and 16. Most numerous species were Catbird (174), Golden-crowned Kinglet (126), Red-eyed Vireo (110), Yellow-rumped Warbler (395), Song sparrow (57), Hermit Thrush (39) and Swainson's Thrush (43). Species which decreased compared with last year were White-throated Sparrow (44:113), Hermit Thrush (39:92) and Ruby-crowned Kinglet (21:92). Increased were Red-eyed Vireo (110:74), Black-throated Blue Warbler (32:14), Northern Water-thrush (22:8), Yellow-throat (70:37), Swainson's Thrush (43:19) and Veery (22:1). Of particular note was a Kentucky Warbler banded on September 21 and a Merlin on October 11, the latter caught in a $1\frac{1}{4}$ mesh net. The most unusual bird at the station was not banded: a Black Vulture, representing the first known fall occurrence for Rhode Island, remained in the vicinity of the station for about a week (October 12-19), and would allow an approach to within 30 feet. A Canada Warbler was banded on October 6th, the latest record of this early migrant for the state by about a week.

--Edited by: Richard L. Ferren, Berkshire Community College, Pittsfield, Massachusetts 01201

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SPRING 1974



Antonio Salvadori was born in Cesena, Italy in 1941. He received his early schooling in Florence. In 1950 the family moved to Dublin, Ireland. During his high school days at Belvedere College he became a member of the Field Club and became interested in birding and nature in general. After receiving his learning certificate he attended University College, Dublin where in 1962 he received an honours Mathematics degree. While he was studying he used to take strolls along the

seashore for relaxation and marvelled at the abundance and beauty of the many seabirds in and around Dublin. He further studied for a Master's degree at U.C.D. and in the fall of 1963 came to Canada. Whilst studying for a Ph.D. in physics at McMaster University, Hamilton he met John Miles who introduced him to bird banding and E.B.B.A. Indeed his enthusiasm was such that he soon took a very active part in banding in southern Ontario becoming the president of the Ontario Bird Banding Association for a term.

After finishing his Ph.D. in 1967 he moved to the University of Guelph, Ontario where he now is an Associate Professor in the Department of Computing and Information Science. He is a member of E.B.B.A., N.E.B.B.A., O.B.B.A., National Audubon, Federation of Ontario Naturalists, Irish Wildbird Conservancy etc. His favorite birds are, naturally enough, seabirds, which he only gets to see once every few years, and in particular the Puffin, which he has banded in Ireland.

In and around Guelph he bands Bluebirds, Tree Swallows, Goldfinches and Black-crowned Night Herons. Dr. Salvadori is a life member of EBBA.

CORRIGENDUM: In EBBA NEWS, Winter 1974 issue, BANDING LITERATURE NEWS (37:39), there is a glowing mistake in the Editor's note that prefixes this section. PLEASE DO NOT WRITE THE EDITORS FOR REPRINTS OF THE PAPERS YOU WOULD WISH TO ORDER. The sentence pertaining to this error should read: "By providing this service, we will give you the opportunity to write the AUTHORS IN periodicals reviewed, for reprints of individual papers". My sincere apologies. Editor