DIETS OF NORTH AMERICAN FALCONIFORMES*

Steve K. Sherrod Laboratory of Ornithology Cornell University Ithaca, New York 14850

Introduction

Most birds are predatory sometime during their lives whether we consider a hummingbird such as the Purple-Mountain Gem (*Lampornis calolaema*) hawking insects in the forests of Costa Rica (Snow 1977) or the giant Monkey-eating Eagle (*Pithecophaga jefferyi*) killing a primate in the Philippine jungles (Kennedy 1977). Generally, however, one thinks of members of the orders Falconiformes and Strigiformes as birds of prey, and occasionally, certain other species, such as members of the Corvidae, are included within this classification in the functional sense.

For the purpose of this discussion, only the Falconiformes, or the vultures, kites, hawks, eagles, and falcons of North America, are considered. Evidence presented by Sibley and Ahlquist (1972) indicates that this order is polyphyletic in origin, and its members may represent analogous solutions by several groups to fill certain similar voids within the myriad of ecological niches. Nevertheless, the physical characteristics common to these birds usually include a sharp hooked beak for tearing flesh, strong grasping feet with large sharp talons for holding or killing prey (vultures excluded), and particularly keen eyesight. Other adaptations vary widely and may directly influence the diet of a raptor by facilitating the capture of prey, or more indirectly, may assist a particular predatory bird in penetrating an environment less crowded with competitors.

Some raptors, such as the Everglade Kite (Rostrhamus sociabilis) with its long and pointed, hooked beak adapted for manipulating and removing the soft bodies of the Apple Snail (Pomacea) from its shell (Snyder and Snyder 1969), are highly specialized for predation upon a single animal. Consequently the range of the predator is limited by the range of the prey, and any decline in the prey population influences that of the predator. Other raptors such as the Bald Eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus) are more versatile and feed on a wide variety of prey, often utilizing for the most part different classes of foods in different parts of their range (Herrick 1924; Sherrod, White, and Williamson 1977). Changes in diet according to the season and the availability of certain prey species, as during migration, are also common, exemplified by the switch from vertebrate to invertebrate prey in the spring by American Kestrels (Falco sparverius) in certain localities (Breckenridge and Errington 1938). Both of the last two mentioned raptors are examples of generalists. As a rule they are much more widely distributed than specialists, and, although declines in one prey species may affect the predator populations, these raptors can rely more heavily on other prey species during periods of

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hardship. Most birds of prey are closer to being generalists but can be classified as intermediate between these two extremes. Overall, raptors are opportunists and given certain circumstances (prey abundance, vulnerability of prey, hunger of hawk) will attack a wide variety of prey within their general capabilities.

The Diet of Raptors in the Wild

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There are roughly five methods of determining the diet of wild raptors. Each method seems to have advantages and disadvantages as discussed, in part, in the literature (Errington 1930, 1932; Bond 1936; Hartley 1948).

The first is simply to collect the raptor and examine the contents of its crop and stomach. This method yields a higher percentage of smaller or invertebrate items in raptor diets than other methods, but some prey in the stomach will be unidentifiable. In addition to the fact that some stomachs will be empty, this technique yields a minimum amount of data per bird when compared with most of the other procedures used. More importantly, since the existence of a number of raptors is threatened, this procedure is rarely acceptable today. It was principally used by early government biologists (Fisher 1893, McAtee 1935) to determine which species of raptors were "good" and which were "harmful." If stomach contents are deemed essential, emetic techniques such as those discussed by Tomback (1975) might be adapted to raptors without sacrificing the bird.

A second method is to examine nests or plucking perches near the nest for remains of prey animals which adults have been eating or feeding to the young. This technique may favor larger prey species since smaller specimens may be swallowed whole or in a few bites with little plucking, while feathers, fur, and bones are nearly always left from larger items.

Examination of regurgitated pellets comprises a third method of prey identification. The pellets can be picked up regularly under roosts or nests and analyzed for content. The value of pellet examination varies, and since bones can be digested to different degrees and fur or feathers likewise destroyed, these castings can sometimes reveal qualitatively but not quantitatively the species eaten. Certain foods, such as fish or insects, may leave little casting material that can later be found when regurgitated since a pellet formed of scales or exoskeletons quickly flakes apart and is lost.

A fourth technique is to squeeze the food in the nestlings' crops out through the mouth and examine the contents. As the fledglings grow older, they are tethered at the base of the nest tree to facilitate their examination. This gives an accurate account of the items which the adults are catching during the breeding season, and has been used successfully by some experienced raptor biologists. However, there are four reasons why inexperienced workers should avoid this technique. Firstly, nestlings are fed certain amounts of roughage, including bones, and to force this mass back up the throat may tear esophageal tissue. Secondly, it subjects the young to an obvious decrease in nutrition, unless the sample is replaced or substituted with other food. Thirdly, young raptors in nests are frequently depredated by mammals following human scent up the trees, and to place these birds on the ground increases depredation. Peterson and Keir (1976) present suggestions for constructing platforms which should reduce such losses.

Lastly, to hold fledglings in this manner "far past the time that the young would have left their nests, until the adults no longer brought food" as suggested by Errington and Breckenridge (1936) prescribes an uncertain future for these offspring. Most raptors undergo an extensive post-nest departure dependency period during which the family

group travels and may even hunt together as do the Peregrine Falcon (Falco peregrinus; Sherrod, in prep.). Preventing this family group association up to the time when the adult deserts the tethered young may delay the development of normal hunting behavior until after offspring can no longer receive additional food from the parents, thus increasing the chance of mortality for such individuals.

The last method is by observation of raptors with prey. This may be accomplished by constructing a blind near the nest and observing the prey that the adults bring in. In some cases, birds may be observed hunting in the field or frightened off kills. Prey brought to the nest is often plucked thoroughly and may be difficult to identify. This method also employs a considerable amount of time. To witness a raptor kill in the field is rare for the proportion of time spent, and gives little quantitatively concerning overall diet.

Whatever the method used, data collected from only one bird or one nest can be highly misleading as to diet of the species since certain individuals may tend to prey on a particular animal which is plentiful in their hunting area or which they have become very adept at catching. The material available for analysis of the diet of wild Falconiformes has been collected by all of the techniques discussed above and is explained for each account under "Methods Information" in the tables. It is presented in the literature in a number of different manners. For some species the material is voluminous, and for others little data exists. In the latter case, I have asked biologists who are working with the species for unpublished data which they have collected. This collection of diet data is presented merely as being representative, but by no means is it inclusive of all information available in the literature. I have generally used the following format in treatment of each species, but have found it necessary to diverge in certain cases. To give some idea of the overall diet, I have consulted collective references (Bent 1937, Brown and Amadon 1968). Accounts related by Bent (1937) are referenced as Bent (1937 or 1938) only. This and other collective references allow the possibility of some duplication of materials. I have then included the percentages of broad classes presented by Snyder and Wiley (1976).

Next I have taken the extensive stomach content records collected throughout the United States and published by Fisher (1893), and recalculated them as percentage diets by numbers. This account is often vague and in some cases expressed in plurals (e.g., insects). In such a case I have calculated these entries to mean two specimens of the species in question. This liberty undoubtedly will result in error since there may have been twenty insects instead of two. However, these samples are usually taken throughout the year and throughout the range of the bird in North America and, I feel, are extremely valuable even with errors included. Considering the opportunistic nature of birds of prey discussed earlier, we may assume, if an item occurs more often than "extremely rarely" in a given sample, that a raptor will feed on it if it is available. In other words, the exact percentages of certain prey species in the diet are without doubt not of an absolute nature. I have classified each item of Fisher's as closely as possible from the material given in his accounts.

Other comprehensive accounts of raptor stomach analyses may be less detailed, cover a lesser geographic range and therefore fewer species, or may present formats which are difficult to integrate with the material presented in this summary. Therefore, the reader is advised to examine the following: Warren 1890, especially Bailey 1918, Hausman 1928, Snyder 1932, May 1935, and McAtee 1935.

Lastly, several specific studies on the bird concerned, preferably from different parts of the range, are given. These are the only accounts, in addition to Fisher (1893) and a few other exceptions, to include the scientific names of prey species. All presentations are made on the basis of numbers and not biomass. Should the reader desire information of the latter nature, he need simply acquire sample weights from museum specimens and make the appropriate calculations. A percentage in parentheses included in the tables gives the proportion which that general class (mammal, bird, reptile and amphibian, fish, invertebrate, other) comprises. The scientific names of the species are given alphabetically by common name in Appendix I.

The nomenclature used in these tables is from the following sources:

Mammals-Jones, Carter, and Genoways 1975

Birds-Monrony, Bock, and Farrand 1975; Robbins, Bruun, Zim, and Singer 1966

Reptiles and Amphibians-Conant 1975; Stebbins 1966

Fishes-Bailey, Fitch, Herald, Lachner, Lindsey, Robins, and Scott 1970

Invertebrates—Borror and White 1970 and other various sources

In some cases where the old nomenclature is unclear, it has been retained.

Bird of Prey Diet Tables

KEY TO METHODS INFORMATION ABBREVIATIONS

C—Account from pellet or casting examination

D-Observations made throughout area of distribution

F-Fall

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G-General reference

I-Account from individual bird or individual nest

O—Account from observation of adults bringing in food to young or observations of predation in field

M-Miscellaneous

P—Account from at least two birds or nests (group or population)

R-Account from examination of prey remains at nest, in crop of young, or at plucking perches

S-Account from stomach analysis

Sp-Spring

Su-Summer

ui-Unidentified

W-Winter

Y-Year round

North American Vultures (Cathartidae)

Observation of vultures feeding on carrion rarely seems to be worthy of note since this is their presumed food. As a result of this fact and the difficulty of identification, little is published on this type of food source. The Cathartids do take some live prey as several of the following observations suggest, but to what extent is not known. It is these presumable exceptions to the diet that are currently most frequently published.

Table 1. Turkey Vulture (Cathartes aura) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Garbage, offal, dead animals including domestic stock, small mammals, skunks, birds, alligators, snakes, turtles, tadpoles. Newly born pigs, nestling herons and ibises, young and weakly chickens, fish, grasshoppers, rotting pumpkins.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Carrion and offal of all sorts, road kills, remains around mammal dens, sea lion dung, exceptionally rotting fruit and vegetables including pumpkins and oil palm nuts. Young live animals including nestling ibises, herons, and eggs.
Mueller and Berger 1967 O, I, F Wisconsin	Live, tethered house sparrow
Temple 1969 O, I, Su Ohio	Fish regurgitated by pirated heron, and carrion.
Rea 1973 S, C, P, Sp, Su Arizona, New Mexico	Mammals to include 4 or more young White-throated Woodrats, 2 ui rodents (Rodentia), sheep remains, 2 ui mammals. Birds to include 1 mourning dove, 1 immature bank swallow, and 1 ui bird (Aves). 2 ui snakes (Serpentes). 3 masses putrid flesh. (Sample too small for percentages.)

Table 2. Black Vulture (Coragyps atratus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Chiefly carrion from dump heaps, sewers, and butcher shops; dead domestic animals; animal excrement. Young pigs, lambs, kids, eyes of newborn calves or laboring cattle. Domestic chicks, and heron and cormorant nestlings.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Garbage, offal, carrion, excrement, carcasses of dead animals. Skunks. Live helpless animals such as newborn piglets and calves, birds to include herons and young seabirds, baby sea turtles and turtle eggs. Pungent vegetable matter such as avocados and oil palm fruit.

Steirly 1966 O, P, Sp Virginia	Newborn domestic pigs	
Stewart 1974 O, I, Sp Virginia	Animal intestine or placenta	

Table 3. California Condor (Gymnogyps californianus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Dead animals such as deer, bear, and salmon.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Entirely carrion—chiefly of large mammals, small mammals where large numbers have been killed. Dead domestic animals to include cattle, calves, sheep, horses, and deer. Ground squirrels.
Koford 1953 G, O	Prehistorically, animals trapped in tar pits and large carnivore kills. Dead whales on coasts, bison (Bison), dwarf elk, and pronghorns. Carcasses of domestic stock and poisoned ground squirrels (Spermophilus), and trapped carnivores (Carnivora).

Kites (Accipitridae)

Table 4. White-tailed Kite (Elanus leucurus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Many small mammals to include shrews, ground squir- rels, pocket gophers, field mice, and wood rats. Few larger mammals and small birds. Lizards, small snakes, and insects to include crickets, grasshoppers, and beetles.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Chiefly mice (<i>Microtus</i> spp., <i>Mus</i> spp.) and other small mammals and insects. Occasionally small birds, lizards, and amphibians.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (100%).
Bond, 1940 C, I, Su California	Mammals (100%) to include 26 California voles.

Hawbecker 1942 C, P, Sp-Su California	Mammals (100%) to include 2 ui harvest mice (Reithrodontomys sp.) and 95 ui voles (Microtus sp.).
Dixon, Dixon, and Dixon 1957 C, P, Y, Sp California	Mammals to include 1 ui shrew (Sorex sp.), 1 ui gopher (Thomomys sp.), 13 western harvest mice, 1 deer mouse, 1 ui small mouse (Rodentia), 1 ui woodrat (Neotoma), 134 California voles, and 48 house mice. (Total mammals 99%.) Birds to include 2 ui small specimens (Aves). (Total birds 1%.)
Stendell and Myers 1973 C, P, Su California	Mammals to include ui pocket gophers (<i>Thomomys</i> sp., 6.3%), California pocket mice (.7%), ui kangaroo rat (<i>Dipodomys</i> sp., 1.3%), western harvest mice (5%), and California vole (85.3%). Birds (Aves). (Total birds .3%.) Insects (Insecta). (Total invertebrates 1%.)

Table 5. Mississippi Kite (Ictinia misisippiensis) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mice, young rabbits, lizards, small snakes, toads, frogs, and insects to include dragonflies, locusts, cicadas, grasshoppers, crickets, katydids, and large beetles.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Bats, possibly swallows, lizards, frogs, fish. Flying insects including dragonflies.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (0), birds (0), vertebrates (.2%), lower vertebrates (.2%), invertebrates (99.8%)° °% unclear in original publication.
Sutton 1939 S, P, Sp-Su Oklahoma	Fishes to include 1 ui specimen (Pisces). (Total fishes .3%.) Almost totally insects to include 4 ui hymenopterans (Hymenoptera), 10 ui short-horned grasshoppers (Acrididae), 5 ui band-winged grasshoppers (Oedipodinae), 3 ui band-winged grasshoppers (Hippiscus sp.), 2 ui short-horned grasshoppers (Trimerotropis sp.), 128 ui grasshoppers (Melanoplus sp.), 60 camel crickets, 1 bill bug, 1 plant bug, 1 ui chinch bug (Geocoris sp.), 1 ui Coreidae, 21 ui leaf-legged bugs (Leptoglossus sp.), 3 ui Pentatomidae, 1 stink bug (Euschistus variolarius), 9 ui stink bugs (Euschistus sp.), 1 stink bug (Chlorochora ligata), 1 stink bug (Periballus limbolarius), 6 ui stink bugs (Nezara sp.), 4 ui tiger beetles (Cincindela sp.), 6 ui ground beetles (Carabidae), 2

ground beetle (Geopoinus incrassatus), 13 ui ground beetles (Selenophorus sp.), 9 ui ground beetles (Triplectus sp.), 2 ui ground beetles (Harpalus sp.), 1 ui ground beetle (Amara sp.), 3 ui ground beetles (Calosoma sp.), 2 ground beetle (Calosoma obsoletum), 5 ui ground beetles (Platynus sp.), 2 ui diving beetles (Dysticidae), 1 ui scavenger beetle (Hister sp.), 1 water scavenger beetle, 4 ui carrion beetles (Necrophorus sp.), 1 ui rove beetle (Staphylinidae), 1 ui scarab beetle (Scarabaeidae), 6 dung beetles, 1 ui tumble bug (Scarabaeinae), 3 ui scarab beetles (Canthon sp.), 1 ui dung beetle (Copris sp.), 1 ui skin beetle (Dermestes sp.), 1 ui May beetle (Phyllophaga sp.), 2 ui long-horned beetles (Cerambycidae), 1 ui snout beetle (Curculionidae), 1 ui weevil (Lixus sp.), 1 ui lepidopteran (Lepidoptera), 2 ui sphinx moths (Sphingidae), 1 ui fly (Diptera), 2 ui robber flies (Asilidae), 3 ui assassin flies (Dasyllus sp.), 2 wasps, 1 ui ant (Formicidae), 1 ui spider wasp (Pompilidae), 1 ui vespid wasp (Vespidae), 1 ui paper wasp (Polistes sp.), 2 ui sphecid wasps (Sphecidae), 2 solitary wasps, 1 ui solitary wasp (Odynerus sp.), 1 ui bee (Halicitidae), and 2 ui bees (probably Andrena). (Total invertebrates 99.7%.)

Skinner 1962 O, P, Su Alabama Insects to include ui May beetles (*Phyllophaga* sp.), Carolina locusts, ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), and ui dragonflies (Odonata).

Fitch 1963 C, P, Su Kansas Invertebrates to include 3 gay-winged locust, 2 shorthorned grasshoppers, 1 bird locust, 34 ui short-horned grasshoppers (Acrididae), 1 long-horned grasshopper (Daihinia sp.), 3 ui long-horned grasshoppers (Tettigoniidae), 120 ui orthopterans (Orthoptera), 1 cicada, and 15 ui cicadas (Cicadidae), 39 ui ground beetles (Carabidae), 2 tiger beetles (Cicindelidae), 1 water scavenger beetle (Hydrous sp.), 18 ui water scavenger beetles (Hydrophilidae), 3 tumblebugs (Canthon sp.), 1 ui scarab beetle (Scarabaeidae), 1 carrion beetle (Necrophorus sp.), 187 ui beetles (Coleoptera), and 3 ui moths (Lepidoptera). (Total insects 100%.)

Parker 1975 R, C, P, Su Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas

Mammals to include at least 9 specimens such as ui bats (Chiroptera), ui kangaroo rat (*Dipodomys* sp.), deer mouse (*Peromyscus* sp.), and ui cottontail (*Sylvilagus* sp.).

Birds to total 15 specimens between yellow-billed cuckoo, cliff swallow, and ui meadowlark (Sturnella sp.).

Reptiles and amphibians to include at least 59 speci-

	mens such as ui box turtle (<i>Terrapene</i> sp.), ui horned lizard (<i>Phrynosoma</i> sp.), ui fence lizard (<i>Sceloporous</i> sp.), ui toad and frog (Anura). Invertebrates to include ui crayfish (Crustacea) and ui insects (Insecta). Carrion. Percentage not applicable.
Glinski, unpublished O, I, Sp-Su Arizona	Reptiles to include ui lizards (<i>Cnemidophorus</i> sp.) (Total reptiles 1%.) Amphibians to include leopard frogs (Total amphibians 1%.) Insects to include ui assassin bugs (<i>Reduviid</i> sp.), ui cicada (<i>Tibicen</i> sp.), ui June beetles (<i>Cotinus</i> sp.), and
	others. (Total insects 87%.) Other nonidentifiable prey (probably mostly insects). (Total other 11%.)

 ${\bf Table~6.~Swallow-tailed~Kite}~({\it Elanoides~forficatus})~{\bf Diet.}$

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	An occasional mouse or bird. Mainly small reptiles to include lizards and snakes, amphibians to include frogs and tree toads, and insects to include dragonflies, grasshoppers, locusts, cicadas, crickets, beetles, wasps and bees, and their larva, and cottonworms.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Bird nestlings and eggs, small lizards and snakes, possibly small minnows. Generally insects to include wasp grubs and possibly honeycomb.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (.2%), birds (4.6%), vertebrates (35.5%), lower vertebrates (30.7%), invertebrates (64.5%).
Sutton 1955 O, I, Sp-Su Florida	Mammals to include 1 ui specimen (Mammalia). (Total mammals 2.1%.) Birds to include 5 ui nestlings (Aves). (Total birds 10.6%.) Small reptiles to include 19 ui lizards (Anolis sp.) and amphibians to include 14 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 70.2%.) Invertebrates to include 5 ui insects (Insecta). (Total invertebrates 10.6%.) Other to include 3 ui items. (Total other 6.4%.)
Snyder 1974 O, P, Sp-Su Florida	Birds to include 17 nestlings (Aves) including 1 red- bellied woodpecker. (Total birds 13.2%.) Reptiles to include 38 ui lizards (<i>Anolis</i> sp.) and 1 ui

snake (Serpentes) and amphibians to include 58 frogs. (Total reptiles and amphibians 75.2%.)

Invertebrates to include 6 insects such as 2 dragonflies (Odonata), 2 tabanid flies (Tabanidae), and 1 paper wasp (Polistinae) nest for larvae. (Total invertebrates 4.7%.)

Other to include 9 ui items. (Total other 7%.)

Table 7. Everglade Kite (Rostrhamus sociabilis) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Fisher 1893 G	Exclusively freshwater univalve mollusks; in Florida
Bent 1937 G	Exclusively the snail (Pomacea)
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Entirely freshwater snails of genus Pomacea
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Invertebrates (100%).
Murphy 1955 O, P, W Buenos Aires	Freshwater snail (Ampullaria sp.)
Sykes 1974 O, I, Sp, W	Apple snails, ui small mammal (Mammalia), and uturtle (Testudines) during drought.

Accipiters (Accipitridae)

Table 8. Goshawk (Accipiter gentilis) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals to include small rodents such as chipmunks, squirrels and lemmings, hares and rabbits. Birds to include ducks such as mallards, black ducks, teals, domestic chickens, ruffed grouse, ptarmigan, wild pigeons, hairy woodpeckers, blue jays, crows, robins, blackbirds, and finches.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	More mammals than most Accipiters to include tree squirrels, lemmings, and those up to the size of young hares. Birds to include nestlings, ducklings, crows, and those up to the size of large grouse. Rarely carrion.

Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (37%), birds (53.8%), vertebrates (90.9%), lower vertebrates (O), invertebrates (9.1%).
Fisher, 1893 S, P, late Su, F, W, D	Mammals to include 1 ui weasel (Mustelidae), 1 gray squirrel, 4 red squirrels, 1 ui squirrel (Sciuridae), at least 3 ui mice (Rodentia), and 3 ui rabbits (Leporidae). (Total mammals 21.3%.) Birds to include 3 ruffed grouse, 1 ui quail (Phasianidae), 1 domestic chicken, 5 ui galliformes, and 1 mourning dove. (Total birds 18%.) Invertebrates to include 3 ui centipedes (Chilopoda), 2 ui locusts (Acrididae), 2 ui beetles (Coleoptera), and 30 sphinx moth (Sphingidae) larvae. (Total invertebrates 60.7%.)
Sutton 1927 S, P, W Pennsylvania	Mammals to include 1 ui chipmunk (Sciuridae), 10 eastern gray squirrels, 5 red squirrels, 3 ui voles (Cricetidae), 7 white-footed mice, and 63 eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 37.2%.) Birds to include 1 blue-winged teal, 1 ui domestic duck (Anatidae), 55 ruffed grouse, 15 bobwhite, 8 ring-necked pheasants, 36 domestic chickens, 1 guinea fowl, 3 rock doves, 1 hairy woodpecker, 2 blue jays, 1 robin, 2 house sparrows, 1 eastern meadowlark, 1 song sparrow, 19 ui sparrowlike birds (Aves). (Total birds 61.5%.) 2 ui snakes (Serpentes). (Total reptiles .8%.) Carrion to include 1 domestic sheep. (Total carrion .4%.)
Schnell 1958 R, C, I, Sp-Su California	Mammals to include 1 broad-footed mole, 1 ui weasel (Mustelidae), 3 Belding's ground squirrels, 6 goldenmantled ground squirrels, 5 ui chipmunks (<i>Eutamias</i> sp.), 5 Douglas' squirrels, 1 snowshoe hare, and 5 ui mammals (Total mammals 30.7%.) Birds to include 3 mallard ducklings, 1 mountain quail, 1 rock dove, 1 Williamson sapsucker, 22 Steller's jays, 27 robins, 1 Audubon's warbler, 1 ui tanager (Emberizidae), 1 ui bird. (Total birds 69.3%.)
Meng 1959 R, C, P, Sp-Su New York, Pennsylvania	Mammals to include 3 eastern chipmunks, 4 eastern gray squirrels, 58 red squirrels, and 7 ui cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total mammals 38.9%.) Birds to include 3 American kestrels, 5 ruffed grouse, 7 blue jays, 83 common crows, 15 blackbirds (Euphagus, Quiscalus, Agelaius spp.). (Total birds 61.1%.)
Grzybowski and Eaton 1976	Mammals to include 12 eastern chipmunks, 5 gray squirrels, 9 red squirrels, 1 deer mouse, 1 eastern cot-

R, P, Sp-Su New York	tontail, and 2 ui mammals. (Total mammals 39%.) Birds to include 14 ruffed grouse, 3 American woodcock, 1 common snipe, 4 common flicker, 9 blue jay, 4 common crow, 2 robin, 2 ui thrushes (<i>Catharus</i> sp.), 1 starling, 1 ui warbler (Parulidae), 3 eastern meadowlark, 1 ui blackbird (Icteridae), 1 scarlet tanager, and 1 ui bird (Total birds 61%.)
Root and De Simone 1978 R, C, O, P, Sp-Su Connecticut	Mammals to include 1 hairy-tailed mole, 1 ui small mammal (Insectivora), 22 eastern chipmunk, 7 gray squirrel, 3 red squirrels, 3 eastern cottontails, and 1 ui specimen (Mammalia). (Total mammals 59%.) Birds to include 1 wood duck, 4 ruffed grouse, 2 rock dove, 6 mourning dove, 6 blue jay, 1 common crow, 2 gray catbirds, and 4 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 39%.) Reptiles to include 1 ui snake (Serpentes). (Total reptiles 2%.)

Table 9. Cooper's Hawk (Accipiter cooperi) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mostly birds to include young ducks, young domestic chickens, and rock doves. Rarely minnows in dessicated pools.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Mammals to include chipmunks and red squirrels. Medium-sized birds to include ruffed grouse, flickers, robins, starlings, meadowlarks, and blackbirds.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (22.2%), birds (66.8%), vertebrates (97.9%), lower vertebrates (8.9%), invertebrates (2.1%).
Fisher, 1893 S, P, Y, D	Mammals to include 1 California ground squirrel, 1 "Rocky Mountain Chipmunk" (Sciuridae), 2 ui chipmunks (Sciuridae), 1 gray squirrel, 1 red squirrel, 4 ui mice (Rodentia), 1 cotton rat (Sigmodon sp.), and 1 ui rabbit (Leporidae). (Total mammals 12.1%.) Birds to include 1 ruffed grouse, 3 Gambel's quail, 4 ui quail (Phasianidae), 21 domestic chickens, 5 rock doves, 1 mourning dove, 1 ui dove (Columbidae), 3 ui flickers (Picidae), 1 ui nuthatch (Sittidae), 1 robin, 1 hermit thrust, 1 ui thrush (Muscicapidae), 3 house sparrows, 2 ui meadowlarks (Sturnella sp.), 1 common grackle, 1 orange-crowned warbler, 1 goldfinch (Carduelis sp.), 2 ui towhees (Emberizidae), 1 Savannah sparrow, 2 juncos (Junco sp.), 1 tree sparrow, 1 field sparrow, 7 song sparrows, 1 snow bunting, 4 ui spar-

	rows (Passeriformes), and 17 ui birds. (Total birds 87.9%.)
McDowell 1941 S, P, Y Massachusetts	Mammals to include 2 eastern chipmunks, 4 gray squirrels, 12 red squirrels, 8 ui mice (<i>Microtus</i> sp. and <i>Peromyscus</i> sp.), 1 Norway rat, 2 ui cottontails (<i>Sylvilagus</i> sp.), and 3 ui specimens (Mammalia). (Total mammals 71.4%.) Birds to include 2 ruffed grouse, 1 bobwhite, 4 ringnecked pheasants, 2 gray partridge, 11 domestic chickens, 2 rock doves, 44 ui passerines (Passeriformes), and 14 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 28.6%.)
Fitch, Glading, House 1946 O, R, P, Sp-Su California	Mammals to include 1 ui ground squirrel (Sciuridae), and 2 ui cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.) (Total mammals 7.3%.) Birds to include 7 California quail, 2 acorn woodpeckers, 1 brown towhee, 1 lark sparrow, 1 ui specimen (Aves). (Total birds 29.3%.) Reptiles to include 2 fence lizards, 19 ui whiptail lizards (Cnemidophorus sp.), 1 ui skink (Scincidae), and 4 ui lizards (Lacertilia). (Total reptiles 63.4%.)
Hamerstrom and Hamerstrom 1951 R, P, Sp-Su Michigan	Mammals to include 1 eastern mole, 2 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 24 eastern chipmunks, 2 gray squirrels, 1 fox squirrel, 2 red squirrels, 1 southern flying squirrel, 4 ui squirrels (Sciuridae), 1 southern bog lemming, 1 meadow jumping mouse, 1 ui mouse (Rodentia), 2 eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 15.7%.) Birds to include 4 ruffed grouse, 1 bobwhite, 12 ringnecked pheasants, 1 killdeer, 12 mourning doves, 3 yellow-billed cuckoos, 1 screech owl, 15 common flickers, 3 hairy woodpeckers, 2 downy woodpeckers, 1 eastern kingbird, 1 bank swallow, 1 purple martin, 16 blue jays, 1 tufted titmouse, 1 white-breasted nuthatch, 3 catbirds, 1 brown thrasher, 10 robins, 1 wood thrush, 5 cedar waxwings, 16 starlings, 4 yellow-throated vireos, 25 house sparrows, 4 eastern meadowlarks, 19 red-winged blackbirds, 1 common grackle, 4 brown-headed cowbirds, 9 Baltimore orioles, 3 scarlet tanagers, 2 cardinals, 2 rose-breasted grosbeaks, 1 rufous-sided towhee, 3 vesper sparrows, 1 song sparrow, and 36 ui birds. (Total birds 84.3%.)
Meng 1959 R, C, P, Sp-Su New York	Mammals to include 109 eastern chipmunks, 4 eastern gray squirrels, and 36 red squirrels. (Total mammals 18.2%.) Birds to include 4 ring-necked pheasants, 1 spotted sandpiper, 13 rock doves, 5 mourning doves, 1

necker. 1 red-headed woodpecker, 1 yellow-bellied sapsucker, 5 hairy woodpeckers, 11 blue jays, 1 catbird, 79 robins, 7 wood thrushes, 241 starlings, 5 ovenbirds, 1 bobolink, 118 eastern meadowlarks, 3 redwinged blackbirds, 37 common grackles, 17 brownheaded cowbirds, 9 scarlet tanagers, 1 rose-breasted grosbeak, and 2 rufous-sided towhees. (Total birds 81.8%.) Mammals present in 35% of stomachs to include 2 ui ground squirrels (Spermophilus sp.), 2 chipmunks (Tamias sp., Eutamias sp.), 3 ui squirrels (Sciurus sp.), 5 ui mice (Peromyscus sp., Microtus sp.), and 5 ui specimens (Mammalia). Birds were present in 68.5% of the stomachs to include 2 bobwhites, 8 ui Galliformes, 13 ui Passe-

screech owl. 134 common flickers, 1 pileated wood-

Duncan 1966 S. P. Y. D

riformes, and 14 ui specimens (Aves).

Reptiles and amphibians were present in 11.1% of the stomachs to include 2 ui anoles (Anolis sp.), 2 ui fence lizards (Sceloporus sp.), 2 five-lined skinks and 1 ui tree frog (Hula sp.).

Invertebrates were present in 11.1% of the stomachs to include ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), ui scarab beetles (Scarabaeidae) and ui beetles (Coleoptera).

Table 10. Sharp-shinned Hawk (Accipiter striatus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Few mammals to include shrews, bats, mice, and young rabbits. Birds to include bobwhites, young domestic chickens, sandpipers, young pigeons, doves, swifts, woodpeckers, flycatchers, horned larks, jays, chickadees, nuthatches, creepers, wrens, mockingbirds, catbirds, thrashers, robins, thrushes, veery nestlings, bluebirds, kinglets, vireos, warblers, meadowlarks, orioles, blackbirds, grackles, cowbirds, towhees, and many sparrows. Reptiles and amphibians to include lizards and frogs. Invertebrates to include grasshoppers, locusts, crickets, large moths, butterflies, caterpillars, and beetles.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Occasionally small mammals, almost entirely small birds, occasionally lizards or insects.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (2%), birds (93.1%), vertebrates (95.8%), lower vertebrates (.6%), and invertebrates (4.2%).

Fisher 1893 S, P, Y, D Mammals to include 1 white-footed mouse, and 8 ui mice (Rodentia). (Total mammals 6.2%.)

Birds to include 3 Gambel's quail, 1 ui quail (Phasianidae), 2 domestic chickens, 1 mourning dove, 1 ui dove (Columbidae), 1 ui swift (Apodidae), 2 common flickers, 1 downy woodpecker, 3 ui chickadees (Paridae), 1 red-breasted nuthatch, 1 Carolina wren, a cactus wren, 1 mockingbird, 1 catbird, 1 crissal thrasher, 6 robins, 1 hermit thrush, 1 ui bluebird (Sialia sp.), 1 ui thrush (Muscicapidae), 1 ui kinglet (Regulus sp.), 1 ui vireo (Vireonidae), 1 yellow warbler, 2 black-poll warblers, 1 pine warbler, 1 ovenbird, 1 hooded warbler, 1 Wilson's warbler, 1 "yellowrumped warbler" (Parulidae), 11 ui warblers (Parulidae), 7 house sparrows, 1 common grackle, 1 brownheaded cowbird, 1 ui oriole (Icterus sp.), 1 house finch, 4 ui goldfinches (Fringillidae), 1 Abert's towhee, 2 Savannah sparrows, 2 ui juncos (Junco sp.), 1 tree sparrow, 2 chipping sparrows, 6 field sparrows, 2 white-throated sparrows, 2 fox sparrows, 6 song sparrows, 1 snow bunting, 12 ui sparrows (Passeriformes), and 24 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 87.7%.) Invertebrates to include 2 ui dragonflies (Odonata), 3

Invertebrates to include 2 ui dragonflies (Odonata), 3 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 2 ui beetles (Coleoptera), and 2 ui insects (Insecta). (Total invertebrates 6.2%.)

Craighead and Craighead 1956 R, C, P, Sp-Su Wyoming Mammals to include 3 meadow voles. (Total mammals 6.5%.)

Birds to include 43 small to medium-sized specimens. (Total birds 93.5%.)

Storer 1966 S, M Mammals to include 27 ui squirrels (Sciurus sp.), and 12 ui mice (Peromyscus sp.). (Total mammals of known genera 6.2%.)

Birds to include 20 ui swallows (Tachycineta sp.), 16 ui mimids (Dumetella sp.), 54 ui thrushes (Turdus sp.), 43 ui thrushes (Catharus sp.), 12 ui bluebirds (Sialia sp.), 39 ui vireos (Vireo sp.), 153 ui warblers (Dendroica sp.), 15 ui warblers (Geothlypis sp.), 33 house sparrows, 12 ui finches (Carpodacus sp.), 35 ui towhees (Pipilo sp.), 14 ui sparrows (Pooecetes sp.), 17 ui juncos (Junco sp.), 41 ui sparrows (Spizella sp.), and 91 ui sparrows (Zonotrichia sp.). (Total birds of known genera 93.8%.)

Other to include 199 miscellaneous unknown genera.

Harriers (Accipitridae)

Table 11. Harrier (Circus cyaneus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Large numbers of mammals to include shrews, moles, young skunks, ground squirrels, squirrels, pocket gophers, mice, voles, cotton rats, rats, young rabbits, and other small mammals. Birds to include bitterns, green herons, teals and other ducks and ducklings, Sparrow Hawks, grouse, domestic chickens, quail, pheasants, partridge, rails, coots, plovers, woodcock, snipe, sandpipers, doves, Screech Owls, flickers, wrens, mockingbirds, catbirds, thrashers, robins, thrushes, bluebirds, starlings, warblers, bobolinks, meadowlarks, blackbirds, grackles, cardinals, towhees, and sparrows. Reptiles and amphibians to include lizards, small snakes, and frogs. Invertebrates to include grasshoppers, locusts, and crickets.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Mainly small mammals such as meadow voles and occasionally rabbits but also many birds (up to size of bitterns and ducks), small reptiles, frogs, crustaceans, and insects. Mammals 55%; birds 25%; snakes, frogs, insects 20%. During nesting season mammals, 69%; birds 31%.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (34.8%), birds (47.7%), vertebrates (85%), lower vertebrates (2.5%), invertebrates (15%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Y, D	Mammals to include 2 ui shrews (Soricidae), 1 water shrew (Soricidae), 2 ui moles (Talpidae), 1 ui skunk (Mustelidae), 8 ui ground squirrels (Sciuridae), 1 ui chipmunk (Sciuridae), 1 red squirrel, 1 ui squirrel (Sciuridae), 2 ui pocket gophers (Geomyidae), 1 ui gopher (Rodentia), 1 ui kangaroo rat (Dipodomys sp.), 25 ui mice (Rodentia), 2 cotton rats (Sigmodon sp.), 77 ui voles (Cricetidae), 3 woodland voles, 4 ui rabbits (Leporidae), and 1 ui small mammal. (Total mammals 21.3%.) Birds to include 2 ui ducks (Anatidae), 1 ui young hawk (Falconiformes), 1 ui quail (Phasianidae), 1 domestic chicken, 2 ui fowl (Galliformes), 1 Virginia rail, 1 clapper rail, 1 American woodcock, 1 mockingbird, 1 robin, 1 ui thrush (Muscicapidae), 2 ui war-

blers (Parulidae), 1 house sparrow, 1 common grackle, 1 indigo bunting, 4 Savannah sparrows, 1 grasshopper sparrow, 1 LeConte's sparrow, 2 vesper sparrows, 1 ui junco (Junco sp.), 1 tree sparrow, 2 chipping sparrows, 3 field sparrows, 3 swamp sparrows, 2 song sparrows, 1 ui sparrow (Passeriformes), and 12 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 8.2%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 2 six-lined racerunners, 3 ui lizards (Lacertilia), 3 ui snakes (Serpentes), 2 ui specimens (Reptilia), 3 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 2.1%.)

Invertebrates to include 5 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 249 ui locusts (Orthoptera), 11 ui crickets (Orthoptera), 5 ui beetles (Coleoptera), and 158 ui specimens (Insecta). (Total invertebrates 68.5%.)

Errington 1933 R, C, O, P, Sp-Su Wisconsin Mammals to include 1 ui shrew (Sorex sp.), 2 ui shrews (Blarina sp.), 128 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 3 ui chipmunks (Sciuridae), 1 juvenile ui squirrel (Sciurus sp.), 1 deer mouse, 125 ui voles (Microtus sp.), 1 ui jumping mouse (Zapus sp.), and 33 juvenile cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total mammals 81.9%.)

Birds to include I domestic chicken, 1 common flicker, 1 house wren, 1 catbird, 2 robins, 1 ui bluebird (Sialia sp.), 11 ui meadowlarks (Sturnella sp.), 5 redwinged blackbirds, 1 brown-headed cowbird, 1 grasshopper sparrow, 1 vesper sparrow, 1 field sparrow, 22 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 13.6%.)

Amphibians to include 15 ui frogs (Anura). (Total amphibians 4.2%.)

Other to include 1 carrion ui cottontail (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total carrion .3%.)

Errington and Breckenridge 1936 P, R, Su Iowa Mammals to include 177 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 25 Franklin's ground squirrel, 8 ui ground squirrels (*Spermophilus* sp.), 1 ui mouse (*Peromyscus* sp.), 14 ui voles (*Microtus* sp.), 1 house mouse, 7 white-tailed jackrabbits, 22 eastern cottontails, 11 ui rabbits (Leporidae) and 3 ui specimens (Mammalia). (Total mammals 48%.)

Birds to include 1 ui grebe (Podicipedidae), 1 ui duckling (Anatidae), 24 ring-necked pheasants, 9 gray partridge, 13 domestic chickens, 2 ui gallinaceous birds (Galliformes), 8 Virginia rails, 3 soras, 1 king rail, 1 ui rail (Rallidae), 1 ui shorebird (Charadriidae), 2 Forster's tern, 2 black tern, 1 ui tern (Sternidae), 3 Screech Owls, 11 mourning doves, 19 common flickers, 5 red-headed woodpeckers, 1 eastern kingbird, 4

horned larks, 1 barn swallow, 1 bank swallow, 2 long-billed marsh wrens, 1 ui wren (Troglodytidae), 1 robin, 1 yellowthroat, 1 ui warbler (Parulidae), 1 house sparrow, 1 bobolink, 28 ui meadowlarks (Sturnella sp.), 27 yellow-headed blackbirds, 16 red-winged blackbirds, 11 common grackles, 8 ui blackbirds (Icteridae), 1 rose-breasted grosbeak, 4 dickcissels, 1 Savannah sparrow, 3 grasshopper sparrows, 1 Le-Conte's sparrow, 4 vesper sparrows, 3 swamp sparrows, 19 ui finches (Fringillidae), 2 ui passerines (Passeriformes), and 22 ui birds (Aves). (Total birds 48.8%.)

Amphibians to include 16 ui frogs (Rana sp.). (Total amphibians 2.9%.)

Other to include 2 ui specimens (Vertebrata). (Total other .4%.)

Selleck and Glading 1943 R, P, Su California

Mammals to include 1 ui mole (Talpidae), 1 ui pocket gopher (Geomyidae), 23 ui vole (*Microtus* sp.), 4 ui kangaroo rat (*Dipodomys*), 49 brush rabbits, 1 ui jackrabbit (*Lepus* sp.). (Total mammals 18%.)

Birds to include 52 California quail, 2 ui rails (Rallidae), 14 ui doves (Columbidae), 1 killdeer, 1 ui woodpecker (Picidae), 6 common bushtits, 2 wrentits, 4 long-billed marsh wrens, 5 California thrashers, 14 western meadowlarks, 100 ui blackbirds (Icteridae), 1 Bullock's oriole, 44 house finches, 17 ui goldfinches (Carduelis sp.), 4 rufous-sided towhees, 9 brown towhees, 3 lark sparrows, 3 ui sparrows (Zonotrichia sp.), 71 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 80.6%.) Reptiles to include 1 ui horned lizard (Phrynosoma sp.) and 5 fence lizards. (Total reptiles 1.4%.)

Wilhelm 1960 C, I, Sp Arkansas

Mammals to include 9 eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 14.3%.)

Birds to include 16 young red-winged blackbirds, and 2 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 28.6%.) Reptiles and amphibians to include 14 plains garter snakes, 7 ui snakes (Serpentes), 3 leopard frogs, and 1 ui specimen (Amphibia). (Total reptiles and amphibians 39.7%.)

Invertebrates to include 11 crayfish. (Total invertebrates 17.5%.)

Weller, Adams, and Rose 1967 C, P, W Missouri Mammals to include ui mice (*Peromyscus* sp.; 3.6%), southern bog lemming (8.1%), prairie vole (84.8%), and eastern cottontail (11.6%).

Birds (ui; 15.8%).

Reptiles to include ui snake (Serpentes) (.4%).

Smith and Murphy 1973 R, C, P, Sp-Su	Mammals to include 6 Townsend's ground squirrels, 2 western harvest mice, 22 deer mice, and 17 blacktail
Utah	jackrabbits. (Total mammals 62.7%.)
	Birds to include 1 mourning dove, 11 horned larks, and 4 vesper sparrows. (Total birds 21.3%.)
	Reptiles to include 1 collared lizard. (Total reptiles 1.3%.)
	Invertebrates to include 6 ui ground beetles (Cara-
	bidae) and 5 ui dermestid beetles (Dermestidae). (Total invertebrates 14.7%.)

Buteos (Accipitridae)

Table 12. Rough-legged Hawk (Buteo lagopus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mainly rodents and insects. Seldom birds. Mammals to include prairie dogs, pocket gophers, lemmings, voles, rats, and young rabbits. Birds to include shot-wounded ducks, game birds, western meadowlarks, and snow buntings. Insects to include grasshoppers. Carrion to include that of mammals, birds, and fish.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Largely small mammals especially lemmings, voles, young rabbits, etc. Rarely game and small birds.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (61.8%), birds (2.8%), vertebrates (65.4%), lower vertebrates (1.3%), invertebrates (34.6%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, F-W Eastern U.S.	Mammals to include 1 short-tailed shrew, 1 ui weasel (Mustelidae), 1 ui gopher (Rodentia), 4 white-footed mice, 85 ui voles (Cricetidae), 19 ui mice (Rodentia), 4 house mice, 2 ui rabbits (Leporidae). (Total mammals 62.2%.) Reptiles to include 1 ui lizard (Lacertilia). (Total reptiles .5%.) Invertebrates to include 70 ui insects (Insecta). (Total insects 37.2%.)
Errington and Breckenridge 1938 S, D, Sp, F, W	Mammals to include 1 ui shrew (Sorex sp.), 1 Franklin's ground squirrel, 1 ui ground squirrel (Sciuridae), 8 ui mice (Peromyscus sp.), 50 ui vole (Microtus sp.), 5 house mouse, 2 ui mouse (Rodentia), 1 ui carrion jackrabbit (Lepus sp.), 8 ui cottontail (Sylvilagus sp.), and 3 ui young rabbits (Leporidae). (Total mammals 84.2%.) Birds to include 7 ring-necked pheasants, 3 domestic

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chickens, and 1 ui small bird (Aves). (Total birds 11.6%.) Insects to include mainly ui crickets (<i>Gryllus</i> sp.), and ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera). (Total insects 4.2%.)
Mammals to include 10 short-tailed shrews, 11 ui shrews (Soricidae), 170 ui voles (Cricetidae), 6 white-footed mice, 2 Norway rats. (Total mammals 98%.) Birds to include 4 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 2%.)
Mammals to include arctic ground squirrel, ui lemming (Dicrostonyx sp.), brown lemming (83.3% of all mammals), northern redback vole, and arctic hare. Birds to include Lapland longspur.
Mammals to include 9 short-tailed shrews, 1 mink, 109 ui mice (<i>Peromyscus</i> spp.), 114 meadow voles, 45 house mice, 2 ui mice (Rodentia), and 4 eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 91.9%.) Birds to include 1 ring-necked pheasant and 1 gray partridge, but mostly passerines (Passeriformes) to total 24 specimens. (Total birds 7.8%.) Invertebrates to include 1 ui beetle (Coleoptera). (Total invertebrates .3%.)
Mammals to include 6 arctic ground squirrels, 24 ui lemmings (<i>Dicrostonyx</i> sp.), 37 brown lemmings, 7 northern redback voles, 30 tundra voles, 21 ui voles (<i>Microtus</i> sp.), 23 ui voles (Cricetidae). (Total mammals 86.5%.) Birds to include 1 ui loon (Gaviidae), 1 greater scaup, 1 ui duck (Anatidae), 2 Rough-legged Hawks, 1 willow ptarmigan, 2 ui ptarmigan (<i>Lagopus</i> sp.), 1 northern phalarope, 1 Say's phoebe, 2 bluethroats, 3 yellow wagtails, 4 tree sparrows, 1 Lapland longspur, 3 ui birds (Aves). (Total birds 13.5%.)
Mammals to include 2 ermine, 1 least weasel, 14 arctic ground squirrels, 23 ui lemmings (<i>Dicrostonyx</i> sp.), 19 brown lemmings, 10 northern redback voles, 99 tundra voles, 68 ui voles (<i>Microtus</i> sp.), and 2 ui hares (<i>Lepus</i> sp.). (Total mammals 79.1%.) Birds to include 14 ui ptarmigan (<i>Lagopus</i> sp.), 2 American golden plovers, 1 robin, 1 water pipit, 1 yellow wagtail, 1 fox sparrow, and 43 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 20.9%.)

Table 13. Ferruginous Hawk (Buteo regalis) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals to include skunks, prairie dogs, pocket gophers, voles, jack rabbits, and cottontail rabbits. Few birds to include sharp-tailed grouse, young magpies, and meadowlarks. Lizards and some snakes. Invertebrates such as grasshoppers, crickets, and beetles.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Chiefly small- and medium-sized mammals such as prairie dogs, ground squirrels, mice, and rabbits. Some birds such as meadowlarks. Snakes, swarming locusts, and crickets.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (84.6%), birds (4.2%), vertebrates (90.2%), lower vertebrates (1.4%), invertebrates (9.8%).
Smith and Murphy 1970 R, C, P, Sp-Su Utah	Mammals to include 2 Townsend's ground squirrels, 26 white-tailed antelope squirrels, 4 Great Basin pocket mice, 42 Ord's kangaroo rats, 8 chisel-toothed kangaroo rats, 13 deer mice, 1 northern grasshopper mouse, 202 black-tailed jackrabbits, and 19 ui rabbits (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total mammals 89.5%.) Birds to include 1 mourning dove, 23 horned larks, 1 sage thrasher, 3 lark buntings, and 3 vesper sparrows. (Total birds 8.8%.) Reptiles to include 1 western whiptail, and 5 gopher snakes. (Total reptiles 1.7%.)
Platt 1971 R, C, P, Sp-Su	Mammals to include 2 ui weasels (Mustela sp.), 1 ui pocket gopher (Thomomys sp.), 1 ui kangaroo rat (Dipodomys sp.), 10 ui rabbits (Lagamorpha sp.), and 3 ui specimens (Mammalia). Birds to include ring-necked pheasant, Short-eared Owl, and western meadowlark (Percent not applicable.)
Lokemoen and Duebbert 1976 R, C, P, Su South Dakota	Mammals to include 75 Richardson's ground squirrels, 4 northern pocket gophers, 2 western harvest mice, 8 meadow voles, 1 prairie vole, 1 muskrat, 2 white-tailed jackrabbits, and 1 eastern cottontail. (Total mammals 72.3%.) Birds to include 1 ui duck (Anas sp.), 1 ring-necked pheasant, 4 western meadowlarks, 1 ui passerine (Passeriformes), and 1 ui eggshell (Aves). (Total birds 6.2%.) Invertebrates to include 28 ui scarab beetles (Scara-

	bidae). (Total invertebrates 21.5%.)
Voelker, unpublished R, P, Sp-Su Oklahoma	Mammals to include 2 black-tailed prairie dogs, 57 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 13 spotted ground squirrels, 21 hispid cotton rats, 19 black-tailed jack-rabbits, and 8 eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 91.6%.) Birds to include 1 mallard, 1 juvenile Swainson's Hawk, and 2 Burrowing Owls. (Total birds 3.1%.) Reptiles to include 7 bullsnakes. (Total reptiles 5.3%.)

Table 14. Red-tailed Hawk (Buteo jamaicensis) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals to include shrews, moles, bats, raccoons, weasels, skunks, feral cats, marmots, prairie dogs, ground squirrels, squirrels, gophers, wood mice, voles, house mice, rats, muskrats, porcupines, and rabbits. Birds to include pintails, teals, other wild ducks, Redtailed Hawks, Red-shouldered Hawks, young turkeys, ruffed grouse, various quail, ring-necked pheasants, gray partridge, domestic poultry, rails, gallinules, doves, Screech Owls, kingfishers, woodpeckers, horned larks, crows, robins, thrushes, bluebirds, starlings, meadowlarks, orioles, grackles, various sparrows and juncos. Reptiles and amphibians to include turtles, lizards, bullsnakes, rattlesnakes, smaller snakes, salamanders, toads, and frogs. Fish to include carp and catfish. Invertebrates to include centipedes, grasshoppers, crickets, caterpillars, fly larvae, beetles, crayfish, spiders, earthworms. Carrion.
Brown and Amadon 1968	Extremely varied. Mammals such as shrews, bats, ground squirrels, chipmunks, voles, and rabbits. Many birds including quail, pheasants, and meadowlarks. Lizards and snakes. Land crabs, grasshoppers, crickets, giant water beetles, and other large insects.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (50.5%), birds (8.5%), vertebrates (63.2%), lower vertebrates (4.2%), and invertebrates (36.8%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Y, D	Mammals to include 12 short-tailed shrews, 35 ui shrews (Soricidae), 7 ui moles (Talpidae), 1 ui skunk (Mustelidae), 1 rock squirrel, 2 thirteen-lined ground

squirrels, 1 Franklin's ground squirrel, 14 ui chipmunks (Sciuridae), 13 ui gray squirrels (Sciurus sp.), 2 Abert's squirrel, 1 Arizona gray squirrel, 14 red squirrels, 5 ui pocket gophers (Geomyidae), 1 ui kangaroo rat (Dipodomys sp.), 1 harvest mouse (Reithrodontomys sp.), 18 white-footed mice, 1 Mexican woodrat, 2 ui woodrats (Neotoma sp.), 3 ui cotton rats (Sigmodon sp.), 277 ui voles (Cricetidae), 14 woodland voles, 45 house mice, 1 ui jumping mouse (Zapodidae), 3 ui gopher (Rodentia), 157 ui mice (Rodentia), 7 ui rats (Rodentia), 1 porcupine, 3 ui jackrabbits (Lepus sp.), and 28 ui rabbits (Leporidae), and 1 ui specimen (Mammalia). (Total mammals 62.2%.)

Birds to include 1 pintail, 1 ui teal (Anas sp.), 1 ui wild duck (Anatidae), 2 ruffed grouse, 2 Gambel's quail, 6 ui quail (Phasianidae), 8 domestic chickens, 33 ui fowl (Galliformes), 1 king rail, 2 mourning doves, 1 Screech Owl. 1 red-headed woodpecker, 6 ui crows (Corvidae), 2 robins, 1 ui bluebird (Sialia sp.), 1 ui meadowlark (Sturnella sp.), 2 ui orioles (Icterus sp.), 1 ui grackle (Ouiscalus sp.), 6 ui juncos (Junco sp.), 5 tree sparrows, 15 song sparrows, 4 ui sparrows (Passeriformes), 14 ui specimens (Aves), (Total birds 10.8%.) Reptiles and amphibians to include 4 ui lizards (Lacertilia), 4 ui garter snakes (Thamnophis sp.), 1 ui ribbon snake (Thamnophis sp.), 1 bull snake, 2 ui diamondback rattlesnakes (Crotalus sp.), 15 ui snakes (Serpentes), 5 ui toads (Anura), 3 wood frogs, and 16 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 4.7%.) Invertebrates to include 5 ui centipedes (Chilopoda), 121 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 1 ui mole cricket (Gryllotalpinae), 10 ui crickets (Gryllidae), 1 ui stag beetle (Luconidae), 2 bot flies (Cuterebridae), 1 ui May beetle (Melolonthinae), 1 potato beetle, 13 ui beetles (Coleoptera), 51 ui insects (Insecta), 7 ui insect larvae (Insecta), and 13 ui crayfish (Crustacea). (Total invertebrates 21.1%.)

Carrion to include 13 examples. (Total carrion 1.2%.)

Sutton 1928 S, P, F Pennsylvania Mammals to include 4 short-tailed shrews, 1 ui bat (Chiroptera), 3 ui chipmunks (Sciuridae), 1 ui gray squirrel (*Sciurus* sp.), 2 red squirrels, 3 ui redback voles (*Clethrionomys* sp.), 11 ui voles (*Microtus* sp.). (Total mammals 69.4%.)

Birds to include 1 domestic chicken, 1 winter wren, 1 hermit thrush, 1 song sparrow. (Total birds 11.1%.) Reptiles to include 3 ui garter snakes (*Thamnophis* sp.). (Total reptiles 8.3%.)

	Invertebrates to include 1 ui grasshopper (Orthoptera), 2 ui crickets (Orthoptera), and 1 ui click beetle (Elateridae). (Total invertebrates 11.1%.)
Errington 1933 R, O, S, P, Y Wisconsin	Mammals to include 1 ui shrew (Sorex sp.), 5 ui shrews (Blarina sp.), 1 ui weasel (Mustelidae), 49 thirteenlined ground squirrels, 3 Franklin's ground squirrels, 3 ui chipmunks (Sciuridae), 11 ui tree squirrels (Sciuridae), 4 deer mice, 42 ui voles (Microtus sp.), 1 house mouse, 1 Norway rat, and 18 ui cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total mammals 84.2%.) Birds to include 18 domestic chickens, 1 ui gallinule (Rallidae), 1 rock dove, and 1 horned lark. (Total birds 12.7%.) Reptiles and amphibians to include 4 ui snakes (Serpentes) and 1 ui frog (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 3%.)
English 1934° R, I, Sp-Su Michigan	Mammals to include 7 ui moles (Talpidae), 5 ui weasels (Mustelidae), 1 ui ground squirrel (Spermophilus sp.), 5 eastern fox squirrels, 1 red squirrel, 69 ui voles (Microtus sp.), and 5 ui cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total mammals 72.7%.) Birds to include 2 ui quail (Phasianidae), 7 ring-necked pheasants, 3 gray partridge, 3 common flickers, 2 starlings, 2 ui sparrows (Fringillidae), and 15 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 26.6%.) Reptiles to include 1 milk snake. (Total reptiles .8%.)

*totals unclear in original publication

Fitch, Swenson,	Tillotson
1946	
R, O, P, Sp-Su	
California	

Mammals to include 380 California ground squirrels, 8 Merriam's chipmunks, 2 western gray squirrels, 79 Botta's pocket gophers, 10 Heerman's kangaroo rats, 1 brush mouse, 3 pinon mice, 13 dusky-footed woodrats, 1 California vole, and 62 desert cottontails. (Total mammals 89.4%.)

Birds to include 11 California quail, 1 roadrunner, 1 Screech Owl, 1 western kingbird, 4 scrub jays, 3 brown towhees, 1 lark sparrow, and 1 ui specimen (Aves). (Total birds 3.7%.)

Reptiles to include 1 western fence lizard, 8 Gilbert's skinks, 17 checkered whiptails, 14 gopher snakes, 1 long-nosed snake, and 2 western rattlesnakes. (Total reptiles 6.9%.)

Seidensticker 1970 R, C, P, Sp-Su Montana Mammals to include 105 Richardson's ground squirrels, 1 red squirrel, 3 northern pocket gophers, 2 deer mice, 20 ui voles (*Microtus* sp.), 1 muskrat, 1 western jumping mouse, 1 white-tailed jackrabbit, and 46 Nut-

	tall's and desert cottontails. (Total mammals 68%.) Birds to include 3 ui ducks (Anatidae), 1 ruffed grouse, 1 sage grouse, 4 gray partridge, 1 ui grouse (Tetraonidae), 1 domestic chicken, 1 Wilson's phalarope, 3 common flickers, 4 eastern kingbirds, 20 black-billed magpies, 5 common crows, 2 robins, 10 starlings, 6 western meadowlarks, 3 Brewer's blackbirds, 1 western tanager, and 8 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 27%.) Reptiles to include 2 ui garter snakes (<i>Thamnophis</i> sp.). (Total reptiles 1%.) Fish to include 2 suckers (<i>Catostomus</i> sp.), 2 carp, and 1 ui specimen (Pisces). (Total fish 2%.)
Gates 1972 R, P, Sp-Su Wisconsin	Mammals to include 8 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 4 fox squirrels, 29 ui voles (<i>Microtus</i> sp.), 4 muskrats, 2 Norway rats, and 19 eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 37.5%.) Birds to include 40 ring-necked pheasants, 5 gray partridge, 9 domestic chickens, 3 mourning doves, 4 common flickers, 2 blue jays, 5 common crows, 2 catbirds, 1 house sparrow, 14 red-winged blackbirds, 3 common grackles, and 14 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 58%.) Invertebrates to include 3 ui beetles (Coleoptera) and 5 ui crayfish (Crustacea). (Total invertebrates 4.5%.)
Smith and Murphy 1973 R, C, P, Sp-Su Utah	Mammals to include 5 Townsend's ground squirrels, 9 white-tailed antelope squirrels, 2 least chipmunks, 2 Botta's pocket gophers, 39 deer mice, 23 ui voles (<i>Microtus</i> sp.), 182 blacktailed jackrabbits, 32 ui rabbits (<i>Sylvilagus</i> sp.). (Total mammals 89.1%.) Birds to include 1 western kingbird, 9 horned larks, 7 pinyon jays, 1 mountain bluebird, and 12 starlings. (Total birds 9.1%.) Reptiles to include 1 collared lizard, 3 striped whipsnakes, and 2 gopher snakes. (Total reptiles 1.8%.)
Knight and Erickson 1976 R, P, Su Washington	Mammals to include 16 northern pocket gophers, 8 Great Basin pocket mice, 1 western harvest mouse, 1 deer mouse, 14 sagebrush voles, 4 Montana voles, 1 house mouse, 14 Nuttall's cottontails, and 2 ui specimens (Mammalia). (Total mammals 40.6%.) Birds to include 3 California quail, 4 chukar, 1 ringnecked pheasant, 2 common flickers, 2 cliff swallows, 4 black-billed magpies, 4 western meadowlarks, 1 vesper sparrow, and 6 ui specimens. (Total birds 18.1%.) Reptiles to include 32 yellow-bellied racers, 27 gopher snakes, 1 garter snake (<i>Thamnophis</i> sp.), 2 western rattlesnakes. (Total reptiles 41.3%.)

Voelker, unpublished R, P, Sp-Su Oklahoma Mammals to include 2 Virginia opossums, 16 short-tailed shrews, 34 eastern moles, 17 black-tailed prairie dogs, 212 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 64 plains pocket gophers, 1 Ord's kangaroo rat, 12 plains harvest mice, 7 northern grasshopper mice, 1 eastern woodrat, 5 southern plains woodrats, 163 hispid cotton rats, 28 prairie voles, 9 Norway rats, 9 black-tailed jackrabbits, 253 eastern cottontails, 11 desert cottontails, 1 domestic cat. (Total mammals 88.2%.) Birds to include 13 bobwhites, 2 scaled quail, 1 Franklin's gull, 1 Burrowing Owl, 2 common crows, 48 eastern meadowlarks, and 2 brown-headed cowbirds. (Total birds 7.2%.) Reptiles to include 29 bullsnakes, 2 great plains rat snakes, 12 prairie kingsnakes, and 1 prairie rattle-

Table 15. Red-shouldered Hawk (Buteo lineatus) Diet.

snake. (Total reptiles 4.6%.)

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1938 G	Varied diet of mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fish, and invertebrates. Mammals such as opossums, shrews, moles, skunks, ground squirrels, chipmunks, tree squirrels, voles, muskrats, and rabbits. Birds such as Sparrow Hawks, bobwhites, pheasants, chickens, soras, woodcocks, mourning doves, Screech Owls, flickers, crows, robins, meadowlarks, blackbirds, and various sparrows. Turtles, lizards, snakes, salamanders, toads, and various frogs. Centipedes, grasshoppers, cicadas, crickets, mole crickets, katydids, Lepidoptera larvae, beetles, wasps, crayfish, spiders, earthworms, and snails.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Small mammals such as voles, small and/or young birds, and birds to size of ruffed grouse. Baby turtles, lizards, snakes, toads, frogs, large insects such as grasshoppers, and crayfish.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (20.2%), birds (2.8%), vertebrates (44.4%), lower vertebrates (21.2%), invertebrates (55.6%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Y, D	Mammals to include 1 Virginia opossum, 11 short-tailed shrews, 27 ui shrews (Soricidae), 4 ui moles (Talpidae), 1 ui skunk (Mustelidae), 1 ui chipmunk (Sciuridae), 1 white-footed mouse, 1 ui red-back vole (Clethrionomys sp.), 82 ui voles (Microtus sp.), 6

woodland voles, 1 muskrat, 18 house mice, 58 ui mice (Rodentia), 3 ui rabbits (Leporidae), and 3 ui mammals (Mammalia). (Total mammals 24.4%.)

Birds to include 1 ui quail (Phasianidae), 2 domestic chickens, 1 sora, 1 ui dove (Columbidae), 1 Screech Owl, 1 common flicker, 1 ui crow (Corvidae), 1 robin, 1 ui meadowlark (*Sturnella* sp.), 1 ui junco (*Junco* sp.), 1 field sparrow, 1 fox sparrow, 1 song sparrow, 1 ui sparrow (Fringillidae), 2 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 1.9%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 2 ui turtles (Testudines), 6 ui lizards (Lacertilia), 1 ui water snake (Natrix sp.), 3 ui garter snakes (Thamnophis sp.), 5 ui ribbon snakes (Serpentes), 1 ui ringneck snake (Diadophis sp.), 1 ui green snake (Opheodrys sp.), 6 ui snakes (Serpentes), 10 ui salamanders (Caudata), 8 ui toads (Anura), 13 ui tree frogs (Hyla sp.), 1 bullfrog, 3 leopard frogs (Rana sp.), and 38 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 11%.)

Fishes to include 2 pickerels and 1 ui catfish (Cypriniformes). (Total fish .3%.)

Invertebrates to include 4 ui dragonflies (Odonata), 1 cockroach (Orthoptera), 228 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 7 ui cicadas (Homoptera), 10 ui katydids (Orthoptera), 81 ui crickets (Orthoptera), 7 ui mole crickets (Orthoptera), 1 ui mantis (Orthoptera), 1 squash bug, 31 moth and butterfly larvae (Lepidoptera), 2 ui dung beetles (Scarabaeinae), 1 May beetle (Melolonthinae), 81 ui beetles (Coleoptera), 3 ui beetle larvae (Coleoptera), 2 ui ants (Hymenoptera), 1 ui wasp (Hymenoptera), 24 ui insects (Insecta), 38 ui insect larvae (Insecta), 9 ui crayfish (Crustacea), 22 ui spiders (Araneae), and 1 ui earthworm (Annelida). (Total invertebrates 62.2%.)

Carrion to include 2 specimens. (Total carrion .2%.)

Root and DeSimone 1978 R, C, O, P, Sp-Su Connecticut Mammals to include 4 ui shrews (Insectivora), 8 ui small mammals (Insectivora and Rodentia), 17 eastern chipmunks, 2 gray squirrels, 3 southern redback voles, 1 meadow vole, 1 ui lagamorph (Lagamorpha). (Total mammals 53%.)

Birds to include 1 wood thrush, and 7 ui specimens (Aves) (total birds 12%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 4 eastern garter snakes, 1 northern ring-neck snake, 3 American toads, 3 bullfrogs, and 13 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 35%.)

Errington 1933 R, C, I, Sp Wisconsin Mammals to include 1 ui vole (*Microtus* sp.), much mouse fur in pellets (Rodentia), 1 red-winged blackbird, 1 ui snake and additional snake scales (Serpentes), 1 ui frog (Anura), and crayfish fragments (Crustacea).

Ernst 1945 R, C, O, S, P, Sp-Su New York Mice and rats (principally Microtus sp.) 58%.

Small birds to include downy woodpecker, horned lark, ui chickadee (*Parus* sp.), and song sparrow 8%. Reptiles, largely ui water snakes (*Natrix* sp.) and garter snakes (*Thamnophis* sp.) 3%; amphibians, principally salamanders (Caudata) and northern leopard frogs 18%.

Insects, mostly ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), ui caterpillars (Lepidoptera), and ui beetles (Coleoptera), spiders (Araneae) also included 10%.

Miscellaneous to include ui minnows (Cyprinidae), ui

Miscellaneous to include ui minnows (Cyprinidae), ui crayfish (Crustacea), and carrion 3%.

Stewart 1949 R, C, P, Sp-Su Maryland Mammals to include 1 short-tailed shrew, 2 star-nosed moles, 1 eastern mole, 4 meadow voles, 2 ui mice (Rodentia), 4 eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 32%.) Birds to include 1 bobwhite, 1 mourning dove, 1 ui bloodstained warbler nest (Parulidae), 2 indigo buntings, 3 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 19%.) Reptiles and amphibians to include 2 snapping turtles, 3 race runners, 1 blue-tailed skink, 1 ui skink (Eumeces sp.), 1 ui lizard (Scincidae), 3 ui snakes (Colubridae), 1 ui water snake (Natrix sp.), 3 ui snakes (Natricinae), 1 smooth earth snake, 2 American toads, 1 wood frog, 1 ui frog (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 47%.)

Invertebrates to include 1 ui beetle (Coleoptera). (Total invertebrates 2%.)

Craighead and Craighead 1956 R, C, P, Sp-Su Michigan Mammals to include 12 ui shrews and moles (Insectivora), 22 fox squirrels, 496 ui voles (*Microtus* sp.), 6 muskrats, 32 ui rats (Rodentia), and 15 ui rabbits (Leporidae). (Total mammals 40.8%.)

Birds to include 5 ring-necked pheasants, 223 ui small- and medium-sized specimens (Aves). (Total birds 16%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 311 ui snakes (Serpentes) and 68 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 26.5%.)

Invertebrates to include 110 ui insects (Insecta) and 128 ui crayfish (Crustacea). (Total invertebrates 16.7%.)

Table 16. Swainson's Hawk (Buteo swainsoni) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Almost entirely rodents and insects. Mammals to include bats, rodents such as the California ground squirrel, mice, voles and rats. Rarely small birds including longspurs and grouse chicks. Small amounts of reptiles and amphibians. Primarily large insects when available such as Dobson flies, grasshoppers, and crickets.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Small amounts of bats, rodents, young or disabled birds, reptiles and amphibians. Primarily large insects when available, especially Orthoptera.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (3.9%), birds (.9%), vertebrates (6.3%), lower vertebrates (1.5%), and invertebrates (93.6%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Su, F, D	Mammals to include 1 ui ground squirrel (Spermophilus sp.), 1 ui mouse (Rodentia), 3 ui gophers (Rodentia), 3 ui rabbits (Leporidae). (Total mammals 2.4%.) Reptiles and amphibians to include 2 ui horned lizards (Phrynosoma sp.), 5 ui lizards (Lacertilia), and 3 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 3%.) Invertebrates to include 56 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 129 ui locusts (Orthoptera), 2 ui beetles (Coleoptera) and 123 ui insects (Insecta). (Total invertebrates 94.5%.)
Cameron 1913 R, O, P, Sp-Su Montana	Prefer mice, frogs, and grasshoppers. Mammals to include ui rabbits (Leporidae) and ui mice (Rodentia). Small birds including lark buntings. Invertebrates including ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera).
Smith and Murphy 1973 R, C, P, Sp-Su Utah	Mammals to include 1 Townsend's ground squirrel, 9 deer mice, 4 ui voles (Microtus sp.), 57 blacktailed jack rabbits, 9 desert cottontails, and 4 ui rabbits (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total mammals 52.2%.) Birds to include 2 Say's phoebes, 11 horned larks, 1 sage thrasher, 3 lark buntings, 1 loggerhead shrike, 1 white-crowned sparrow, 8 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 16.8%.) Reptiles to include 1 constrictor. (Total reptiles .6%.) Invertebrates to include 32 short-horned grasshoppers (Acrididae), 9 ui crickets (Gryllidae), 6 ui ground beetles (Carabidae), and 2 ui darkling beetles (Tenebrionidae). (Total invertebrates 30.4%.)

Dunkle 1977 R, C, O, P, Sp-Su Wyoming 115 small mammals to include long-tailed weasels, white-tailed prairie dogs, Richardson's ground squirrels, thirteen-lined ground squirrels, northern pocket gophers, and desert cottontails. (Total mammals 68%.) 42 birds to include ui ducks (Anatidae), sage grouse, horned larks, ui crows (Corvidae), western meadowlarks, ui blackbirds (Icteridae), and ui sparrows (Passeriformes). (Total birds 25%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 1 ui snake (Serpentes) and 4 tiger salamanders.

Fish to include 5 white suckers.

Invertebrates to include ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera) and Jerusalem crickets (*Stenopalmatus* sp.).

Fitzner 1978 R, C, O, P, Sp-Su Washington Mammals to include 11 black-tailed jackrabbits, 8 Nuttall's cottontails, 8 Townsend's ground squirrels, 3 pocket gophers, 5 pocket mice and 2 ui small mammals. (Total mammals 21.8%.)

Birds to include 4 black-billed magpies, 4 mallards, 5 meadowlarks, 2 pheasants, 2 sage sparrows, 6 ring-billed gulls, 1 long-billed curlew and 1 starling. (Total birds 14.6%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 86 western yellow-bellied racers, 18 gopher snakes, 2 striped whipsnakes and 2 western toads. (Total reptiles 63.6%.)

Mammals to include 96 ui meadow voles (*Microtus spp.*), 5 deer mice, 8 ground squirrels, 8 pocket gophers and 1 cottontail rabbit. (Total mammals 79.3%.) Birds to include 7 meadow larks, 3 pheasants, 3 gray partridges, 2 magpies, and 2 starlings. (Total birds

11.3%.)
Reptiles and amphibians to include 13 garter snakes.
(Total reptiles 8.7%.)

Insects to include 1 Orthoptera. (Total insects 0.7%.)

Voelker, unpublished R, P, Sp-Su Oklahoma Mammals to include 24 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 6 plains pocket gophers, 32 hispid cotton rats, 3 prairie voles, 2 Norway rats, and 11 young eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 62.4%.)

Birds to include 3 ring-necked pheasants, 2 long-billed curlews, 1 American avocet, 1 black-billed magpie, 12 ui meadowlarks (*Sturnella* sp.), and 1 yellow-headed blackbird. (Total birds 16%.)

Reptiles to include 19 texas horned lizards, 5 bull-snakes, and 3 prairie kingsnakes. (Total reptiles 21.6%.)

Table 17. Broad-winged Hawk (Buteo platypterus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Small mammals such as shrews, weasels, chipmunks, red squirrels, mice, hares, and rabbits. Birds including flickers, phoebes, brown thrashers, wood thrushes, bluebirds, ovenbirds, and sparrows. Reptiles and amphibians to include lizards, snakes, toads, and frogs. Fish such as minnows. Invertebrates to include millipedes, dragonflies, grasshoppers, locusts, moth larvae, beetles, ants, crayfish, fiddler crabs, spiders, and earthworms.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Small mammals, few birds, some nestlings. Snakes, toads, frogs. Large insects and caterpillars, crustaceans.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (6.9%), birds (2.3%), vertebrates (22.3%), lower vertebrates (13.1%), invertebrates (77.7%).
Burns 1911 S, P, Sp-Su-F Eastern U.S.	Mammals to include 1 ui field mouse (Microtus sp.), 3 ui mice (Rodentia), 1 ui rat (Rodentia), and 1 ui specimen (Mammalia). (Total mammals 12.2%.) Birds to include 1 ui phoebe (Sayornis sp.), 1 robin, 1 ui warbler (Parulidae), and 1 ui sparrow (Fringillidae). (Total birds 8.2%.) Reptiles and amphibians to include 5 ui garter snakes (Thamnophis sp.), 2 ui toads (Anura), 1 ui treefrog (Hyla sp.), 2 bullfrogs, and 2 green frogs. (Total reptiles and amphibians 24.5%.) Invertebrates to include 4 ui crayfish (Crustacea), 1 ui fiddler crab (Crustacea), 4 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 1 ui katydid (Tetigoniidae), 5 ui locusts (Acrididae), 2 May beetle larvae (Melolonthinae), 8 ui beetles (Coleoptera), 1 ui caterpillar (Lepidoptera), and 1 ui centipede (Chilopoda). (Total invertebrates 55.1%.)
Fisher 1893 S, P, Y, D	Mammals to include 8 short-tailed shrews, 9 ui shrews (Soricidae), 1 ui mole (Talpidae), 1 ui weasel (Mustelidae), 3 ui chipmunks (Sciuridae), 1 red squirrel, 12 ui voles (Cricetidae), 1 woodland vole, 6 ui mice (Rodentia), 1 ui rat (Rodentia), and 1 ui specimen (Mammalia). (Total mammals 11.5%.) Birds to include 3 ovenbirds; and i ui specimen (Aves). (Total birds 1.2%.) Reptiles and amphibians to include 2 ui lizards (Lac-

ertilia), 1 ui water snake (*Natrix* sp.), 1 red-bellied snake, 6 ui garter snakes (*Thamnophis* sp.), 1 ui snake (Serpentes), 4 ui salamanders (Urodela), 6 ui toads (Anura), 2 ui tree frogs (Hylidae), 5 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 8.1%.)

Invertebrates to include 1 ui dragonfly (Odonata), 50 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 22 ui crickets (Orthoptera), 34 ui katydids (Orthoptera), 12 ui cicadas (Homoptera), 1 ui moth (Lepidoptera), 25 ui moth and butterfly larvae (Lepidoptera), 1 ui dung beetle (Scarabaeidae), 5 ui May beetles (Melolonthinae), 21 ui beetles (Coleoptera), 87 ui insect larvae (Insecta), 2 ui insects (Insecta), 4 ui crayfish (Crustacea), 2 ui spiders (Araneae), and 3 ui earthworms (Annelida). (Total invertebrates 77.8%.)

Rusch and Doerr 1972 R, C, P, Sp-Su Alberta Mammals to include masked shrew 5%, least chipmunk 1%, red squirrel 1%, deer mouse 6%, meadow vole 19%, ui vole (*Microtus* sp.) 24%, ui jumping mice (Zapodidae) 4%, snowshoe hare 5%. (Total mammals 62%.)

Birds to include ruffed grouse 4%, blue jay 1%, ovenbird 1%, ui warblers (Parulidae) 2%, rose-breasted grosbeak 1%, white-throated sparrow 2%, fox sparrow 1%, and ui specimens (Aves) 15%. (Total birds 27%.) Amphibians to include ui toads (Anura) 6%, wood frog 2%, and ui leopard frog (Rana sp.) 1%. (Total amphibians 9%.)

Invertebrates to include ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera) 2%. (Total invertebrates 2%.)

Fitch 1974 R, C, O, P, Sp-Su Kansas Mammals to include 4 red bats, 9 ui shrews (Blarina sp.), 3 ui moles (Talpidae), 2 ui harvest mice (Reithrodontomys sp.), 9 prairie voles, 2 woodland voles, and 7 ui cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total mammals 26.1%.)

Birds to include 6 yellow-billed cuckoos, 1 tufted titmouse, 2 Kentucky warblers, 2 brown-headed cowbirds, 7 cardinals, and 17 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 25.4%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 2 collared lizards, 1 ui racerunner (*Cnemidophorus* sp.), 13 five-lined skinks, 2 ui glass lizards, 6 great plains skinks, 13 ui ringneck snakes, 7 blue racers, 2 black rat snakes, 1 prairie kingsnake, 3 American toads, and 1 bullfrog. (Total reptiles and amphibians 37%.)

Invertebrates to include 2 ui grasshoppers (Orthop-

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	tera), 2 ui cicadas (Cicadidae), 2 ui caterpillars (Insecta), and 6 ui beetles (Coleoptera). (Total invertebrates 8.7%.) Other 4. (Total other 2.9%.)
Voelker, unpublished R, I, Sp-Su Oklahoma	Mammals to include 1 eastern mole, 3 Norway rats, 4 young ui cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.). (Total mammals 20%.) Birds to include 2 young killdeer. (Total birds 5%.) Reptiles to include 29 young snapping turtles and 1 rough green snake. (Total reptiles 75%.)

Table 18. Harris Hawk (Parabuteo unicinctus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals such as Mexican ground squirrels, mice, wood rats, and cottontails. Birds to include night herons, green-winged teals, soras, gallinules, and flickers. Reptiles to include lizards.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Rodents including woodrats, also rabbits. Teal, rails, gallinules, and flickers. Reptiles to include lizards.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (52.6%), birds (39.5%), vertebrates (98.7%), lower vertebrates (6.6%), and invertebrates (1.3%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Su Arizona	Mammals to include 2 ui ground squirrels (Spermophilus sp.), 2 ui small mammals (Rodentia), and 1 ui rabbit (Leporidae). Invertebrates to include 1 ui robust bot fly (Cuterebridae). (Sample too small for percentages.)
Pache 1974 C, R, O, P, Su, F New Mexico	Mammals to include 1 ui ground squirrel (Spermophilus sp.), 2 ui mice (Peromyscus sp.), 13 southern plains woodrats, 4 white-throated woodrats, 10 hispid cotton rats, and 14 eastern cottontails. (Total mammals 12.6%.) Birds to include 1 ui quail (Phasianidae) and 3 roadrunners. (Total birds 1.1%.) Reptiles to include 1 Texas horned lizard. (Total reptiles .3%.) Invertebrates to include 8 ui centipedes (Scolopendra), 32 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 1 ui bee (Hymenoptera), 95 ui ants (Hymenoptera: Formicidae), 130 ui beetles (Coleoptera), and 34 ui wood ticks (Acarina: Ixodidae). (Total invertebrates 86%.)

Mader 1975 R, O, P, W, Sp-Su Arizona	Mammals to include 20 Harris' antelope squirrels, 3 round-tailed ground squirrels, 20 desert woodrats, 1 ui mouse (Rodentia), 3 black-tailed jackrabbits, 67 desert cottontails, 4 ui hares and rabbits (Leporidae). (Total mammals 73.8%.) Birds to include 8 Gambel's quail, 2 mourning doves, 1 roadrunner, 1 gilded flicker, 1 Bendire's thrasher, 7 ui thrashers (<i>Toxostoma</i> sp.), 4 cactus wrens, and 4 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 1.8%.) Reptiles to include 1 zebra-tailed lizard, 9 desert spiny lizards, and 4 ui lizards (Lacertilia). (Total reptiles 8.8%.)
Whaley unpublished 1976–77 C, R, P, O, Y Arizona	Mammals to include 27 Harris' antelope squirrels, 4 round-tailed ground squirrels, 3 ui ground squirrels (Sciuridae), 65 desert woodrats, 2 ui mice (Rodentia), 4 kangaroo rats (<i>Dipodomys spp.</i>), 4 black-tailed jack-rabbits, 93 desert cottontails, 10 ui hare and rabbits (Leporidae). (Total mammals 87.6%.) Birds to include 1 Cooper's Hawk, 10 Gambel's quail, 1 gilded flicker, 2 curve-billed thrashers, 1 cactus wren. (Total birds 6.2%.) Reptiles to include 15 desert spiny lizards. (Total reptiles 6.2%.)

Table 19. Black Hawk (Buteogallus anthracinus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Small quadrupeds. Young birds such as green-tailed towhees, reptiles, small fish, insects, and crustaceans such as land crabs.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Rodents, rarely birds, snakes, frogs, fish, insects and crabs.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (0%), birds (6.1%), vertebrates (21.3%), lower vertebrates (15.2%), and invertebrates (78.7%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Su, F Arizona	Reptiles and amphibians to include 1 ui snake (Serpentes), and 6 ui frogs (Anura). Fishes to include 3 ui fishes (Pisces). (Sample too small for percentages.)
Glinski, unpublished O, I, Sp-Su Arizona	Mammals to include ui bat (Chiroptera), ui chipmunks (<i>Eutamias</i> sp.), ui mouse (<i>Peromyscus</i> sp.), ui woodrat (<i>Neotoma</i> sp.), ui rat (<i>Rattus</i> sp.) and ui rabbits (<i>Sylvilagus</i> spp.). (Total mammals 3%.) Birds to include ui quail (Phasianidae), ui nestling

doves (Columbidae), and ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 3%.)
Reptiles and amphibians to include ui earless lizards (Holbrookia sp.), spiny lizards (Sceloporus spp.), ui lizards (Urosaurus sp.), ui whiptails (Cnemidophorus spp.), gopher snakes, ui garter snakes (Thamnophis spp.), ui toads (Bufo sp.), leopard frogs, and bullfrogs. (Total reptiles and amphibians 37%.)
Fish to include rainbow trout, roundtail chub, desert sucker, Sonora sucker, yellow bullhead, ui sunfish (Lepomis spp.), and ui perch (Perca sp.). (Total fish 40%.) Invertebrates to include ui insects (Insecta) and ui crayfish (Crustacea). (Total invertebrates 12%.)
Other 5%.

Table 20. Zone-tailed Hawk (Buteo albonotatus) Diet.

Reference/Methods	
Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Few small mammals such as chipmunks and occasional birds such as the desert quail and nestlings, lizards, frogs, small fish.
Brown and Amadon 1937 G	See entry for Bent 1937.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (20%), birds (46.7%), vertebrates (100%), lower vertebrates (33.3%), invertebrates (0).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Sp Arizona	Reptiles and amphibians to include 4 ui lizards (Lacertilia), 2 ui tree frogs (Hyla sp.), and 4 ui frogs (Anura). Fish to include 1 hump-backed sucker. (Percentages not applicable.)
Glinski, unpublished O, P, Y Arizona	Birds to include 16 specimens such as Gambel's quail, mourning dove, horned lark, curve-billed thrasher, and brown towhee. (Total birds 80%.) Reptiles to include 4 lizards such as chuckwalla, colared lizard, and ui spiny lizards. (Scleoporus sp.). (Total reptiles 20%.)
Matteson, Riley, and Harris, unpublished R, O, P, Sp, Su Texas	Mammals to include 1 white-tailed antelope squirrel, and 1 spotted ground squirrel. (Total mammals 1.5%.) Birds to include 1 harlequin quail, 4 poor wills, 1 common nighthawk, 1 common flicker, 1 acorn woodpecker, 1 Cassin's kingbird, 1 western wood pewee, 3 horned larks, 4 scrub jays, 2 cactus wrens, 6 mockingbirds, 1 brown thrasher, 2 western bluebirds, 3 ui meadowlarks (Sturnella sp.), 1 brown-headed cowbird,

	·
	1 summer tanager, 1 black-headed grosbeak, 2 brown towhees, and 2 rufous-crowned sparrows. (Total birds 27.5%.) Reptiles to include 97 crevice spiny lizards and 1 ui snake (Serpentes). (Total reptiles 71%.)
Snyder and Snyder, unpublished O, I, Sp-Su Arizona	Birds to include ui quail (Phasianidae), canyon wren, Audubon's warbler, house sparrow, ui meadowlark (Sturnella sp.), and 3 ui specimens (Aves). Reptiles to include ui spiny lizards (Sceloporus sp.) and 4 ui lizards (Lacertilia).

Table 21. White-tailed Hawk (Buteo albicaudatus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Fisher 1893 G	Squirrels, rabbits, snakes, and frogs.
Bent 1937 G	Wood rats, cotton rats, rabbits, quail, lizard, snakes, frogs, grasshoppers, and beetles.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	See entry for Bent 1937
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (9.8%), birds (2%), vertebrates (19.6%), lower vertebrates (7.8%), and invertebrates (80.4%).

Table 22. Short-tailed Hawk (Buteo brachyurus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	
	Food
Bent 1937 G	Probably small mammals, birds, lizards, snakes, and frogs.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Rodents, birds, lizards, and insects to include grass-hoppers and wasps.
Ogden 1974 O, R, C, P Florida	Mammals to include 1 hispid cotton rat, and 2 ui rodents (Rodentia). (Total mammals 3.8%.) Birds to include 3 bobwhites, 1 killdeer, 1 mourning dove, 1 ground dove, 3 yellow-billed cuckoos, 1 common flicker, 3 tree swallows, 1 tufted titmouse, 1 robin, 1 blue-gray gnatcatcher, 1 cedar waxwing, 2 white-eyed vireos, 1 black-whiskered vireo, 1 black-poll warbler, 2 American redstarts, 2 eastern meadowlarks, 23 red-winged blackbirds, 3 cardinals, 4 American goldfinches, 2 rufous-sided towhees, 2 seaside sparrows, 1 Bachman's sparrow and 17 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 96.3%.)

Ogden 1974	Mammals to include 1 ui cotton rat (Sigmodon sp.)
G, M	and 1 ui rodent (Rodentia).
	Birds to include 1 Sharp-shinned Hawk, 1 American
	redstart, 1 ui warbler, 1 red-winged blackbird and 1
	ui specimen (Aves).
	Reptiles to include 1 ui small snake (Serpentes).
	(Percentages not applicable.)

Table 23. Gray Hawk (Buteo nitidus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals such as squirrels, mice, other rodents, and rabbits. Birds including young chacalacas, quail, young chickens, and young doves. Lizards, small snakes, and fish. Large grasshoppers, beetles, and other insects.
Fisher 1893 G	Small rodents to include ground squirrels and mice; birds; small reptiles such as lizards; fish; insects to include beetles.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Mammals to include rodents and cottontails. Birds to include parakeets. Lizards and small snakes, large grasshoppers and beetles.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (5%), birds (20%), vertebrates (100%), lower vertebrates (75%), and invertebrates (0%).
Amadon and Phillips 1939 S, P, Su Arizona	Reptiles to include 4 desert spiny lizards.
Stensrude 1965 O, I, W, Sp Arizona	Rodents third in preference. Birds second in preference including adult brown towhees and fledglings of other species. Clark's spiny lizards were first in preference.
Glinski, unpublished	Mammals to include ui mice (<i>Peromyscus</i> sp.), ui woodrats (<i>Neotoma</i> sp.), and ui rabbits (<i>Sylvilagus</i> sp.). (Total mammals 10%.) Birds to include adult and nestling Gambel's quail, white-winged doves, mourning doves, and ui kingbirds (<i>Tyrannus</i> sp.). (Total birds 11%.) Reptiles to include ui earless lizards (<i>Holbrookia</i> spp.), ui spiny lizards (<i>sceloporus</i> spp.), ui lizards (<i>Urosaurus</i> sp.), whiptails (<i>Cnemidophorus</i> spp.), ui whipsnakes

(Masticophis sp.), and ui garter snakes (Thamnophis spp.). (Total reptiles 79%.)

Eagles (Accipitridae)

Table 24. Golden Eagle (Aquila chrysaetos) Diet.

Reference/Methods	
Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals to include opossums, moles, raccoons, martens, weasels, skunks, foxes, dogs, cats, prairie dogs, marmots, ground squirrels, tree squirrels, pocket gophers, mice, rats, porcupines, rabbits, hares, young pigs, deer and their fawns, antelopes, goats and kids, domestic calves, lambs of mountain sheep, and domestic lambs. Birds to include great blue herons, geese, ducks, goshawks, red-tailed hawks, turkeys, quail, grouse including sage grouse and ptarmigan, domestic poultry, plovers, curlews, short-eared owls, band-tailed pigeons, kingfishers, crows, thrushes, and meadowlarks. Reptiles to include an occasional tortoise and many snakes: Also carrion.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Strong preference for mammals to include odd items such as weasels, mink, foxes, deer, fawns, pronghorns, and rarely domestic kids and lambs. Also strong preference for game birds, but other birds included such as jays and crows. Lizards, snakes, fish, and carrion also eaten.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (72.3%), birds (27.7%), vertebrates (100%), lower vertebrates (0%), invertebrates (0%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, W, D	Mammals to include 1 Abert's squirrel, and 1 ui rabbit (Leporidae). Birds to include 1 ui specimen (Aves). Carrion in 2 cases (1 of pig, Suidae). (Sample not large enough for percentages.)
Carnie 1954 R, P, Sp-Su California	Mammals to include 2 Virginia opossums, 1 broadfooted mole, 2 raccoons, 3 long-tailed weasels, 17 striped skunks, 1 gray fox, 4 domestic cats, 133 California ground squirrels, 7 gray squirrels, 3 Botta's pocket gophers, 4 dusky-footed woodrats, 3 California voles, 144 black-tailed jackrabbits, 1 desert cottontail, and 64 mule deer fawns. (Total mammals 77.3%.) Birds to include 1 great blue heron, 3 turkey vultures,

1 red-tailed hawk, 1 American kestrel, 2 mallards, 4 California quail, 2 roadrunners, 1 barn owl, 7 great horned owls, 1 common flicker, 1 Lewis' woodpecker, 2 Steller's jays, 1 scrub jay, 30 yellow-billed magpies, 3 common crows, and 8 western meadowlarks. (Total birds 13.5%.)

Reptiles to include 26 gopher snakes, 1 common kingsnake and 1 western rattlesnake. (Total reptiles 5.6%.) Fish to include 1 Sacramento sucker and 17 Sacramento perch. (Total fish 3.6%.)

McGahan 1968 P, R, C, Sp-Su Montana

Mammals to include 10 long-tailed weasels, 1 striped skunk, 5 black-tailed prairie dogs, 70 yellow-bellied marmots, 44 Richardson's ground squirrels, 1 bushytailed woodrat, 9 ui voles (*Microtus* spp.), 1 muskrat, 1 porcupine, 319 Nuttal's and desert cottontails, 24 mule deer fawns, 3 pronghorn fawns, and 1 domestic sheep lamb. (Total mammals 87.1%.)

Birds to include 1 marsh hawk, 1 American kestrel, 1 ui hawk nestling (Falconiformes), 19 blue grouse, 1 sharp-tailed grouse, 10 sage grouse, 4 ring-necked pheasants, 26 gray partridge, 1 long-billed curlew, 1 rock dove, 6 Great Horned Owls, 1 Long-eared Owl, 2 Short-eared Owls, 4 common flickers, and 44 blackbilled magpies. (Total birds 12.5%.)

Reptiles to include 2 prairie rattlesnakes and 2 ui snakes (Serpentes). (Total reptiles .4%.)

Smith and Murphy 1973 R, C, P, Sp-Su Utah

Mammals to include 2 long-tailed weasels, 12 white-tailed antelope squirrels, 1 long-tailed pocket mouse, 223 black-tailed jackrabbits, 78 ui rabbits (*Sylvilagus* sp.). (Total mammals 96.9%.)

3 Swainson's Hawks, 1 Short-eared Owl, 2 mourning doves, 3 horned larks, and 1 lark sparrow. (Total birds 3.1%.)

Olendorff 1976 M, D

Mammals to include 3 Virginia opossums, 1 broadfooted mole, 3 raccoons, 13 ringtails, 1 ermine, 22 long-tailed weasels, 1 badger, 25 striped skunks, 2 eastern hognosed skunks, 3 ui skunks (Mustelidae), 4 coyotes, 1 kit fox, 2 gray foxes, 2 bobcats, 8 domestic cats, 3 woodchucks, 261 yellow-bellied marmots, 37 hoary marmots, 42 black-tailed prairie dogs, 54 Gunnison's prairie dogs, 87 ui prairie dogs (*Cynomys* sp.), 159 California ground squirrels, 101 rock squirrels, 55 Townsend's ground squirrels, 132 Richardson's ground squirrels, 544 Arctic ground squirrels, 5 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 12 white-tailed antelope squirrels, 1 Texas antelope squirrel, 59 ui ground squirrels (Sciu-

ridae), 1 ui chipmunk (Sciuridae), 10 western grav squirrels, 6 fox squirrels, 3 Botta's pocket gophers, 1 northern pocket gopher. 2 Townsend's pocket gophers, 1 vellow-faced pocket gopher, 2 ui pocket gophers (Geomuidae), 1 long-tailed pocket mouse, 5 Ord's kangaroo rats. 7 ui mice (Peromuscus sp.), 5 desert woodrats, 5 dusky-footed woodrats, 7 bushy-tailed woodrats, 8 ui woodrats (Neotoma sp.), 3 California voles, 41 ui voles (Microtus sp.), 6 ui voles (Cricetidae), 17 muskrats, 2 porcupines, 13 ui rodents (Rodentia), 542 white-tailed jackrabbits, 6 snowshoe hares, 1,736 black-tailed jackrabbits, 126 ui hares (Lopus sp.), 338 desert cottontails, 805 ui cottontails (Sulvilagus sp.), 275 ui rabbits (Leporidae), 127 mule deer, 2 white-tailed deer, 24 caribou, 7 ui deer (Cervidae), 21 pronghorns, 4 domestic cattle calves. 18 mountain sheep, 15 Dall's sheep, 13 domestic sheep, 84 ui domestic sheep and goats (Bovidae) and 21 ui specimens (Mammalia). (Total mammals 83.9%.)

Birds to include 6 great blue herons, 3 trumpeter swans, 14 mallards, 4 pintails, 1 ui green-winged teal. 1 cinnamon teal, 16 ui waterfowl (Anseriformes), 5 turkey vultures, 1 Cooper's hawk, 2 red-tailed hawks. 1 red-shouldered hawk, 2 Swainson's hawks, 2 prairie falcons, 7 American kestrels, 2 ui hawks (Falconiformes), 3 turkeys, 32 blue grouse, 7 ruffed grouse, 11 sharp-tailed grouse, 177 sage grouse, 21 ui ptarmigan (Lagopus sp.), 18 ui grouse (Tetraonidae), 6 California quail, 29 chukar, 219 ring-necked pheasants, 46 gray partridge, 5 domestic chickens, 3 American coots, 1 willet, 49 rock doves, 4 mourning doves, 2 roadrunners, 10 barn owls, 27 great horned owls, 2 long-eared owls, 5 short-eared owls, 2 common nighthawks, 8 common flickers, 2 Lewis' woodpeckers, 3 horned larks, 2 Stellar's jays, 1 scrub jay, 141 black-billed magpies, 30 yellow-billed magpies, 2 Common Ravens, 18 common crows, 5 robins, 1 varied thrush, 1 Townsend's solitaire, 2 starlings, 14 western meadowlarks, 1 lark sparrow, 6 ui passerines (Passeriformes). and 58 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 14.7%.)

Reptiles to include 1 ui horned lizard (*Phrynosoma* sp.), 2 racers, 1 coachwhip, 52 gopher snakes, 1 common kingsnake, 1 western rattlesnake, 1 ui rattlesnake (Crotalinae), and 13 ui snakes (Serpentes.) (Total reptiles 1%.)

Fish to include 1 Sacramento sucker, 17 Sacramento perch, 1 ui perch (Percidae), and 7 ui specimens (Pisces). (Total fish .4%.)

Voelker, unpublished	Mammals to include 5 black-tailed prairie dogs, 31
R, P, Sp-Su	black-tailed jackrabbits, 46 ui cottontails (Sylvilagus
Oklahoma and	sp.), and 1 mule deer fawn. (Total mammals 78.3%.)
New Mexico	Birds to include 2 shovelers, 1 mallard, 1 turkey, and
	1 common raven. (Total birds 4.7%.)
	Reptiles to include 17 bullsnakes and 1 western box
	turtle. (Total reptiles 17%.)
Voelker, unpublished R, P, Sp-Su Wyoming	Mammals to include 2 black-tailed prairie dogs, 7 white-tailed prairie dogs, 4 Richardson's ground squirrels, 87 white-tailed jackrabbits, 29 ui cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.), 1 badger, and 52 pronghorn fawns. (Total mammals 83.5%.)
	Birds to include 26 sage grouse. (Total birds 11.9%.) Reptiles to include 10 bullsnakes. (Total reptiles 4.6%.)

Table 25. Bald Eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals to include opossums, raccoons, weasels, foxes, prairie dogs, ground squirrels, tree squirrels, mice, rats, porcupines, rabbits, piglets, fawns, and lambs. Birds to include horned grebes, pied-billed grebes, cormorants, snowy egrets, little blue herons, brant, other geese, black ducks, pintails, lesser scaup, other ducks, ptarmigan, grouse, chickens, coots, killdeer, waders, gulls, terns, murres, guillemots, puffins, auklets, murrelets, other alcids, crows, rosy finches, fox sparrows, longspurs, and savannah sparrows. Reptiles to include turtles. Fish to include herring, salmon, pike, carp, catfish, black bass, crevalle, pompano, sheepshead, mullet. Invertebrates such as crabs. Carrion.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Mammals to include Arctic fox kits and domestic and mountain sheep lamps. Birds to include geese and other waterfowl. Fish such as salmon. Carrion.
Snyder and Wiley 1976	Mammals (4.5%), birds (18.8%), vertebrates (98%), lower vertebrates (74.7%), and invertebrates (2%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, F, W, D	Mammals to include 2 ui prairie dogs (Cynomys sp.), 2 ui mice (Rodentia), 2 ui rats (Rodentia), 1 mule deer,

	·
	and 1 ui specimen (Mammalia). (Total mammals 36.4%.) Birds to include 1 ui duck (Anatidae). (Total birds 4.5%.) Fish to include 2 eels (Auguilliformes), 2 goldfish, 1 white catfish, 1 striped bass, 1 sunfish (Centrarchidae), and 4 ui specimens (Pisces). (Total fish 50%.) Other to include 2 carrion specimens. (Total carrion 9%.)
Herrick 1924 O, R, Sp-Su Ohio	Birds to include 12 domestic chickens. (Total birds 11.9%.) Fish to include 87 ui specimens (Pisces). (Total fish 86.1%.) Other to include 2 ui specimens. (Total other 2%.)
Wright 1953 R, O, P New Brunswick	Mammals to include 1 snowshoe hare. (Total mammals .7%.) Birds to include 6 black ducks, 3 ui ducks (Anatidae), 1 ui crow (Corvus sp.), and 2 ui birds (Aves). (Total birds 8.7%.) Fish to include 18 alewife, 16 ui pickerel (Esox sp.), 12 ui chub (Cyprinidae), 12 white suckers, 23 brown bullheads, 30 ui perch (Percidae), and 11 ui fish (Pisces). (Total fish 88.4%.) Carrion to include 1 beaver, 1 sea lamprey, and 1 ui sturgeon (Acipenseridae). (Total carrion 2.2%.)
Imler and Kalmbach 1955 R, P, Sp-Su Maryland and Virginia	Mammals to include 3 muskrats. (Total mammals 4.7%.) Birds to include 2 horned grebes, 1 great blue heron, 2 mallards, 4 black ducks, 1 pintail, 2 ring-necked ducks, 2 lesser scaups, 1 ui duck (Anatidae), 2 Bald Eagles, 1 ui gallinaceous bird (Galliformes), 1 American coot, 1 rock dove, and 1 long-eared owl. (Total birds 33.3%.) Reptiles to include 3 mud turtles, and 1 painted turtle. (Total reptiles 6.3%.) Fish to include 1 ui herring (Clupediae), 3 carp, 1 cyprinidae (other than carp), 6 channel cat, 19 ui catfish (Ictalurus sp.), 1 ui bass (Centrarchidae), 2 ui fish (Pisces). (Total fish 52.4%.) Other items 2. (Total other 3.3%.)
Retfalvi 1970 R, P, Y Washington	Mammals to include 13 ui rabbits (Leporidae). (Total mammals 21.3%.) Birds to include 2 surf scoters, 2 ui gulls (Laridae), 2 common murres, and 11 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 27.9%.) Fish to include 17 striped bass, 8 lingcod, 3 giant scul-

pin (Cottidae), 1 red Irish lord, 2 arrowtooth flounder. (Total fish 50.8%.)

Dunstan and Harper 1975 R, P, Su Minnesota

Mammals to include 4 muskrats. (Total mammals 1.3%.)

Birds to include 14 ducks (Anatidae) such as mallards, wood ducks, ring-necked ducks, and lesser scaup, and 6 gulls such as herring gulls, and ring-billed gulls and 4 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 7.9%.)

Fish to include 42 northern pike, 88 suckers such as white suckers and shorthead redhorses, 106 bullheads, such as black bullheads, yellow bullheads, and brown bullheads, 12 rock bass, 15 largemouth bass, and 9 other specimens such as bowfins, ciscos, ui whitefish (Coregonus sp.), black crappie, white crappie, yellow perch, and walleye. (Total fish 90.1%.)

Invertebrates to include 1 ui clam (*Lampsilis* sp.) and 1 ui crayfish (*Cambarus* sp.). (Total invertebrates .7%.)

Platt 1976 C, P, W Utah

Mammals to include road-killed and hunter-shot ui cottontails (Sylvilagus sp.) and black-tailed jack rabbits.

Sherrod, White, and Williamson 1977 R, P, Y Aleutian Islands

Mammals to include 31 Norway rats, 80 sea otter pups. (Total mammals 23.3%.)

Birds to include 58 northern fulmars, 10 short-tailed shearwaters, 2 fork-tailed petrels, 4 pelagic cormorants, 9 ui cormorants (*Phalacrocorax* sp.), 4 Canada geese, 4 emperor geese, 4 mallards, 3 pintails, 3 green-winged teal, 1 harlequin duck, 8 common eiders, 3 ui ducks (Anatidae), 2 bald eagle chicks, 17 rock ptarmigan, 2 rock sandpipers, 26 glaucouswinged gulls, 3 black-legged kittiwakes, 12 common murres, 1 pigeon guillemot, 27 ancient murrelets, 1 parakeet auklet, 35 crested auklets, 12 least auklets, 6 ui auklets (Alcidae), 5 horned puffins, 16 tufted puffins, 8 ui puffins (Alcididae), 1 ui cuckoo (*Cuculus* sp.), 3 ui birds (Aves). (Total birds 60.9%.)

Fish to include 1 dolly varden trout, 5 longnose lancetfish, 3 Pacific cod, 2 Pacific ocean perch, 36 rock greenling, 1 red Irish lord, 1 armorhead sculpin, 6 smooth lumpsuckers, 15 ui fish (Pisces), 2 masses of fish eggs (Pisces). (Total fish 15.1%.)

Invertebrates to include 3 ui octopi (Octopus sp.). (Total invertebrates .6%.)

Table 26. Osprey (Pandion haliaeetus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Possibly domestic piglets, young ducks, and chickens, turtles, snakes, frogs, and beetles. Fish almost exclusively to include bowfin, eels, herring, shad, menhaden, salmon, trout, pickerel, pike, goldfish, carp, suckers, brown bullheads, other catfish, tomcod, flying fish, sunfish, perch, bluefish, squeteague, mullet, whitefish, bonito, flounder, and other fish.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Rarely birds to include storm petrels, ducks, and sand- pipers. Also frogs, but almost entirely fish. Occasional crustacean.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (0%), birds (0%), vertebrates (98.4%), lower vertebrates (98.4%), invertebrates (1.6%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Y, D	Fish to include 1 goldfish, 2 bonytails, 1 humpback sucker, 2 ui suckers (<i>Catostomidae</i>), 1 ui tomcod (<i>Urophycis</i> sp.), 3 ui sunfish (<i>Centrarchidae</i>), 1 yellow perch, 1 ui mullet (Mugilidae), and 6 ui specimens (Pisces). (Total fish 100%.)
Koplin 1971 Oregon	Fish to include ui salmon (Salmonidae, 37%), mountain whitefish (6%), and tui chub (57%). (Total fish 100%.)
Garber 1971–1972 R, P California	Fish to include Eagle Lake trout (34%), Tui chub (48%), and Tahoe suckers (18%). (Total fish 100%.)
French 1972 California	Fish to include surf smelt and night smelt (98%), and ui surfperches (Embiotocidae, 2%). (Total fish 100%.)
MacCarter 1972 O, P Montana	Fish to include ui salmon (Oncorhynchus spp.), peamouths, pumpkinseeds, and yellow perch (14.5%); ui whitefish (Coregonus and Prosopium spp., 26.1%), and largescale suckers (59.4%).
Ureoka and Koplin 1973 O, P, Sp-Su California	Fish to include ui herring (Clupeidae, 2%), ui anchovies (Engraulidae, 3%), ui silversides (Atherinidae, 2%), ui surfperch (Embiotocidae, 63%), ui sculpins (Cottidae, 1%), and ui fish (Pisces, 29%). (Total fish 100%.)
Wiley and Lohrer 1973 R, O, P Florida	In addition to fish, 3 hispid cotton rats, 5 ui small mammals (Mammalia), 1 wood duck, 1 ui passerine (Passeriformes), and 1 Florida red-bellied turtle.

Caracara (Falconidae)

Table 27. Caracara (Polyborus plancus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	\mathbf{Food}
Bent 1937 G	Mainly carrion to include dead mammals, birds, and reptiles. Also kills opossums, skunks, prairie dogs, squirrels, mice, rats and other rodents, rabbits, birds, young alligators, turtles, lizards, snakes, frogs, and fish. Also grasshoppers, beetles, insect larvae and other insects, crayfish, crabs, and worms.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	All sorts of animal and perhaps vegetable matter. All classes of vertebrates and also beetle larvae, other insects, and worms.
Fisher 1893 S, I, W Mexico Arizona	Mammals to include 1 ui specimen (Mammalia). 1 specimen of carrion and maggots. (Percentages not applicable.)
Sprunt 1946 O, P Florida	Reptiles to include ui turtles (Testudines), ui turtle eggs (Testudines), ui lizards (Lacertilia), and ui snakes (Serpentes). Carrion. (Percentages not applicable.)
Haverschmidt 1947 O, P, Su, F Dutch Guiana	Coconuts. (Percentages not applicable.)
Glazener 1964 O, P, Y Texas	Road kills to include Virginia opossums, raccoons, ui skunks (Mustelidae), coyotes, ui rodents (Rodentia), ui rabbits (<i>Leporidae</i>), armadillos, a variety of birds (Aves), and snakes (Serpentes). Also disgorged food of vultures. (Percentages not applicable.)
Richmond 1976 O, I, W Costa Rica	Mammals to include 1 hispid cotton rat, 1 peccary. (Total mammals 9.5%.) Birds to include 3 jacanas, and 1 ui small birds (Aves). (Total birds 19%.) Reptiles to include 2 tails of black iguanas, 2 tails of common iguanas, and 4 ui ameivas lizards (Ameivas sp.). (Total reptiles 38.1%.) Amphibians to include 1 large frog (Anura). (Total amphibians 4.8%.) Fish to include 2 ui specimens (Eleotridae). (Total fish 9.5%.) Invertebrates to include 1 ui specimen (probably ta-

rantula or large insect (Arthropoda). (Total invertebrates 4.8%.) Carrion in 3 instances. (Total carrion 14.3%.)

Falcons (Falconidae)

Table 28. Gyrfalcon (Falco rusticolus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals to include weasels, squirrels, lemmings, rats, snowshoe hares, arctic hares, and rabbits. Birds to include geese, eiders, other ducks, spruce grouse, prairie chickens, ptarmigan, poultry, American golden plovers, ringed plovers, ruddy turnstones, purple sandpipers, dunlins, phalaropes, common snipe, seabirds, kittiwakes, murres, dovekies, guillemots, puffins, pigeons, and snow buntings.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Mammals including lemmings. Chiefly birds including those from large ducks and even geese down to passerines, grouse, and arctic ptarmigan, and many sea birds.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (40.9%), birds (59.1%), vertebrates (100%), lower vertebrates (0%), invertebrates (0%).
Cade 1960 R, C, D, Su Alaska	Mammals to include 263 arctic ground squirrels, 3 ui redbacked voles (Clethrionomys sp.), 70 ui voles (Cricetidae), and 2 brown lemmings. (Total mammals 58.2%.) Birds to include 5 ui scaup (Aythya sp.), 3 oldsquaws, 2 ui ducks (Anatidae), 161 ui ptarmigan (Lagopus sp.), 1 American golden plover, 1 Hudsonian godwit, 1 upland plover, 3 pectoral sandpipers, 1 western sandpiper, 2 parasitic jaegars, 18 Lapland longspurs, and 45 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 41.8%.)
Cade 1960 R, C, P, Su Colville River	Mammals to include 6 arctic ground squirrels and 8 brown lemmings. (Total mammals 13.6%.) Birds to include 6 pintails, 1 oldsquaw, 3 harriers, 2 rough-legged hawks, 51 ui ptarmigan (<i>Lagopus</i> spp.), 2 American golden plovers, 3 long-tailed jaegars, 20 short-eared owls, and 1 ui passerine (Passeriformes). (Total birds 86.4%.)
White and Springer 1965 R, I, Su Coastal Alaska	Birds to include 1 American green-winged teal, 1 red- breasted merganser, 3 ui ducks (Anatidae), 9 ui ptarmigan (<i>Lagopus</i> sp.), 1 pectoral sandpiper, 1 dun- lin, 2 western sandpipers, 1 northern phalarope, 1

	common snipe, 5 ui shorebirds (Charadriiformes), 1 long-tailed jaeger, 1 mew gull, 2 Sabine's gull, 1 arctic tern, 2 ui gulls (Laridae), 1 ui redpoll (<i>Carduelis</i> sp.), 1 Savannah sparrow, and 4 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 100%.)
Platt, unpublished O, I, Su Yukon Territory	Mammals to include 14 arctic ground squirrels, and 6 ui voles (<i>Microtus</i> sp.). (Total mammals 37%.) Birds to include 21 ui ptarmigan (<i>Lagopus</i> sp.), 2 ui sandpipers (Scolopacidae), and 7 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 55.6%.) Other to include 4 specimens. (Total other 7.4%.)
Roseneau, unpublished R, C, P, Sp-Su Alaska	Mammals to include 1 ermine, 1 mink, 170 arctic ground squirrels, 24 collared lemmings, 6 brown lemmings, 8 ui lemmings (Cricetidae), 44 northern red-backed voles, 1 tundra vole, 5 ui voles (Cricetidae), and 2 ui microtines (Microtinae). (Total mammals 17.2%.) Birds to include 1 black brant, 7 pintails, 1 ui greenwinged teal, 5 oldsquaw, 8 ui waterfowl (Anseriformes), 876 willow and rock ptarmigan, 30 American golden plovers, 1 semipalmated plover, 11 whimbrels, 6 bar-tailed godwits, 1 wandering tattler, 1 lesser yellowlegs, 2 ruddy turnstones, 13 common snipe, 1 ui sandpiper (Scolopacidae), 1 parasitic jaeger, 155 longtailed jaegars, 3 ui jaegars (Stercorariidae), 14 blacklegged kittiwakes, 14 ui shorebirds (Charadriiformes), 4 pigeon guillemots, 7 tufted puffins, 1 parakeet auklet, 4 ui alcids (Alcidae), 12 short-eared owls, 1 Say's phoebe, 11 robins, 1 varied thrush, 3 gray-cheeked thrushes, 1 water pipit, 2 ui redpolls (Carduelis spp.), 2 tree sparrows, 1 fox sparrow, 5 Lapland longspurs, 2 snow buntings, 29 ui passerines (Passeriformes), and 23 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 82.7%.) Other 1. (Total other .1%.)

Table 29. Prairie Falcon (Falco mexicanus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937	Mammals to include prairie dogs, ground squirrels,
G	tree squirrels, pocket gophers, mice and other ro- dents, jack rabbits, and other rabbits. Birds to include mallards, teals, and other ducks,
	sharp-tailed grouse, prairie chickens, Gambel's and other quail, ring-necked pheasants, gray partridge, domestic poultry, coots, waders, gulls, band-tailed pi-

	,,,,,,,
·	geons, rock doves, mourning doves, jays, house sparrows, meadowlarks, yellow-headed blackbirds, Brewer's blackbirds, white-crowned sparrows, other sparrows, and chestnut-collared longspurs. Reptiles to include lizards. Invertebrates to include grasshoppers, crickets, and other insects.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Mammals and birds of small and medium size. Rarely lizards and large insects.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (21.6%), birds (33.3%), vertebrates (54.9%), lower vertebrates (0%), invertebrates (45.1%).
Enderson 1964 R, P, Sp-Su Colorado	Mammals to include Richardson's ground squirrels and thirteen-lined ground squirrels. Birds to include white-throated swift, black-billed magpie, loggerhead shrike, western meadowlark, vesper sparrow, and McCown's longspur.
Leedy 1972 Sp-Su Montana	Mammals to include Richardson's ground squirrel and mountain cottontail rabbit. Birds to include horned lark, western meadowlark, vesper sparrow, black-billed magpie, and Brewer's blackbird.
Ogden 1973 R, P, Su Idaho	Mammals to include Townsend's ground squirrel, white-tailed antelope squirrel, ui kangaroo rats (<i>Dipodomys</i> sp.), ui woodrats (<i>Neotoma</i> sp.), and desert cottontail. Birds to include California quail, chukar, ring-necked pheasant, rock dove, mourning dove, Burrowing Owl, ui nighthawk (<i>Chordeiles</i> sp.), horned lark, cliff swallow, rock wren, starling, western meadowlark, redwinged blackbird, and western tanager. Reptiles to include collared lizard, leopard lizard, ui horned lizard (<i>Phrynosoma</i> sp.), and spotted whiptail. Invertebrates to include ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera) and ui scorpions (Scorpionida).
Porter and White 1973 R, C, P, Su Utah	Mammals to include 2 Uinta ground squirrels, 2 rock squirrels, 1 ui ground squirrel (Spermophilus sp.), and 1 ui vole (Microtus sp.). (Total mammals 7.9%.) Birds to include 2 ui ducks (Anatidae), 1 California quail, 2 ring-necked phasants, 6 American avocets, 9 killdeer, 5 willets, 1 sanderling, 1 rock dove, 2 mourning doves, 1 common flicker, 1 western kingbird, 1 horned lark, 7 robins, 9 house sparrows, 18 western meadowlarks, 1 Brewer's blackbird, 1 ui blackbird (Icteridae), and 2 rufous-sided towhees. (Total birds 92.1%.)

Smith and Murphy 1973 R, C, P Utah	Mammals to include 5 white-tailed Antelope squirrels, 1 deer mouse, and 2 young black-tailed jackrabbits. (Total mammals 30.8%.) Birds to include 7 horned larks, 3 starlings, 1 western meadowlark, 1 green-tailed towhee, and 1 vesper sparrow. (Total birds 50%.) Invertebrates to include 5 ui locusts (Acrididae). (Total invertebrates 19.2%.)
Denton 1975 R, P, Su Oregon	Mammals to include Townsend's ground squirrel, Belding's ground squirrel, golden-mantled ground squirrel, and least chipmunk. Birds to include mourning dove, horned lark, starling, western meadowlark, and red-winged blackbird.
Marti and Brown 1975 C, R, I, Su Colorado	Mammals to include 1 yellow-bellied marmot, 2 gold- en-mantled ground squirrels, 4 northern pocket goph- ers, 2 deer mice, 3 long-tailed voles, and 23 pikas. (Total mammals 39.3%.)
	Birds to include 3 white-tailed ptarmigan, 8 horned larks, 5 mountain bluebirds, 3 water pipits, 19 rosy finches, and 16 ui small birds (Aves). (Total birds 60.7%.)
Platt, unpublished C, P, Sp-Su New Mexico	Mammals to include 18 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 21 spotted ground squirrels, 38 plains pocket gophers, 3 Ord's kangaroo rats, and 6 desert cottontails. (Total mammals 65.6%.) Birds to include 2 scaled quail, 4 mourning doves, 1 Lewis's woodpecker, 20 horned larks, 3 western meadowlarks, and 13 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 32.8%.) Invertebrates to include 2 ui beetles (Coleoptera). (Total invertebrates 1.5%.)
Voelker, unpublished R, C, P, Sp-Su Oklahoma	Mammals to include 7 rock squirrels. (Total mammals 8.4%.) Birds to include 4 scaled quail, 25 mourning doves, 9 black-billed magpies, and 38 ui meadowlarks (Sturnella sp.). (Total birds 91.6%.)
McKinley, unpublished R, P, Su Colorado	Mammals to include 36 thirteen-lined ground squirrels, 11 Richardson's ground squirrels. (Total mammals 55.3%.) Birds to include 12 horned larks, 5 western meadowlarks, 5 mourning doves, 1 lark sparrow, 1 blue jay, 2 Brewer's blackbirds, 1 common nighthawk. (Total birds 44.7%.)

Table 30. Peregrine Falcon (Falco peregrinus) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Minimally mammals to include marmots, squirrels, mice, hares, and rabbits. Primarily birds to include grebes, petrels, small herons, ducks from mallards to teals, harriers, American kestrels, grouse, ptarmigan, pheasants, quail, poultry, rails, coots, plovers, killdeer, woodcock, snipe, sandpipers, gulls, terns, auklets, murrelets, rock doves, mourning doves, cuckoos, whip-poor-wills, night hawks, chimney swifts, kingfishers, flickers and other woodpeckers, kingbirds, phoebes, swallows, purple martins, jays, crows, nuthatches, catbirds, thrashers, robins, bluebirds, thrushes, starlings, warblers, bobolinks, meadowlarks, blackbirds, orioles, grackles, tanagers, grosbeaks, goldfinches, crossbills, juncos, and other sparrows. Rarely fish, dragonflies, and beetles.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Few small mammals to size of young rabbit. Mainly birds from small wild geese and ducks to finches. Grouse, rarely poultry; waders, small seabirds, and nestlings. Pigeons are favorites. Odd frog and even live fish and insects.
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (3.4%), birds (76.7%), vertebrates (80.2%), lower vertebrates (0%), invertebrates (19.8 %).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Y Eastern and Southwestern U.S.	Mammals to include 2 ui mice (Rodentia). (Total mammals 6.9%.) Birds to include 1 cinnamon teal, 2 ui ducks (Anatidae), 1 Gambel's quail, 2 domestic chickens, 1 ui fowl (Galliformes), 2 mourning doves, 1 catbird, 1 crissal thrasher, 1 robin, 1 gray-cheeked thrush, 1 ui warbler (Parulidae), 1 ui meadowlark (Sturnella sp.), 1 ui sparrow (Passeriformes), and 7 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 79.3%.) Invertebrates to include 2 ui dragonflies (Odonata) and 2 ui beetles (Coleoptera). (Total invertebrates 13.8%.)
Errington 1933 R, P, Sp-Su Wisconsin	Birds to include 1 horned grebe, 1 green heron, 1 green-winged teal, 1 American kestrel, 4 domestic chickens, 1 killdeer, 1 black tern, 74 rock doves and mourning doves, 1 whip-poor-will, 1 ui nighthawk (Chordeiles sp.), 1 chimney swift, 3 common flickers, 1 red-headed woodpecker, 1 yellow-bellied sapsucker, 1

hairy woodpecker, 1 purple martin, 10 blue jays, 2 robins, 1 ui bluebird (Sialia sp.), 1 bobolink, 1 ui meadowlark (Sturnella sp.), 2 red-winged blackbirds, and 7 ui small birds (Aves). (Total birds 100%.) Pellets or castings of the following numbers: Bond 1936 Mammals to include 1 brush rabbit. R, C, O, I, W California Birds to include 13 eared grebes (probably), 1 ruddy duck, 11 American coots, 1 killeer, and 1 of ui yellowlegs (Tringa sp.) (Percentages not applicable.) Cade, White, and Haugh Mammals to include 5 dusky shrews, 1 arctic ground 1968 squirrel, 8 ui voles (Cricetidae), 2 ui redback voles (Clethrionomys sp.), and 3 snowshow hares. (Total R, P, Sp-Su mammals 5.8%.) Birds to include 2 red-necked grebes, 3 horned grebes, 1 black brant, 8 pintails, 16 green-winged teals, 2 blue-winged teals, 2 ui teal (Anas sp.), 2 American widgeons, 7 shovelers, 1 canvasback, 4 ui scaup (Aythya sp.), 1 harlequin duck, 1 white-winged scoter, 3 surf scoters, 21 ui ducks (Anatidae), 1 American kestrel, 2 spruce grouse, 1 ruffed grouse, 40 common snipes, 33 spotted sandpipers, 1 upland plover, 32 lesser yellowlegs, 9 solitary sandpipers, 1 pectoral sandpiper, 2 semipalmated sandpipers, 4 northern phalaropes, 10 ui shorebirds (Charadriiformes), 14 mew gulls, 7 Bonaparte's gulls, 1 Sabine's gull, 1 arctic tern, 4 ui larids (Laridae), 1 hawk-owl, 1 boreal owl, 24 common flickers, 2 ui woodpeckers (Picidae), 8 ui flycatchers (Empidonax sp.), 1 olive-sided flycatcher, 1 Say's phoebe, 2 bank swallow, 1 cliff swallow, 87 gray jays, 1 black-capped chickadee, 1 boreal chickadee, 17 robins, 26 varied thrushes, 1 hermit thrush, 3 Swainson's thrushes, 23 ui thrushes (Catharus sp.), 1 Townsend's solitaire, 12 Bohemian waxwings, 2 orange-crowned warblers, 3 yellow warblers, 2 ui warblers (Parulidae), 8 rusty blackbirds, 1 ui redpoll (Carduelis sp.), 2 pine grosbeaks, 5 white-winged crossbills, 8 dark-eyed juncos, 17 fox sparrows, 2 white-crowned sparrows, and 13 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 94.2%.) Mammals to include 2 arctic ground squirrels and 3 ui Cade 1960 R, P, Sp-Su voles (Cricetidae). (Total mammals 4.2%.) Birds to include 5 pintails, 1 oldsquaw, 19 ui ptarmi-Alaskan Tundra gan (Lagopus spp.), 7 common snipes, 2 pectoral sandpipers, 3 American golden plovers, 1 black-bel-

lied plover, 6 semipalmated sandpipers, 2 northern

phalaropes, 9 red phalaropes, 6 ui sandpipers (Scolopacidae), 1 parasitic jaeger, 1 long-tailed jaeger, 2 robins, 3 gray-cheeked thrushes, 1 arctic warbler, 2 yellow wagtails, 7 tree sparrows, 4 fox sparrows, 30 Lapland longspurs, and 2 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 95.8%.)

White and Cade 1971 R, P, Sp-Su Colville River

Mammals to include 1 arctic ground squirrel, 1 tundra vole, 2 ui microtines (Microtinae). (Total mammals .9%.)

Birds to include 1 young arctic loon, 4 Canada geese goslings, 3 pintails, 2 green-winged teals, 1 American widgeon, 2 greater scaups, 4 red-breasted mergansers, 1 ui scoter (Melanitta sp.), 3 ui ducks (Anatidae), 4 rough-legged hawks, 2 peregrine falcons, 14 ui ptarmigan (Lagopus sp.), 9 semipalmated plovers, 30 American golden plovers, 37 common snipes, 3 spotted sandpipers, 2 lesser yellowlegs, 4 pectoral sandpipers, 9 long-billed dowitchers, 1 semipalmated sandpiper, 1 bar-tailed godwit, 12 northern phalaropes, 18 ui shorebirds (Charadriiformes), 42 parasitic jaegers, 9 long-tailed jaegers, 1 pomarine jaeger, 17 ui jaegers (Stercorarius sp.), 2 Sabine's gulls, 3 ui gulls (Laridae), 2 arctic terns, 7 short-eared owls, 3 Say's phoebes, 2 gray jays, 20 gray-cheeked thrushes, 1 blue-throat, 6 arctic warblers, 34 yellow wagtails, 1 water pipit, 2 northern shrikes, 4 yellow warblers, 2 ui redpolls (Carduelis sp.), 22 tree sparrows, 4 whitecrowned sparrows, 20 fox sparrows, 22 Lapland longspurs, 40 ui passerines (Passeriformes) (Total birds 99.1%.)

Porter and White 1973 R, C, P, Su Utah marshes

Mammals to include 1 big brown bat and 2 ui bats (Chiroptera). (Total mammals 2.8%.)

Birds to include 3 ui young ducks (Anatidae), 2 killdeer, 10 willets, 3 greater yellowlegs, 2 long-billed dowitchers, 22 American avocets, 1 black-necked stilt, 6 Wilson's phalaropes, 1 Franklin's gull, 13 mourning doves, 5 rock doves, 8 common flickers, 1 scrub jay, 2 robins, 2 Bohemian waxwings, 9 western meadowlarks, 4 red-winged blackbirds, 3 Brewer's blackbirds, 5 ui blackbirds (Icteridae), and 2 green-tailed towhees. (Total birds 97.2%.)

Porter and White 1973 R, C, P, Su Utah deserts

Birds to include 1 Chukar, 1 American coot, 2 mourning doves, 1 common nighthawk, 2 ash-throated fly-catchers, 1 Say's phoebe, 3 horned larks, 1 pinyon jay, 1 western meadowlark, 3 yellow-headed blackbirds, 2

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	red-winged blackbirds, and 1 lark sparrow. (Total birds 100%.)
White, Emison, and Williamson 1973 R, O, P, Y Alaskan Aleutian Islands	Mammals to include 5 Norway Rats. (Total mammals 0.91%.) Birds to include 1 scaled petrel, 19 fork-tailed petrels, 20 Leach's petrels, 2 ui petrels (<i>Oceanodroma</i> sp.), 3 mallards, 1 pintail, 28 common teals, 1 common goldeneye, 1 harlequin duck, 1 red-breasted merganser, 22 rock ptarmigan, 2 American golden plover, 1 ruddy turnstone, 1 wandering tattler, 1 wood sandpiper, 8 rock sandpipers, 4 red phalaropes, 1 black-headed gull, 2 black-legged kittiwake, 12 arctic terns, 7 Aleutian terns, 2 pigeon guillemots, 2 horned puffins, 2 tufted puffins, 85 ancient murrelets, 17 parakeet auklets, 131 crested auklets, 105 least auklets, 7 whiskered auklets, 32 ui auklets (<i>Aethia</i> sp.), 7 graycrowned rosy finches, 13 Lapland longspurs and 7 snow buntings. (99.1%)
Enderson and Craig 1974 R, O, P Rocky Mountains	Birds to include rocks dove, mourning doves, white- throated swifts, pinyon jays, Clark's nutcracker, Bre- wer's blackbirds, and other ui small birds (Aves). (Per- centages not applicable.)
Hunt, Rogers, and Slowe 1975 R, O, P, F Texas	Mammals to include 2 ui specimens (Mammalia). (Total mammals 2.2%.) Birds to include 2 snowy egrets, 1 cattle egret, 2 green herons, 1 black-crowned night heron, 4 shovelers, 1 green-winged teal, 1 redhead, 1 lesser scaup, 1 ui duck (Anatidae), 1 American kestrel, 1 king rail, 1 American coot, 1 American golden plover, 3 willets, 1 herring gull, 1 ring-billed gull, 1 laughing gull, 2 ui gulls (Larus spp.), 2 royal terns, 7 ui small shorebirds (see reference), 1 rock dove, 1 white-winged dove, 12 mourning doves, 2 common flickers, 2 horned larks, 1 gray catbird, 4 eastern meadowlarks, 1 rusty blackbird, 1 great-tailed grackle, 4 brown-headed cowbirds, 11 ui sparrows (Passeriformes), and 12 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 97.8%.)

Table 31. Merlin (Falco columbarius) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Few mammals to include bats, squirrels, pocket gophers and mice.
	Mainly birds to include Leach's petrel, green-winged teal, ptarmigan, California quail, small domestic

chickens, woodcock, snipe, plovers, Eskimo curlews, sandpipers, pigeons, doves, black swifts, chimney swifts, flickers, swallows, jays, nuthatches, brown creepers, robins, thrushes, gnatcatchers, waxwings, vireos, kinglets, pipits, warblers, bobolinks, meadowlarks, blackbirds, grackles, and various sparrows. Lizards, snakes, toads, dragonflies, grasshoppers, crickets, butterflies, moths, caterpillars, beetles, crayfish, spiders, and scorpions.

Brown and Amadon 1968 G

Some small mammals even up to size of small rabbits. Chiefly small birds, especially those of ground or low vegetation. Rarely larger birds such as teal or ptarmigan. Some smaller waders. More often larks, pipits, and small finches.

Few small lizards, snakes, toads, frogs, dragonflies, and other insects.

Fox 1964 M, P, W, F, D

Birds to include spotted sandpiper, common flicker, horned lark, starling, western meadowlark, redwinged blackbird, house sparrow, house finch, ui goldfinch (*Carduelis* sp.), dickcissel, Savannah sparrow, tree sparrow, Lincoln's sparrow, and snow bunting.

Invertebrates to include ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), ui crickets (Orthoptera), ui caterpillars (Insecta), and ui beetles (Coleoptera).

Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M

Mammals (.5%), birds (25.2%), vertebrates (25.9), lower vertebrates (.2%), and invertebrates (74.1%).

Fisher 1893 S, P, Y, D

Mammals to include 4 ui voles (Cricetidae). (Total mammals 3.4%.)

Birds to include 1 young domestic chicken, 1 ui poultry (Galliformes), 1 rock dove, 1 ui swift (Apodidae), 1 common flicker, 1 ui swallow (Hirundinidae), 1 brown creeper, 1 ui thrush (Muscicapidae), 3 red-eyed vireos, 1 ui vireo (Vireonidae), 4 ui warblers (Parulidae), 7 house sparrows, 1 bobolink, 1 indigo bunting, 2 ui goldfinches (Carduelis sp.), 3 chipping sparrows, 1 field sparrow, 3 swamp sparrows, 2 song sparrows, 1 snow bunting, 10 ui sparrows (Passeriformes), and 14 ui birds (Aves). (Total birds 43.2%.) Invertebrates to include 19 ui dragonflies (Odonata), 8 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 25 ui crickets (Orthoptera), 1 ui caterpillar (Insecta), 6 ui beetles (Coleoptera), and 4 ui insects (Insecta). (Total invertebrates 53.4%.)

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McLean 1928 S, P, W California	Birds to include 1 common flicker, 1 scrub jay, 4 robins, 4 ui pipits (<i>Motacillidae</i>), 1 ui bird (probably Audubon's warbler, 1 ui meadowlark (<i>Sturnella</i> sp.), and 2 ui juncos (<i>Junco</i> sp.). (Total birds 100%.)
Breckenridge and Errington 1938 C, O, S, Sp-Su Minnesota	Birds to include common flickers, ui small flycatcher (probably <i>Empidonax</i> sp.), tree swallows, ui thrushes (Muscicapidae), house sparrows, and ui finches (Passeriformes). Invertebrates to include ui dragonflies (Odonata).
Fox 1964 R, I, Sp-Su Saskatchewan	Birds to include horned lark 53.5%, brown-headed cowbird 13.3%, Baird's sparrow 6.2%, vesper sparrow 6.7%, song sparrow 6.7%, chestnut-collared longspur 13.6%. (Total birds 100%.) Also starling, red-winged blackbird, ui fringillid sparrows (Passeriformes), and ui dragonflies (Odonata).
Johnson and Coble 1967 R, C, I, Su Michigan	Mammals to include 1 ui bat (Myotis sp.), and 1 red bat. (Total mammals 6.7%.) Birds to include 2 ui rails (Rallidae), 1 common night-hawk, 2 common flickers, 3 ui woodpeckers (Picidae), 1 red-breasted nuthatch, 1 yellowthroat, 1 ui warbler (Parulidae), 1 red crossbill, and 1 ui sparrow (Passeriformes). (Total birds 43.3%.) Invertebrates to include 15 ui dragonflies (Odonata). (Total invertebrates 50%.)
Oliphant and McTaggart 1977 R, O, P, Su Saskatchewan	Birds to include 1 ui flycatcher (<i>Empidonax</i> sp.), 10 horned larks, 2 tree swallows, 6 robins, 1 hermit thrush, 2 Swainson's thrushes, 2 ruby-crowned kinglets, 7 Bohemian waxwings, 4 cedar waxwings, 2 redeyed vireos, 112 house sparrows, 1 western meadowlark, 1 Savannah sparrow, 3 slate-colored juncos, 1 white-throated sparrow, 1 Lincoln's sparrow, 2 song sparrows, 2 chesnut-collared longspurs, 2 lapland longspurs and 14 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 100%.)

Table 32. American Kestrel (Sparrow Hawk) (Falco sparverius) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Bent 1937 G	Mammals to include small bats, white-footed mice, and other mice. Birds such as domestic chicks, nesting swallows, young robins, and house sparrows. Reptiles such as small snakes and amphibians. Insects to include grasshoppers, crickets, Jerusalem

	crickets, and ants.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Mice and small birds including sandpiper chicks. Reptiles including lizards and amphibians. Mostly insects, especially grasshoppers. Also scorpions.
Heintzelman 1964 G, M	Mammals to include big brown bats, Brazilian free-tailed bat, short-tailed shrews, ui shrews (Soricidae), thirteen-lined ground squirrels, ui gophers (Geomyidae), deer mice, white-footed mice, ui cotton rats (Sigmodon sp.), ui woodrats (Neotoma sp.), meadow voles, prairie voles, ui voles (Microtus sp.), ui voles (Cricetidae), house mice, meadow jumping mice, and ui rabbit (Leporidae). Birds to include ground doves, horned larks, cliff swallows, winter wrens, Carolina wrens, robins, eastern bluebird, ui vireo (Vireonidae), hermit warblers, ui warblers (Parulidae), English sparrows, eastern meadowlarks, ui meadowlarks (Sturnella sp.), redwinged blackbird, common grackle, brown-headed cowbird, ui blackbirds (Icteridae), cardinals, grasshopper sparrows, vesper sparrows, ui juncos (Junco sp.), tree sparrows, chipping sparrows, field sparrows, ui sparrows (Spizella sp.), Gambel's sparrow, song sparrows, and ui sparrows (Zonotrichia sp.). Reptiles to include ui anoles (Anolis sp.), six-lined racerunner, and five-lined skinks. Invertebrates to include ui aeshnic dragonflies (Libellulidae), ui Libellulid dragonflies (Libellulidae), lesser migratory grasshoppers, grasshoppers, ui crickets (Gryllus sp.), Jerusalem crickets, periodical cicada, ui bugs (Hemiptera), acraea moths, ui lepidopterans (Lepidoptera), ui fly larvae (Diptera), ui ground beetles (Carabidae), ui click beetles (Elateridae), ui beetles (Coleoptera), and ui ants (Hymenoptera).
Snyder and Wiley 1976 G, M	Mammals (2.4%), birds (1.2%), vertebrates (4.3%), lower vertebrates (.7%) and invertebrates (95.7%).
Fisher 1893 S, P, Y, D	Mammals to include 1 ui bat (Chiroptera), 7 short-tailed shrews, 4 ui shrews (Soricidae), 2 ui gophers (Rodentia), 5 white-footed mice, 1 ui cotton rat (Sigmodon sp.), 42 ui voles (Cricetidae), 24 house mice, 37 ui mice (Rodentia), 1 ui rabbit (Leporidae), and 1 ui specimen (Mammalia). (Total mammals 6.7%.) Birds to include 1 ui quail (Phasianidae), 1 ground dove, 1 Carolina wren, 1 ui vireo (Vireonidae), 4 ui warblers (Parulidae), 3 ui meadowlarks (Sturnella sp.),

1 red-winged blackbird, 3 house sparrows, 1 vesper sparrow, 5 ui juncos (*Junco* sp.), 5 tree sparrows, 1 field sparrow, 7 song sparrows, 13 ui sparrows (Passeriformes), and 14 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 3.3%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 11 ui lizards (Lacertilia), 7 ui snakes (Serpentes), and 2 ui frogs (Anura). (Total reptiles and amphibians 1.1%.)

Other to include 1 specimen. (Total other .1%.)

Invertebrates to include 1 ui centipede (Chilopoda), 7 ui dragonflies (Odonata), 525 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 351 ui crickets (Orthoptera), 8 ui locusts (Orthoptera), 14 ui katydids (Orthoptera), 1 ui moth (Lepidoptera), 1 ui butterfly (Lepidoptera), 54 lepidopterous larvae (Lepidoptera), 2 ui flies (Diptera), 2 ui dung beetles (Scarabaeidae), 8 ui dung beetle larvae (Scarabaeidae), 92 ui beetles (Coleoptera), 429 ui insects (Insecta), 99 ui insect larva (Insecta), 52 ui spiders (Araneae). (Total invertebrates 88.8%.)

Errington 1933 R, I, Sp-Su Wisconsin Mammals to include 10 ui young ground squirrels (Sciuridae), 4 ui voles (Cricetidae), and 7 deer mice.

Birds to include 5 house sparrows.

Invertebrates to include an incalculable number of ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), ui June beetles (Melolonthinae), etc. (Percentages not applicable.)

Knowlton and Telford 1947 S, P, Su-F Utah Mammals to include 11 mice (Rodentia). (Total mammals 1%.)

Reptiles to include 1 sagebrush lizard. (Total reptiles .1%.)

Invertebrates to include 1 ui dragonfly (Odonata), 479 ui grasshoppers (Orthoptera), 291 crickets (Orthoptera), 169 ui Orthopterans (Orthoptera), 5 ui stink bugs (Pentatomidae), 4 ui bugs (Hemiptera), 23 Lepidopteran larvae (Lepidoptera), 1 ui crane fly (Tipulidae), 4 Dipteran larvae (Diptera), 10 ground beetles (Carabidae), 4 ui click beetles (Elateridae), 1 ui borer (Coleoptera), 8 June beetles (Melolonthinae), 41 ui beetles (Coleoptera) and 2 ui spiders (Araneae). (Total invertebrates (98.9%.)

Heintzelman 1964 R, C, P, Sp-Su Pennsylvania Mammals to include 1 short-tailed shrew, 14 meadow voles, 118 ui voles (*Microtus* sp.), and 2 meadow jumping mice. (Total mammals 54%.)

Birds to include 1 eastern meadowlark, 8 common grackles, 7 ui blackbirds (Icteridae), 3 brown-headed

cowbirds, 1 cardinal, 1 grasshopper sparrow, 2 ui finches (Fringillidae), and 12 ui passerines (Passeriformes). (Total birds 14%.)

Reptiles to include 1 five-lined skink. (Total reptiles .4%.)

Invertebrates to include 3 Libellulid dragonflies (Libellulidae), 6 short-horned grasshoppers (Acrididae), 11 periodical cicadas, 54 ui ground beetles (Carabidae), and 5 ui beetles (Coleoptera). (Total invertebrates 31.6%.)

Smith and Murphy 1973 R, C, P, Sp-Su Utah

Mammals to include 25 deer mice and 5 ui voles (*Microtus* sp.). (Total mammals 27.3%.)

Birds to include 6 horned larks, 2 mountain bluebirds, 5 starlings, and 5 house sparrows. (Total birds 16.4%.) Reptiles to include 4 side-blotched lizards and 1 desert horned lizard. (Total reptiles 4.5%.)

Invertebrates to include 42 ui short-horned grasshoppers (Acrididae), 2 ui beetles (Coleoptera), 11 ui snout weevils (Curculionidae), and 2 ui spiders (Araneae). (Total invertebrates 51.8%.)

Young and Blome 1975 R, P, Sp-Su Ontario

Mammals to include 1 big brown bat, 1 eastern chipmunk, 1 least chipmunk, 1 red squirrel, 3 meadow voles, and 2 meadow jumping mice. (Total mammals 2.6%.)

Birds to include 2 American kestrel, 1 common snipe, 2 common flickers, 2 catbirds, 4 starlings, 1 yellow-throat, 1 red-winged blackbird, 6 common grackles, 15 brown-headed cowbirds, 1 swamp sparrow, and 36 ui specimens (Aves). (Total birds 20.5%.)

Reptiles and amphibians to include 1 eastern garter snake, and 1 ui leopard frog. (Total reptiles and amphibians .6%.)

Invertebrates to include 18 ui dragonflies (Corduliidae), 68 red-legged grasshopers, 1 band-winged grasshopper, 15 ui crickets (Gryllidae), 12 ui cicadas (Cicadidae), 5 ui tiger beetles (Cicindelidae), 107 ui ground beetles (Carabidae), 2 ui click beetles (Elateridae), 2 ui metallic wood-boring beetles (Buprestidae), 1 ui ladybird beetle (Coccinellidae), 1 ui darkling beetle (Tenebrionidae), 5 ui scarab beetles (Scarabaeidae), 13 ui June beetles (Phyllophaga sp.), 1 poplar borer, 5 ui long-horned beetles (Cerambycidae), 6 ui small beetles (Coleoptera), 1 ui spider (Araneae), and 1 ui snail (Gastropoda). (Total invertebrates 76.3%.)

Table 33. Aplomado Falcon (Falco femoralis) Diet.

Reference/Methods Information	Food
Fisher 1893 G	Mammals, small birds, and insects.
Bent 1937	Mammals to include mice and other rodents. Occasionally birds such as quail, ground doves, horned larks, lark buntings and lark sparrows. Small reptiles and insects of various kinds such as dragonflies, grasshoppers, and crickets.
Brown and Amadon 1968 G	Few small mammals and lizards. Chiefly birds and large insects.
Hector and Langford, unpublished R, O, P Mexico	Birds to include 1 killdeer, 6 white-winged doves, 28 mourning doves, 6 ground doves, 1 red-billed pigeon, 7 yellow-billed cuckoos, 3 squirrel cuckoos, 19 groove-billed anis, 2 ui caprimulgids (Caprimulgidae), 1 green kingfisher, 8 ui woodpeckers (Picidae), 2 great kiskadees, 3 ui flycatchers (Tyrannidae), 2 ui wrens (Troglodytidae), 2 robins, 1 Swainson's thrush, 6 ui meadowlarks (Sturnella sp.), 3 melodious blackbirds, 2 bronzed cowbirds, 1 giant cowbird, 10 greattailed grackles, 2 ui orioles (Icteridae) 1 indigo bunting, 2 Aztec parakeets, and 22 ui specimens (Aves). Also a high percentage of insects to include ui locusts (Acrididae), ui butterflies (Lepidoptera), and ui beetles (Coleoptera). (Percentages not applicable.)

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Appendix I

MAMMALS

Abert's Squirrel Sciurus aberti Arctic Ground Squirrel Spermophilus parryii Arctic Hare Lepus arcticus Armadillo (Nine banded)
Dasypus novemcinctus
Arizona Gray Squirrel
Sciurus arizonensis

Badger
Taxidea taxus
Beaver
Castor canadensis
Belding's Ground Squirrel
Spermophilus beldingi

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Belding's Ground Squirrel Spermophilus beldingi Big Brown Bat Eptesicus fuscus Black-tailed Jackrabbit Lepus californicus Black-tailed Prairie Dog Cynomys ludovicianus Bobcat Felis rufus Botta's Pocket Gopher Thomomys bottae Brazilian Free-tailed Bat Tadarida brasilensis **Broad-footed Mole** Scapanus latimanus Brown Lemming Lemus sibiricus **Brush Mouse** Peromyscus boylii Brush Rabbit Sylvilagus bachmani Bushy-tailed Woodrat Neotoma cinerea

California Ground Squirrel
Spermophilus beecheyi
California Pocket Mouse
Perognathus californicus
California Vole
Microtus californicus
Caribou
Rangifer tarandrus
Chisel-toothed Kangaroo Rat
Dipodomys microps
Collared Lemming
Dicrostonyx torquatus
Coyote
Canis latrans

Dall's Sheep Ovus dalli Deer Mouse Peromyscus maniculatus Desert Cottontail Sylvilagus audobonii Desert Woodrat Neotoma lepida Domestic Pig Sus scrofa Domestic Cat Felis domesticus Domestic Cattle Bos taurus Douglas Squirrel Tamiasciurus douglasii **Dusky-footed Woodrat**

Neotoma fuscipes

Dusky Shrew Sorex obscurus Dwarf Elk Cervus nannodes

Eastern Chipmunk
Tamias striatus
Eastern Cottontail
Sylvilagus floridanus
Eastern Gray Squirrel
Sciurus carolinensis
Eastern Hog-nosed Skunk
Conepatus leuconotus
Eastern Mole
Scalopus aquaticus
Eastern Woodrat
Neotoma floridana
Ermine
Mustela erminea

Fox Squirrel Sciurus niger Franklin's Ground Squirrel Spermophilus franklinii

Golden-mantled Ground Squirrel Spermophilus lateralis Gray Fox Urocyon cynereoargenteus Great Basin Pocket Mouse Perognathus parcus Ground Squirrel Spermophilus columbianus Gunnison's Prairie Dog Cynomys gunnisoni

Hairy-tailed Mole
Parascalops breweri
Harris' Antelope Squirrel
Ammospermophilus harrisii
Heerman's Kangaroo Rat
Dipodomys heermanni
Hispid Cotton Rat
Sigmodon hispidus
Hoary Marmot
Marmota caligata
House Mouse
Mus musculus

Kit Fox Vulpes macrotis

Least Chipmunk
Eutamias minimus
Last Weasel
Mustela nivalis

Long-tailed Pocket Mouse Perognathus formosus Long-tailed Vole Microtus longicaudus Long-tailed Weasel Mustela frenata

Meadow Jumping Mouse Zapus hudsonius Meadow Vole Microtus pennsylvanicus Merriam's Chipmunk Eutamias merriami Mexican Woodrat Neotoma mexicana Mink Mustela vison Montane Vole Microtus montanus Mountain Sheep Ovis canadensis Mule Deer Odocoileus hemionus Muskrat Ondatra zibethicus

Northern Grasshopper Mouse
Onychomys leucogaster
Northern Pocket Gopher
Thomomys talpoides
Northern Red-backed Vole
Clethrionomys rutilus
Norway Rat
Rattus norvegicus
Nuttall's Cottontail
Sulvilagus nuttalli

Ord's Kangaroo Rat Dipodomys ordii

Peccary
Tayassii pecari
Pika
Ochotona princeps
Pinon Mouse
Peromyscus truei
Plains Harvest Mouse
Reithrodontomys montanus
Plains Pocket Gopher
Geomys bursarius
Porcupine
Erethizon dorsatum
Prairie Vole
Microtus ochrogaster
Pronghorn
Antilocapra americana

Raccoon
Procyon lotor
Red Bat
Lasiurus borealis
Red Squirrel
Tamiasciurus hudsonicus
Richardson's Ground Squirrel
Spermophilus richardsonii
Ringtail
Bassariscus astutus
Rock Squirrel
Spermophilus variegatus
Round-tailed Ground Squirrel
Spermophilus tereticaudus

Sagebrush Vole Lagurus curtatus Sea Otter Enhydra lutris Sheep Ovus aries Short-tailed Shrew Blarina brevicauda Snowshoe Hare Lepus americanus Southern Bog Lemming Synaptomys cooperi Southern Flying Squirrel Glaucomys volans Southern Plains Woodrat Neotoma micropus Southern Red-backed Vole Clethrionomys gapperi Spotted Ground Squirrel Spermophilus spilosoma Star-nosed Mole Condylura cristata Striped Skunk Mephistis mephitis

Texas Antelope Squirrel
Ammospermophilus interpres
Thirteen-lined Ground Squirrel
Spermophilus tridecemlineatus
Townsend's Ground Squirrel
Spermophilus townsendii
Townsend's Pocket Gopher
Thomomys townsendii
Tundra Vole
Microtus oeconomus

Uinta Ground Squirrel Spermophilus armatus

Virginia Opossum Didelphis virginiana Western Gray Squirrel Sciurus griseus Western Harvest Mouse Reithrodontomys megalotis Western Jumping Mouse Zapus princeps White-footed Mouse Peromuscus leocopus White-tailed Antelope squirrel Ammospermophilus leucurus White-tailed Deer Odocoileus virginianus White-tailed Jackrabbit Lepus townsendii White-tailed Prairie Dog Cynomys leucurus White-throated Woodrat Neotoma albigula Woodchuck Marmota monax Woodland Vole Microtus pinetorum

Yellow-bellied Marmot Marmota flaviventris Yellow-faced Pocket Gopher Pappogeomys castanops

BIRDS

Abert's Towhee Pipilo aberti Acorn Woodpecker Melanerpes formicivorus Aleutian Tern Sterna aleutica American Avocet Recurvirostra americana American Coot Fulica americana American Golden Plover Pluvialis dominica American Goldfinch Carduelis tristis American Kestrel Falco sparverius American Redstart Septophaga ruticilla American Widgeon Anas americana American Woodcock Scolopax minor Ancient Murrelet Synthliboramphus antiquus Arctic Loon Gavia arctica

Arctic Tern
Sterna paradisaea
Arctic Warbler
Phylloscopus borealis
Ash-throated Flycatcher
Myiarchus cinerascens
Audubon's Warbler
Dendroica auduboni
Aztec Parakeet
Aratinga astec

Bachman's Sparrow

Baird's Sparrow

Aimophila aestivalis

Ammodramus bairdii

Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus **Baltimore Oriole** Icterus galbula Bank Swallow Riparia riparia Barn Owl Tuto alba Barn Swallow Hirundo rustica Bar-tailed Godwit Limosa lapponica Bendire's Thrasher Toxostoma bendirei Black-bellied Plover Pluvialis squatarola Black-billed Magpie Pica pica Black Brant Branta bernicla Black-crowned Night Heron Nycticorax nycticorax Black Duck Anas rubripes Black-headed Grosbeak Pheucticus melanocephalus Black-headed Gull Larus ridibundus Black-legged Kittiwake Larus tridactula Black-necked Stilt Himantopus mexicanus Black-poll Warbler Dendroica striata Black Tern Chlidonias niger Black-whiskered Vireo Vireo altiloquus Blue-gray Gnatcatcher Polioptila caerulea Blue Grouse Dendragapus obscurus

Blue Jay Cyanocitta cristata Blue Throat Erithacus svecica Blue-winged Teal Anas discors Bobolink Dolichonyx oryzivorus **Bobwhite** Colinus virginianus Bohemian Waxwing Bombycilla garrulus Bonaparte's Gull Larus philadelphia Boreal Chickadee Parus hudsonicus Boreal Owl Aegolius funereus Brewers Blackbird Euphagus cyanocephalus Bronzed Cowbird Molothrus aeneus **Brown Creeper** Certhis familiaris Brown-headed Cowbird Molothrus ater Brown Thrasher Toxostoma rufum Brown Towhee Pipilio fuscus Bullock's Oriole Icterus galbula Burrowing Owl Athene cunicularia Cactus Wren

Campylorhynchus bruinneicapillus California Quail Lophorty's californicus California Thrasher Toxostoma redivivum Canada Goose Branta canadensis Canvasback Aythya valisineria Canyon Wren Salpinctes mexicanus Cardinal Cardinalis cardinalis Carolina Wren Thryothorus ludovicianus Cassin's Kingbird Tyrannus vociferans Catbird Dumetella carolinensis Cattle Egret Bulbulcus ibis

Cedar Waxwing Bombycilla cedrorum Chesnut-collared Longspur Calcarius ornatus Chimney Swift Chaetura pelagica Chipping Sparrow Spizella passerina Chukar Alectoris chukar Cinnamon Teal Anas cyanoptera Clapper Rail Rallus longirostris Clark's Nutcracker Nucifraga columbiana Cliff Swallow Hirundo pyrrhonota Common Bushtit Psaltriparus minimus Common Crow Corvus brachyrhynchos Common Eider Somateria mollissima Common Flicker Colaptes auratus Common Goldeneye Bucephala clangula

Common Grackle Quiscalus quiscula Common Murre Uria aalge Common Nighthawk Chordeiles minor Common Raven Corvus corvax Common Snipe Gallingo gallinago Common Teal Anas crecca Cooper's Hawk Accipter cooperi

Crested Auklet

Crissal Thrasher

Dark-eyed Junco

Dickeissel

Junco hyemalis

Spiza americana

Downy Woodpecker

Picoides pubescens

Domestic Chicken

Gallus gallus

Aethia cristatella

Toxostoma dorsale

Curve-billed Thrasher

Toxostoma curvirostre

Gray Jay Gray Partridge Perdix perdix Great Blue Heron

Bubo virginianus Great Kiskadee

Pitangus sulphuratus

Eared Grebe Eastern Bluebird Eastern Kingbird Eastern Meadowlark **Emperor Goose**

Dunlin

Calidris alpina

Podiceps caspicus

Tyrannus tyrannus

Sturnella magna

Anser canagica

Sialia sialis

Field Sparrow Spizella pusilla Fork-tailed Petrel Oceanodroma furcata Forster's tern Sterna forsteri Fox Sparrow Zonotrichia iliaca Franklin's Gull Larus pipixcan

Gambel's Quail Lophortyx gambelii Gambel's Sparrow Zonotrichia leucophyrs gambelli Gilded Flicker Colaptes auratus chrysoides Giant Cowbird Scaphidura oryzivora Glaucous-winged Gull Larus glaucescens Grasshopper Sparrow Ammodramus savannarum Gray Catbird Dumetella carolinensis Gray-cheeked Thrush Catharus minima Gray-crowned Rosy Finch Leucosticte arctoa Perisoreus canadensis Ardea herodias Greater Scaup Aythya marila Greater Yellowlegs Tringa melanoleucus Great Horned Owl

Great-tailed Grackle Ouiscalus mexicanus Green Heron Butorides striatus Green Kingfisher Chloroceryle americana Green-tailed Towhee Pipilo chlorura Green-winged Teal Anas crecca Ground Dove Columbina passerina Groove-billed Anis Crotophaga sulcirostris Guinea Fowl Numida meleagris

Hairy Woodpecker Picoides villosus Harlequin Duck Histrionicus histrionicus Harlequin Quail Cyrtonyx montezumae Harrier Circus cyaneus Hawk Owl Surnia ulula Hermit Thrush Catharus guttata Hermit Warbler Dendroica occidentalis Herring Gull Larus argentatus Hooded Warbler Wilsonia citrina Horned Grebe Podiceps auritus Horned Lark Eremophila alpestris Horned Puffin Fratercula corniculata House Finch Carpodacus mexicanus House Sparrow Passer domesticus House Wren Troglodytes aedon Hudsonian Godwit Limosa haemastica

Indigo Bunting
Passerina cyanea

Jacana spinosa

Kentucky Warbler
Geothlypis formosus
Killdeer
Charadrius vociferus
King Rail
Rallus elegans

Lapland Longspur Calcarius lapponicus Lark Bunting Calamospiza melanocorys Lark Sparrow Chondestes grammacus Laughing Gull Larus atricilla Least Auklet Aethia pusilla LeConte's Sparrow Ammodramus leconteii Leach's Petrel Oceanodroma leucorhoa Lesser Scaup Aythya affinis Lesser Yellowlegs Tringa flavipes Lewis' Woodpecker Melanerpes lewis Lincoln's Sparrow Zonotrichia lincolnii Loggerhead Shrike Lanius ludovicianus Long-billed Curlew Numenius americanus Long-billed Dowitcher Limnodromus scolopaceus Long-billed Marsh Wren Cistothorus palustris Long-eared Owl Asio otus Long-tailed Jaegar Stercorarius longicaudus

Mallard
Anas platyrhynchos
Marsh Hawk (See Harrier)
Circus cyaneus
McCown's Longspur
Calcarius mccownii
Melodius Blackbird
Dives dives
Mew Gull
Larus canus
Mockingbird
Mimus polyglottos
Mountain Bluebird
Sialia currucoides

Mountain Quail
Oreortyx pictus
Mourning Dove
Zenaida macroura

Northern Fulmar Fulmarus glacialis Northern Phalarope Lobipes lobatus Northern Shrike Lanius excubitor

Oldsquaw
Clangula hyemalis
Olive-sided Flycatcher
Contopus borealis
Orange-crowned Warbler
Vermivora celata
Ovenbird
Seiurus aurocapillus

Parakeet Auklet Cyclorrhynchus psittacula Parasitic Jaeger Stercorarius parasiticus Pectoral Sandpiper Calidris melanotos Pelagic Cormorant Phalacrocorax pelagicus Peregrine Falcon Falco peregrinus Pied-billed Grebe Podilymbus podiceps Pigeon Guillemot Cepphus columba Pileated Woodpecker Dryocopus pileatus Pine Grosbeak Pinicola enucleator Pine Warbler Dendroica pinus Pinyon Jay Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus Pintail Anas acuta Pomarine Jaegar Stercorarius pomarinus Poor-Will Phalaenoptilus nuttalli Prairie Falcon

Red-bellied Woodpecker Melanerpes carolinus

Falco mexicanus

Purple Martin

Progne subis

Red-billed Pigeon Columba flavirostris Red-breasted Merganser Mergus serrator Red-breasted Nuthatch Sitta canadensis **Red Crossbill** Loxia curvirostra Red-eved Vireo Vireo olivaceous Redhead Aythya americana Red-headed Woodpecker Melanerpes erythrocephalus Red-necked Grebe Podiceps grisegna Red Phalarope Phalaropus fulicarius Red-shouldered Hawk Buteo lineatus Red-tailed Hawk Buteo jamaicensis Red-winged Blackbird Agelaius phoeniceus Ring-billed Gull Larus delawarensis Ring-necked Duck Aythya collaris Ring-necked Pheasant Phasianus colchicus Roadrunner Geococcyx californianus Turdus migratorius Rock Dove Columba livia Rock Ptarmigan Lagopus mutus Rock Sandpiper Calidris ptilocnemis Rock Wren Salpinctes obsoletus Rose-breasted Grosbeak Pheuticus ludovicianus Rosy Finch Leucosticte arcota Rough-legged Hawk Buteo lagopus Royal Tern Sterna maximus Ruby-crowned Kinglet Regulus calendula

Ruddy Duck

Ruddy Turnstone

Oxyura jamaicensis

Arenaria interpres

Ruffed Grouse Bonasa umbellus Rufous-crowned Sparrow Aimophila ruficeps Rufous-sided Towhee Pipilo erythrophthalmus Rusty Blackbird Euphagus carolinus Sabine's Gull Larus sabini Sage Grouse Centrocercus urophasianus Sage Sparrow Amphispiza belli Sage Thrasher Oreoscoptes montanus Sanderling Calidris alba Savannah Sparrow Ammodramus sandwichensis Say's Phoebe Sayornis saya Scaled Petrel Pterodrama inexpectata Scaled Quail Callipepla squamata Scarlet Tanager Piranga olivacea Screech Owl Otus asio Scrub Jay Aphelocoma coerulescens Seaside Sparrow Ammodramus maritimus Semipalmated Ployer Charadrius semipalmatus Semipalmated Sandpiper Calidris pusillus Sharp-shinned Hawk Accipiter striatus Sharp-tailed Grouse Tympanuchus phasianellus Short-eared Owl Asio flammeus Short-tailed Shearwater Puffinus tenuirostris Shoveler Anas clypeata **Snow Bunting** Plectrophenax nivalis Snowy Egret Egretta thula Solitary Sandpiper Tringa solitaria

Song Sparrow

Zonotrichia melodia

Sora Porzana carolina Spotted Sandpiper Actitis macularia Spruce Grouse Dendragapus canadensis Squirrel Cuckoo Piaya cayana Starling Sturnus vulgaris Stellar's Jay Cyanocitta stelleri Summer Tanager Piranga rubra Surf Scoter Melanitta perspicillata Swainson's Hawk Buteo swainsoni Swainson's Thrush Catharus ustulata Swamp Sparrow Zonotrichia georgiana Townsend's Solitaire Myadestes townsendi

Townsend's Solitaire
Myadestes townsendi
Tree Sparrow
Spizella arborea
Tree Swallow
Tachycineta bicolor
Trumpeter Swan
Cygnus buccinator
Tufted Puffin
Lunda cirrhata
Tufted Titmouse
Parus bicolor
Turkey
Meleagris gallopavo
Turkey Vulture
Cathartes aura

Upland Plover Bartramia longicauda

Varied Thrush
Zoothera naevius
Vesper Sparrow
Pooecetes gramineus
Virginia Rail
Rallus limicola

Wandering Tattler Heteroscelus icanus Water Pipet Anthus spinoletta Western Bluebird Sialia mexicana Western Kingbird Tyrannus verticalis

Western Meadowlark Sturnella neglecta

Western Sandpiper Calidris mauri

Western Tanager Piranga ludoviciana

Western Wood Pewee Contopus sordidulus

Whimbrel
Numenius phaeopus

Whip-poor-will Caprimulgus vociferus

Whiskered Auklet
Aethis pygmaea

White-breasted Nuthatch

White-crowned Sparrow Zonotrichia leucophrys

White-eyed Vireo Vireo griseus

White-tailed Ptarmigan Lagopus leucurus

White-throated Sparrow Zonotrichia albicollis

White-throated Swift Aeronautes saxatalis

White-winged Crossbill Loxia leucoptera

White-winged Dove Zenaida asiatica

White-winged Scoter Melanitta deglandi

Willet

Catoptrophorus semipalmatus

Williamson's Sapsucker Sphyrapicus thyroideus Willow Ptarmigan

Lagopus lagopus Wilson's Phalarope

Stenganopis tricolor
Wilson's Warbler

Wilson's Warbler Wilsonia pusilla

Winter Wren
Troglodytes troglodytes

Wood Duck
Aix sponsa
Wood Sandpiper
Tringa glareola

Wood Thrush

Catharus mustelina

Wrentit

Chamaea fasciata

Yellow-bellied Sapsucker Sphyrapicus varius

Yellow-billed Cuckoo Coccyzus americanus

Yellow-billed Magpie
Pica nutalli

Yellow-headed Blackbird

Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus

Yellowthroat

Geothlypis trichas Yellow-throated Vireo

Vireo flavifrons Yellow Wagtail

Motacilla flava Yellow Warbler

Dendroica petechia

REPTILES AND AMPHIBIANS

American Toad
Bufo americanus

Black Iguana

Ctenosaura similis Black Rat Snake

Elaphe obsoleta obsoleta

Blue Racer

Coluber constrictor foxi

Blue-tailed Skink
Eumeces fasciatus

Bullfrog

Rana catesbiana

Bullsnake

Pituophis melanoleucus sayi

Checkered Whiptail

Cnemidophorus tesselatus

Chuckwalla

Sauromalus obesus

Coachwhip

Masticophis flagellum

Collared Lizard

Crotaphytus collaris Common Iguana

Iguana iguana Common Kingsnake

Lampropeltis getulus Constrictor

Pituophis melanoleucus Crevice Spiny Lizard

Sceloporus poinsetti

Desert Horned Lizard

Phrynosoma platyrhinos

Desert Spiny Lizard Sceloporus magister

Eastern Garter Snake

Thamnophis sirtalis sirtalis

Fence Lizard

Scloporus undulatus Five-lined Skink

Five-lined Skink

Eumeces fasciatus Florida Red-bellied Turtle

Chrysemys nelsoni

Frog (Green Treefrog, Squirrel Tree-

frog) Hyla cinerea

H. squirella

Gilbert's Skink

Eumeces gilberti

Glass Lizard

Ophisaurus attenuatus

Gopher Snake

Pituophis melanoleucus catenifer

Great Plains Rat Snake
Elaphe guttata emoryi

Great Plains Skink
Eumeces obsoletus

Green Frog

Rana clamitans

Leopard Frog
Rana pipiens

Leopard Lizard

Crotaphytus wislezeni Long-nosed Snake

Rhinocheilus lecontei

Milksnake

Lampropeltis triangulum

Mud Turtle

Kinosternon subrubrum

Painted Turtle

Chrysemys picta

Plains Garter Snake

Thamnophis radix

Prairie Kingsnake

Lampropeltis calligaster calligaster

Prairie Rattlesnake

Crotalis viridus viridus

Racer

Coluber constrictor

Race Runner

Cnemidophorus sexlineatus

Red-bellied Snake

Storeria occipitomaculata

Ring necked Snake

Diadophis punctatus

Rough Green Snake Opheodrys aestivus

Sagebrush Lizard
Sceloporus graciosus
Side-blotched Lizard
Uta stansburiana
Six-lined Racerunner
Cnemidophorus sexlineatus
Smooth Earth Snake
Virginia valeriae
Snapping Turtle
Chelydra serpentina
Spotted Whiptail
Cnemidophorus gularis
Striped Whipsnake
Masticophis taeniatus

Texas Horned Lizard

Phrynosoma cornutum

Tiger Salamander

Ambystoma tigrinum

Western Box Turtle
Terrapene ornata
Western Fence Lizard
Sceloporus occidentalis
Western Rattlesnake
Crotalus viridis
Western Toad
Bufo boreas
Western Whiptail
Cnemidophorus tigris
Wood Frog
Rana sylvatica

Yellow-bellied racer Coluber constrictor

Zebra-tailed Lizard Callisaurus draconoides

FISH

Alewife
Alosa pseudoharengus
Armorhead Sculpin
Gymnocanthus galeatus
Arrowtooth Flounder
Atheresthes stomias

Black Bullhead

Ictalurus melas

Black Crappie

Pomoxis nigromaculatus

Bonytail

Gila elegans
Bowfin

Amia calva
Brown Bullhead

Ictalurus nebulosus

Carp
Cyprinus carpio
Channel Catfish
Ictalurus punctatus
Cisco
Coregonus artedii

Desert Sucker Catostomus clarkii Dolly Varden Salvelinus malma

Eagle Lake Trout
Salmo gairdneri aquilarium

Goldfish

Carassius auratus

Hump-backed Sucker Xyrauchen texanus

Largemouth Bass
Micropterus salmoides
Largescale Sucker
Catostomus machrocheilus
Lingcod
Ophiodon elongatus
Longnose Lancetfish
Alevisaurus ferox

Mountain Whitefish
Prosopium williamsoni

Night Smelt Spirinchus starski Northern Pike Esox lucius

Pacific Cod

Gadus macrocephalus
Pacific Ocean Perch
Sebastes alutus
Pickerel
Esox lucius
Peamouth
Mylocheilus caurinus
Pumpkinseed
Lepomis gibbosus

Rainbow Trout
Salmo gairdneri
Red Irish Lord
Hemilepidotus hemilepidotus
Rock Bass
Ambloplites rupestris
Rock Greenling
Hexagrammos lagocephalus
Roundtail Chub
Gila robusta

Sacramento Perch Archoplites interruptus Sacramento Sucker Catostomus occidentalis Sea Lamprey Petromuzon marinus Shorthead Redhorse Moxostoma macrolepidotum Smooth Lumpsucker Aptocuclus ventricosus Sonora Sucker Catastomus insignis Striped Bass Morone savatilis Surf Smelt Hypomesus pretiosus

Tahoe Sucker
Catostomus tahoensis
Tui Chub
Gila bicolor

Walleye
Stizostedion vitreum vitreum
White Catfish
Ictalurus catus
White Crappie
Pomoxis annularis
White Sucker
Catostomus commersoni

Yellow Bullhead Ictalurus natalis Yellow Perch Perca flavescens

INVERTEBRATES

Acraea Moth
Estigmene acraea
Apple Snail
Pomacea paludosa

Band-winged Grasshopper
Circotettix verruculatus
Bill Bug
Rhodobaenus tridecompunctatus
Bird Locust
Shistocerca lineata

Camel Cricket
Daihinia brevipes
Carolina Locust
Dissosteira carolina
Cicada
Tibicen pruinosa
Crayfish
Cambarus diogenes

Dung Beetle
Phanaeus difformis

Freshwater Univalve Mollusc Ampullaria depressa Gay-winged Locust Arphia crassa Xanthippus corallipes Grasshopper Melanoplus devastator Ground Beetle

Geopoinus incrassatus Calosoma obsoletum

Japanese Mystery Snail Viviparus japonica Jerusalem Cricket Stenopelmatus irregularis

Lesser Migratory Grasshopper Melanoplus atlantis

Periodical Cicada Magicicada septendecim Plant Bug Thyanta custator Poplar Borer Saperda calcarata Potato Beetle Chrysomela loidea

Red-legged Grasshopper Melanoplus femurubrum

Short-horned Grasshopper
Melanoplus differentialis
Solitary Wasp
Stizus unicinctus
Squash Bug
Anasa tristis
Stink Bug
Euschistus variolarius
Chlorochroa ligata
Peribalus limbolarius

Wasp Elis quincquecincta Water Scavenger Beetle Tropisternus lateralis

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