The feeding study section will be a follow-up to the symposium held at Durham University by Dr Peter Evans and will probably mainly review the considerable advancement of techniques evolved on the Wash, Teesmouth and Lindisfarme.

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The section on geographical variation is the one most likely to appeal to wader ringers as it will undoubtedly cover and examine some of the mriteria used to indicate racial/geographical populations in the field.

The Conference will be open to all interested. As guide lines the total cost (including bed, meals, coffee etc.) will be Ell.25 but the Conference can be attended for shorter periods, with a corresponding reduction of costs. Those interested should contact Dr W.G. Hale, Department of Biology, Liverpool Polytechnic, Byrom Street, Liverpool, L3 JAF. A detailed breakdown of prices and a more detail programme will be available shortly.

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NEW AGEING GUIDE

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It was announced at the summer meeting that work had commenced on a new ageing guide for waders. This will probably be published by the B.T.O. This note is to review its scope, progress and likely completion date.

Tony Prater and John Marchant have been given facilities at the British Museum to examine the wader collection in order to produce the ageing guide.

The scope is wide; it will cover in some detail ageing, sexing, biometrics and moult of all reasonably frequent western Palearctic species. In addition brief notes will be given on all Palearctic and northern Nearctic species to enable them to be aged and sexed. The idea is that

it will be wide enough to allow almost any species to be aged, even in the

tropics. So far about 40 of the 110 species, including all the Plovers, have been looked at for characters and measured. It is expected that the basic analysis will have been completed by the autumn and the final text ready by the end of the year. It is hoped to bring examples of text to the summer meeting in September. Incidentally only two species have so far caused problems (Long-billed Ringed Plover and Killdeer) and if you have problems with any species please 1 t us know and we will try and help.

MAURITANIAN WADER RECOVERIES AND CONTROLS

By William Dick

Of the 4627 waders caught at the Banc d'irguin by the Oxford and <u>400</u> Cambridge Mauritanian Expedition 1973, 20 were controls from 11 different countries. In addition, details of 7 controls or recoveries of Mauritanian ringed waders are now to hand, and are given below. The low recovery and control rate is not surprising considering the rapid passage through Europe of populations wintering in West Africa, but taken with biometric and other evidence it has been possible to define the breeding areas of most species caught. These results are being published elsewhere.

(Note: Mauritanian ringing sites': Nouakohott 18°06' N 15°58' W Cap Timiris 19°22' N 16°31' W Sevenni 19°40' N 16°21' W Ile Zira 19°53' N 16°17' W

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